tral region of the interambulacral areas. The depression, however, also includes the two marginal rows of each interambulacral series. There is likewise a faint narrow, almost linear, impression on the internal cast, extending from the apical disc about half way down the middle row of plates in each interambulacral field.

This form can be at once distinguished from O. Danæ, the only other known species of this type, by its proportionally much larger and less numerous interambulacral plates, of which there are only five instead of eight or nine rows to each area. Its ambulacral areas are also proportionally narrower, and, as already stated, differ in not being furrowed along each side, with a ridge along the middle.

As we have elsewhere suggested, the group Oligoporus seems to be exactly intermediate in its characters between Melonites, Owen and Norwood, and Paluchinus, (Scouler) McCoy. That is, it differs from Paluchinus in having four rows of ambulacral pieces and four double rows of pores, instead of two of each, as well as in having the ambulacral areas more or less sunken below the interambulaeral fields. In the last character it agrees more nearly with Melonites, from which, however, it differs widely in having only four rows of ambulacral pieces and four double rows of pores instead of ten of each to each area. In the nature of its apical disc the species under consideration shows that in this type it agrees well in its general characters with Melonites. We also know, from a crushed specimen of Oligoporus Dana, that the species of this group have the jaws very like those of Melonites. The question may therefore arise whether or not these differences in the number of pieces and pores of the ambulaera are of generic importance, and whether we ought not to regard them as only subgeneric and call our species Melonites (Oligoporus) nobilis. On the same grounds, however, we would have as good reason to regard both Oligoporus and Melonites as mere sections or subgenera of Palæchinus. We cannot, however, believe so important and constant a difference of less than generic value, no gradations being yet known in this character between Oligoporus and Melonites on the one hand, or between the former and Palæchinus on the other. It is true we yet only know one species of Melonites, but we now know two well marked species of Oligoporus, while there are eight or nine known distinct species of Palachinus, all of which latter agree in having but two rows of ambulaeral pieces to each area.

At the time we proposed the name Oligoporus we were not aware that Prof. Desor had designated a section (not a genus) of the family Cidaridæ by the name Oligopores. In case this should be regarded as a serious objection to our name Oligoporus we suggested, in the second volume of the Illinois Geological Reports, the name Melonopsis for this group instead; and if it should be adopted, the species here described would have to be called Melonopsis nobilis. The name Oligopores, however, from its different termination, we should think

sufficiently distinct.

Locality and position.—Calhoun County, Illinois, from the Burlington division of the Lower Carboniferous series.

# Description of Seven New Species of AMERICAN BIRDS from various localities, with a note on Zonotrichia melanotis.

#### BY GEO. N. LAWRENCE.

1. DENDRŒCA CAPITALIS.

Male. Front and crown of a deep rich reddish brown; back and smaller wing coverts yellowish olive-green, becoming more yellow on the rump; central tail feathers and the onter webs of the others dark olive-brown, edged the color of the back, the inner webs of all except the central tail feathers are yellow; the quill feathers and the larger wing coverts are blackish brown, the primaries and secondaries with margins the color of the back, the terti-

aries and wing coverts edged with yellow; under lining of wings deep yellow; under plumage deep golden yellow, with conspicuous reddish brown stripes on the breast and sides; bill blackish brown, the under mandible paler below; feet light brown.

Second, third and fourth quills equal and longest, first intermediate

between fourth and fifth.

Length  $4\frac{1}{2}$  in.; wing  $2\frac{1}{4}$ .; tail 2 1-16th; bill 7-16ths; tarsi  $\frac{3}{4}$ .

The female differs in wanting the brown cap, having in place of it a slight wash of that color, and in there being only a few faint stripes on the breast.

Habitat.—Barbadoes. Types in my collection, obtained by Mr. A. H. Alexander, of West Hoboken, N. J., who informed me that it is an abundant species and familiar in its habits.

Remarks. This beautiful species needs comparison only with D. petechia, and the bird from St. Thomas and St. Croix, referred to D. ruficapilla, Gm., by Prof. Baird, with a ?, see Rev. Am. Birds. pp. 199 and 201; it is smaller than either, and they do not agree in the wing formula; the present species appears to have a greater extent of yellow in the tail feathers.

It is the same species as a specimen spoken of by Prof. Baird (Rev. Am. Birds, p. 202) but not named, which was brought from Barbadoes in alcohol

by Prof. Gill.

Apart from its smaller size, its clearly defined and deeply colored crown will distinguish it from all others.

2. TACHYPHONUS ATRICAPILLUS.

Front, entire crown and occiput black, sides of the head and the hind neck grayish-black; back and smaller wing coverts dark olive-green, the rump olive, tinged with ferruginous; tail brownish-black bordered with greenish-olive; middle and larger wing coverts black, with greenish olive margins; quills black, the primaries narrowly edged on the outer webs with greenish yellow, the secondaries with olive green; under wing coverts pale yellow; throat of a light brown intermixed with gray, and tinged with rufous; lower part of the neck and sides of the breast olive-green washed with ferruginous; breast and abdomen bright brownish ferruginous, becoming yellowish on the middle of the belly; under tail coverts black bordered with ferruginous; bill black, the under mandible whitish at base; tarsi and toes black.

Length (skin) 5 in.; wing  $2\frac{1}{2}$ ; tail  $2\frac{1}{4}$ ; bill  $\frac{1}{2}$ ; tarsi  $\frac{5}{8}$ .

Habitat .- The Island of Trinidad.

Type in my collection; it was killed at Trinidad in the early part of the present year by Mr. A. H. Alexander, from whom I procured it. A person who accompanied him at the time, and was familiar with the birds of the Island, said it was a species he had never noticed before.

Remarks.—This does not resemble in plumage any other member of the genus, and I think is probably a male; the black crown and distinctly colored under plumage seem to preclude the probability of its being a female.

3. QUISCALUS FORTIROSTRIS.

Male. Black, with purplish steel blue lustre, uniform throughout the body, not changeable as in most other species; wings and tail greenish, bill and feet black.

Second quill longest, first between third and fourth; tail graduated, lateral feather one inch shorter than middle feathers; bill very strong, culmen regularly curved throughout, commissure sinuated.

Length 9 in.; wing 41; tail 41; bill from front 1 1-16th; height of bill at

base 7-16ths; tarsi 1 3-16ths.

The female is smaller, and the plumage, instead of being bluish, has a

brownish east of color.

Length 8 in.; wing 3\frac{3}{5}; tail 3\frac{1}{5}; bill 15-16ths; tarsi 1 1-16ths.

[Dec.

Habitat.-Barbadoes. Types in my collection, obtained from Mr. A. H. Alexander, by whom they were killed on that Island.

Remarks.—This very distinct species comes nearest to Q. lugubris, Sw., in its dimensions, but is rather smaller; that species is more violaceous in lustre, with longer and stouter legs, also a longer, straighter and more feeble bill. with the commissure straight; the bill of the new species is comparatively large, at the base being wider and fully one-third higher than that of Q. lugu-

#### 4. THAMNOPHILUS VIRGATUS.

Entire head, hind neck and all of the under plumage, of a grayish fuliginous color, blacker on the head and grayer below, with a broad stripe of pale ochreous white down the centre of each feather; these are clearer or nearly white on the head, and duller on the abdomen; back, tail and exposed portion of the wings cinnamon red; the inner webs of the quill feathers liver brown; the under wing coverts and inner margins of quills pale cinnamon: under tail coverts pale rufous; upper mandible black, the under whitish horn color; tarsi and toes black, claws whitish.

Length about 6 in.; wing 3; tail 25; bill about 5; tarsi 1.

Habitat.-New Granada, Turbo. Collected by Lt. Michler. Type in Mus. Acad. of Nat. Sciences, Philadelphia.

Remarks.—In distribution of colors this species much resembles T. palliatus, but it is smaller and differs notably in the white markings throughout, being longitudinal; the crown in palliatus is immaculate, on which in the present species the stripes are strongly defined; the red coloring is paler and duller than that of T. palliatus.

From analogy ljudge it to be a male, as the female of T. palliatus has a

rufous crown.

The bill is injured by shot, the end being deficient; at first I was puzzled to know where to place it, but feel confident it is assigned its true position.

# Analytical table of the Species of BARIDIUS inhabiting the United States.

BY JOHN L. LE CONTE, M.D.

According to the form of the antennæ the species before me may be divided into three principal groups, of which the second contains all the strongly pubescent species. The first group is the most numerous, and may again be subdivided by the presence or absence of the apical constriction of the prothorax. We will thus have the following scheme of arrangement.

A. Antennæ thick; 2d and 3d joints of funiculus equal.

- a. Body nearly glabrous. Thorax not constricted near the apex. Sp. 1-8.
- b. Body nearly glabrous. Thorax constricted near the apex. Sp. 9-22.
  c. Body densely pubescent; thorax constricted near the apex. Sp. 23-25.
- B. Antennæ slender; 2d point of funiculus longer than the 3d. Sp 26-28.

Intervals of elytra coarsely and irregularly punctured.

" with single rows of usually well marked punctures. 3.

" with very fine inconspicuous punctures.

1. Color black.

Color bronze-black; prothorax longer than wide, gradually narrowed from base, rounded near the apex; dors il carina very indistinct; beak stout, curved. moderately long, punctured. Long. 4.5 mm. Middle States. 1. subæneus.

2. More shining; prothorax not longer than wide, very slightly narrowed from base, much rounded near the apex; dorsal carina not apparent; beak stout, short, curved, punctured. Long 4.5 mm. Kansas (one specimen).

2. quadratus.

3. Black bronzed, shining; prothorax not longer than wide, very slightly narrowed from the base, much rounded near the tip, dorsal carina not obvious. (Resembles B. s u b æ n e u s, but differs by the more full thorax, rather stonter form, and less irregular interstitial punctures of the elytra.) Long. 4-4.5 mm. Middle and Southern States...................... 5. t u m e s c e n s.

Smaller, black bronzed, shining; prothorax not longer than wide, more obliquely narrowed at tip and less rounded, dorsal carina not obvious; elytral striæ less strongly punctured than in B. tumescens; intervals with rows of well marked or very fine punctures. Long. 3 mm........... 6. confinis.

4. Bluish black, shining; prothorax not longer than wide, obliquely narrowed from the base, broadly rounded near the tip, punctures more distant than usual, dorsal carina not obvious; elytral striæ scarcely perceptibly punctured, interstices nearly smooth, or with rows of very small punctures. Long. 4.25-4.75 mm. Middle and Southern States; five specimens. (Differs from B. aereus in color and in form of prothorax.) ..... 7. interstitialis Say.

#### A-b.

(The beak is longer and more slender than in A-a, and the thorax is transversely impressed near the tip, at least on the sides.)

Prothorax at base nearly as wide as the elytra.

1. Prothorax at base narrower than the elytra; black, shining, very coarsely sculptured, elytral intervals not wider than the striæ, and marked with single rows of deep punctures. Long. 5.5-6.5 mm. Illinois, Kansas, Arizona.

9. striatus Say.
1. Body nearly glabrous, color black, 2.
4. Color bright brown, 8.

2. Prothorax with distinct smooth dorsal line. 3. " without " " 6.

3. Elytral intervals usually not wider than the striæ, with rows of very strongly marked punctures; body larger and wider.

4.

Elytral intervals wider than the striæ, with single rows of finer shallow punctures; body smaller and narrower.

5.

[Dec.

Somewhat narrower and more regularly oval, prothorax gradually but more strongly narrowed from the base, and more obliquely rounded near the tip, less coarsely but somewhat more densely punctured than in B. strenuus; elytra with the intervals wider than the striæ, with rather confused rows of fine but well marked punctures. Long. 6 mm. Wisconsin, 1 specimen.

14. subovalis.

6. Body oval or elongate.

Somewhat less slender, bronzed black, shining, prothorax scarcely larger than wide, narrowed from the base and feebly rounded on the sides except 1868.

8. Body elongate, bright brown, very shining, prothorax rather sparsely punctured with a broad undefined smooth medial line; elytral uneven, with a transverse impression before the middle, an oblique one behind the humeri, and a very faint one behind the middle; striæ feebly punctured, intervals much wider than the striæ, with scarcely perceptible rows of very fine punctures. Long. 3 mm. Ohio and Illinois; (depredates on grape vine, producing the gall described by Mr. Walsh as vitiscunnus.).... 22. Sesostris.\*

#### A-c.

The species contained in this group are of a slender form like some of those in b, and like them have an elongated moderately slender beak; the antennæ are not quite so stout, though the 2d joint of the funiculus is not conspicuously longer than the 3d. The body beneath is densely clothed with depressed ash colored hairs, and is equally densely pubescent above. The prothorax is constricted near the tip, and the disc is strongly and densely punctured with a slightly elevated dorsal line. The species of this group have the last tarsal joint more elongated than in the other species of the genus, and the claws closely approximated, and somewhat connate at base; the males are also distinguished by the last ventral segment being armed at tip with a small tooth. These differences, combined with those of appearance, produced by the dense covering of hair, would indicate the propriety of separating them as a distinct genus.

Prothorax feebly constricted near the tip.
"more strongly" """

l.

1. Small, pubescence less dense, prothorax longer than wide, feebly narrowed in front, slightly rounded on the sides, and feebly constricted near the tip. without basal glabrous spots. Long. 3 mm. Maryland, 1 spec..23. plumbeus.

2. Larger, pubescence dense, prothorax scarcely longer than wide, subtrapezoidal gradually narrowed from the base, sides nearly straight, suddenly rounded near the tip and more strongly constricted, coarsely and densely punctured, distinctly carinated, marked with basal spots as in the preceding. Long. 4·5—6 mm. California, also at Cape San Lucas, 3 spec.

25. mucoreus Lec.

#### В.

The species of this division have the beak longer and more slender than those of A, and the antennæ are much thinner, the 2d joint of the funiculus is much longer than the 3d, thus showing an approach to Centrinus, which these species resemble in their form; the body is nearly glabrous, and the prothorax is constricted near the tip.

The three species before me may be distinguished as follows:

Body black, shining, prothorax as in the preceding, elytra at humeri distinctly wider than base of prothorax, intervals with confused fine punctures. Long. 3.5-4.5 mm. Southern States, 4 specimens. (Rather stouter in form than the preceding, and resembling almost exactly B. farcus, but quite different by the antennæ and beak.)..... 27. ibis.

Body brown, shining, prothorax longer than in the preceding and less rounded on the sides, more densely punctured with a faint dorsal carina; elytra at humeri distinctly wider than base of prothorax, intervals with confused fine punctures. Long. 3.5 mm. Georgia and Illinois, 4 specimens.

28. scolopax Say.

# Bibliography.

B. carinulatus Lcc. Proc. Ac. Nat. Sc., Phila., 1858, 79. B. transversus Say. Curc. 18; ed. Lec. i, 282.

Baereus Sch. Curc. viii, 141.

B. interstitialis Say. Curc. 18 and 26; ed. Lec. i, 282, 295; Journ. Acad. N. S. Ph. iii, 314; ed. Lec. ii, 176; Sch. iii, 684; viii, 149. In well preserved specimens small scale-like hairs are perceived in the rows of punctures on the elytral intervals.

B. macer Lec. Rep. Pac. R. R. Expl. xi, MS. 58. B. striatus Say. Curc. 17; ed. Lec. i, 281.

B. densus Lec. Proc. Ac. Nat. Sc., Phila., 1859, 79.

B. nigrinus Say. Curc. 31; ed. Lec. i, 295. Sch. Curc. iii, 691; viii, 154.

B. seriatus Lec. Rep. Pac. R. R. Expl. xi, MS., 58.

B. trinotatus Say. Curc. 7; ed. Lec. i, 280; vestitus‡ Sch. Curc. iii, 718. B. mucoreus Lec. Proc. Ac. Nat. Sc., Phila., 1858, 79. B. scolopax Say. Curc. 26; ed. Lec. i, 295; Sch. Curc. iii. 699. I do not know for what reason Schönherr has referred this species to his first division; Boheman, in the description, mentions the antennæ as minus crassæ, which in fact they are.

# Species unknown to me.

B. T-signum Sch. Curc. viii, 154.

B. anthracinus Sch. Ibid, iii, 727. Seems to be near 28. ibis Lec.

B. confertus Sch. Curc. iii, 728.

B. californicus Motsch. Bull. Mosc. 1845, ii, 372.

B. pubescens Uhler, Proc. Ac. Nat. Sc., Phila., 7, 417 belongs to Centrinus and is C. pistor Sch. = Balaninus pistor Germ.

# The GYRINIDÆ of America, north of Mexico.

#### BY JOHN L. LE CONTE.

Species of this family are found in every part of the United States and contiguous northern regions, usually in large colonies; from their whirling motion of the surface of the water they are popularly known as whirligigs, and, on account of the agreeable fragrant odor of some of the species, as apple-bugs,

There is a remarkable uniformity of appearance in the species of each genus, which renders their definition and recognition somewhat difficult; for this reason, notwithstanding the very curious structural characters displayed in their organization, which are detailed in all systematic works, they are not favorites with collectors, and many of our species have remained unnamed.

Three genera are represented in our fauna: Last ventral segment depressed, rounded at tip:

Scutellum distinct: labrum transverse...... Gyrinus. Scutellum invisible; labrum transverse ...... Dineutus. Last ventral segment elongated, conical:

Scutellum invisible; labrum prominent ..... Gyretes.

1868.7

# DINEUTUS McLeay.

# CYCLINUS Kirby.

The species of this genus are of larger size than those of the other two, and of less convex form; the elytra are marked with nine very slightly impressed, sometimes almost invisible, striæ or furrows; the labrum is rounded in front and ciliated, the scutellum is invisible, and the mesosternum is sparsely but coarsely punctured in front.

In the males the front tarsi are moderately dilated, and clothed beneath with feathery papillae densely arranged in transverse lines, forming an elongated narrow brush; in *D. sublineatus*, emarginatus, serrulatus, and probably in carolinus, the front thighs of the male are dilated near the knee, on the anterion margin, into a more or less developed tooth, varying somewhat in form, according to the individual degree of development, but always well marked; in *D. vittatus*, discolor and assimilis, the tooth is entirely wanting.

The hind margin of the elytra is not toothed, nor strongly serrate, in any of

our species, which may be divided into two groups as follows:

A. Sutural angles of elytra rounded.

B. Sutural angles of elytra well defined, sometimes slightly prolonged.

#### Α.

14.5—15.5 mm. Black or black-bronzed, very shining; elytra usually with a brighter bronzed vitta; striæ faint; sutural angle very much rounded; under surface dark chestnut-brown, middle and hind legs pale....... 1. vittatus.

15.5—16.5 mm. Dark olive above, not very shining; elytral striæ distinct; sutural angle moderately rounded; under surface black; middle and hind legs iridescent, with the tibiæ and tarsi brown.................. 2. sublineatus.

9-12.5 mm. Black, or black-bronzed, not very shining; elytral striæ very faint; sutural angle very much rounded, apical margin flat; under surface dark brown or blackish, slightly bronzed; middle and hind legs, narrow margin and tip of abdomen paler, nearly testaceous............ 3. e m a r g in a t u s.

10.5 mm. Black-bronzed, more shining; elytral striæ very faint; sutural angle less strongly rounded; apical margin narrowly reflexed; under surface brown; middle and hind legs, broad margin and tip of abdomen pale.

4. carolinus n. sp.

#### В.

a. Body brown or testaceous beneath, oval, narrowed in front; hind margins of elytra very feebly sinuate; sutural angle of  $\sigma$  not, of  $\varphi$  very feebly prolonged.

b. Body beneath black, slightly bronzed; middle and hind feet, and frequently sides and tip of the abdomen, pale; elytra distinctly sinuated near the tip in the  $\mathcal{Q}$ , and sutural angle very prominent in that sex.

10.5—12 mm. Black, usually slightly bronzed,  $\bigcirc$  more shining than the  $\bigcirc$ ; middle and hind legs testaceous; margin and tip of abdomen pale; elytra feebly striate, sparsely and finely punctulate; ( $\bigcirc$  with the elytra not sinuate near the tip, feebly sinuate at the tip; sutural angle slightly prominent;  $\bigcirc$  deeply sinuate on the side near the tip; margin elevated at the sinuosity, sinuate again at the tip, with the sutural angle very prominent.). 7. assimilis.

18

Dec.

#### Bibliography and remarks.

- 1. D. vittatus Aubé, Hydroc. 768; Gyrinus vitt. Germ. sp. nov. 32; Cyclous opacus Mels., Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. ii, 29 (faded specimens). Middle and Southern States, not rare.
- 2. D. sublineatus  $Aub\ell$ , Hydroc. 775; Gyrinus subl. Chevr., Col. Mex. cent. i; Q D. integer Lec, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. vii, 221. Arizona and Lower California.
- 3. D. e m a r g i n a t u s White, Brit. Mus. Cat.; Gyrinus emarg Say, Trans. Am. Phil. Soc. ii, 108; ed. Lec. ii, 519; D. americanus‡ Aubé, Hydroc. 777 (nec. Linn.) Abundant in the middle and northern States; for remarks on Gyrinus am e r i c a n u s Linn., showing its probable identity with the West Indian D. m e t a l l i c u s Aubé, see the note of Dr. Schaum in Stettin Ent. Zeit. 1848, 337.
- 4. D. c a rolinus. I have seen but two Q specimens, collected in South Carolina; it closely resembles the preceding, but is more shining, and the apical margin of the elytra, instead of being flat, is very narrowly reflexed.
- 5. D. serrulatus. Middle and Southern States. I have seen but two  $\circlearrowleft$  specimens of this species, which resembles in form D. assimilis, but is easily distinguished by the fine serration of the apical margin of the elytra, the sutural angle less prominent, the lateral flattened margin broader and more reflexed, the posterior sinuosity of the elytra of the female much less, the string of the elytra less visible, and finally by the front thighs of the male being armed with a strong sharp tooth.
- 6. D. discolor Aubé, Hydroc. 784; Cyclous labratus Mels. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. ii, 29. Abundant from Canada to Louisiana, and from Maine to Kansas; easily known by its narrower form and pale ferruginous under surface; the front thighs of the male are not toothed.
- 7. D. assimilis Aubé, Hydroc. 778. Cyclinus ass. Kirby, Fauna Bor. Am. iv, 78. Gyrinus americanus Say, Trans. Am. Philos. Soc. ii, 107; ed. Lec. ii, 519. Our most abundant species, usually known as apple bug; extends from Lake Superior to Texas, and from Maine to Kansas. The front femora of the male are not toothed.

#### GYRINUS Linn.

"The species of this genus, as at present defined, are peculiar in having 11 rows of punctures on each elytron, and an oval transverse figure limited by punctures near the tip. The legs are always ferruginous, or testaceous. Usually two frontal impressions and two thoracic transverse impressions are well defined, but they are not equally evident in every individual, and are

sometimes entirely obliterated.

"For the better definition of the species it must be observed that in those in which the upper surface has a shining metallic gloss, the color becomes sometimes black, and sometimes in part dark brown; in the same proportion the black color of the breast and the abdomen varies to ferruginous. The obliteration of the rows of punctures next the suture is of doubtful specific value, as is also the size of the specimens, both of which characters are subject to great variations."—Zimmermann, MS. To this I may add that the frontal impressions are of no value in distinguishing species.

On account of the close resemblance between the species, it has been very difficult to identify them by the descriptions thus far published, and, as will be seen in the bibliography and remarks, the determinations are frequently different in each of the standard collections which have been independently

formed in this country.

My own determinations are in some instances at variance with those of Dr. Zimmermann and Dr. Harris, and I hope may be sustained by reference to the types preserved in European collections; but at all events the possession of a much larger number of specimens, from more widely separated localities, has

given me greater advantage in distinguishing and defining the forms to which specific names must, in the present condition of science, be given.

The species before me may be arranged in the following groups, the meso-

sternum being of normal form in all except pectoralis:

A. Sentellum flat:

a. Under side margin of prothorax and epipleuræ testaceous.

b. Under side margin of prothorax and epipleuræ metallic black.

B. Scutellum finely but distinctly carinate:

(Under side margin of prothorax and epipleuræ testaceous.)

#### A — a.

\* Under surface uniform testaceous, or brown.

6 mm. Q. A little less elongated, polished black, not bronzed; punctures of the elytral rows stronger, and equally closely placed. 2. fraternus Couper.

4.5—5 mm. Smaller, not very elongate, polished black; margins and sides broadly bronzed; punctures of outer elytral rows stronger and moderately approximate; abdomen sometimes dark at the middle...... 3. lim batus Say.

5.5 mm. Q. More elongated, uniformly black bronzed; punctures of elytral rows rather strong, moderately approximate................. 4. a e n e o l u s, n. sp.

4.5—5 mm. Of the same form, color and sculpture as limbatus, scarcely bronzed and a little wider; the ventral segments of the abdomen in mature specimens are darker brown, the punctures of the elytral rows more approximate, with the last segment paler............................... 5. dichrous, n. sp.

5.25 mm. J. More elongate, strongly attenuated before and behind, and more elevated at the middle than usual, black, highly polished, broadly bronzed on the sides, but not on the suture or reflexed margin of the elytra; rows composed of larger bronzed punctures not very approximate, becoming coarser at the sides; tip truncate, slightly rounded; outer angle not very obvious; body beneath and legs ferruginous. (Easily distinguished by its more compressed convex form and coarser punctures.).............................. 6. elevatus, n. sp.

5-6.5 mm. Of the same form, color and sculpture as consobrinus, but a little broader and with the reflexed margin of the elytra interrupted near the tip by a small flattened space, and the tip less rounded....... 8. plicifer Lee.

6.5—7 mm. Oval, less elongate, black, very highly polished, iridescent; margins and sides bronzed; rows of punctures of elytra well marked, approximate; under surface reddish-brown, sides and tip of abdomen a little paler. (A beautiful species, easily known by its larger size and more brilliant iridescent surface; in one specimen the under surface is nearly black.)

9. ventralis Kirby.

\*\*Trunk dark piceous; abdomen with tip and lateral spots pale.

6-6.75 mm. More elongate than usual, black, highly polished, slightly iridescent; margins bronzed; punctures of elytral rows bronzed, fine, well marked, approximate; tip more rounded than usual...... 11. maculiventris, n.sp.

TDec.

\*\*\* Trunk black bronzed, or piceous bronzed; tip of abdomen reddish-

brown.

# А-b.

a. Body oval in form, regularly convex.

\* Anterior margin of mesosternum regular in form.

5.25-5.75 mm. Oval, equally attenuated at each end, black, shining, highly polished; margins and sides bronzed; elytra with rows of deeply impressed, bronzed, coarse punctures, so approximated that the outer striæ appear impressed; tip broadly subtruncate, feebly rounded; outer angle distinct.

13. parcus Say.

5.5—6.5 mm. Oval more elongate, nearly equally narrowed before and behind, black, shining, highly polished; margins and sides bronzed; elytral rows composed of approximate bronzed punctures, the outer ones a little stronger than the inner; tip of elytra strongly rounded, outer angle not distinct; last ventral segment sometimes dark reddish-brown; sides of prothorax slightly rounded.

a. Apical oval of punctured curve of elytra composed of large, coarse

punctures.

5—6 mm. Smaller, more elongate, black bronzed both above and beneath; upper surface not highly polished; elytra with the tip broadly but not strongly rounded; outer angle not distinct; rows composed of not very fine, less approximate punctures, outer rows but little stronger than the inner ones; legs and last ventral segment ferruginous. (Resembles in form, size and sculpture G. op a e u s, but is more bronzed above and beneath, the legs and last ventral segment are paler and the inferior pair of eyes are larger.... 19. a u a l i s Say.

\*\* Front margin of mesosternum trilobed, with an oblique impression each side.

5—6 mm. Oval, shining black, highly polished, margins and sides bronzed; elytra at tip moderately rounded; outer angle not distinct; rows composed of bronzed, approximate punctures, outer rows not stronger than the inner ones; beneath black, slightly bronzed; legs ferruginous, thighs darker. (Of the same size and form as G. 1 imbatus and consobrinus, but easily recognized by the very peculiar form of the mesosternum.)....... 20. pectoralis, n. sp.

b. Body broader, subovate, more suddenly convex at the middle and

obliquely declivous before and behind.

R

3.5—4.5 mm. Of the same size and form as minutus, but a little narrower and more convex and of a more dull black color, though slightly bronzed at the sides; prothorax more rugose, rows of the elytra composed of more approximate punctures, and especially distinguished by the mesosternum being but feebly channelled in front, with a large elengate posterior fovea; under surface always ferruginous yellow.

23. rockinghamensis Zim.

# Bibliography and Remarks.

- 1. G. confinis. Similar in form to the Californian G. consobrinus, but less polished, with a slight bronzed color over the whole upper surface, more brilliant at the suture and margins. Abundant at Lake Superior. I have also several specimens from the interior of Oregon or Montana.
- 2. G. fraternus Couper, Canadian Naturalist, 2d ser. ii, 60. Canada and Lake Superior; for types I am indebted to Mr. W. Couper, late of Quebec, but now of Ottawa. Is of the same size as the preceding, but a little more robust, and casily distinguished by the entire absence of bronzed lustre on the upper surface, even at the suture and margin.
- 3. G. limbatus Say, Trans. Am. Phil. Soc. ii, 109; ed. Lec. ii, 520. Canada and Lake Superior. In one specimen the suture is not bronzed, and in one the abdomen is dark brown at the middle. I received from the late Dr. T. W. Harris a specimen of this species from Western New York, as No. 1642°06 his collection, G. analis Say, and in Dr. Zimmermann's collection it is named G. limbatus Say. From the former it differs by the under surface being ferruginous. It is quite possible that the determination of Dr. Zimmermann is correct, and although I have seen no specimens from Georgia and Florida, the locality mentioned by Say, I have no other which agrees so nearly with his description, or which resembles in appearance G. analis, with which be compares it.
- 4. G. a ene olus. One specimen, Illinois, Mr. Willcox. This species is easily known by the uniform and tolerably brilliant bronze color of the upper surface, which, with the more elongate form and ferruginous under surface perfectly defines it.

[Dec.

- 5. G. dichrous. New England. I received this species from Dr. Harris as bearing the name in the Melsheimer collection; specimens under the same name are contained in Dr. Zimmermann's cabinet, now in possession of Dr. Samuel Lewis. It closely resembles G. limbatus, but is a little more robust, and not bronzed on the margin and snture.
- 6. G. elevatus. One specimen, New York, No. 1829 Harris' collection. Very distinct by its more convex elevated body, more strongly attenuated at each end, and by the much coarser punctures of the outer elytral rows.
- 7. G. consobrinus Lec. Ann. Lyc. Nat. Hist. New York, v, 209. Abundant in California, at San Francisco, Mendocino, &c.
- 8. G. plicifer Lec., ibid. California, not abundant. Easily known by the reflexed edge of the elytra being interrupted near the tip by a slight depression, so that the appearance of a small fold is produced, extending from the small depression to the apical truncation. I received from Mr. A. Murray a smaller specimen, which agrees sufficiently with the description of G. marginiventris Motsch., Bull. Mosc. 1859, ii, 174, to induce me to place the latter as a synonym.
- 9. G. ventralis Kirby, Fauna Bor. Am., iv, 80; Aubé. Hydroc. 672. A common species from Pennsylvania, northward to Lake Superior; in the Zimmermann collection it is determined as G. veutralis Kirby, but although agreeing in other respects with Kirby's description it seems generally too large to be referred to the latter, which is compared with G. a eneus, a much smaller species. Specimens occur in which the under surface is chestnut brown, with the inflexed margins, the sides and tip of the abdomen and the legs paler ferruginous; G. limbalus ‡ Anbé, 670 (nec Say), is considered by Dr. Zimmermann to belong to this species.
- 10. G. aquiris. Middle States; differs from the preceding in the narrower form, and more squarely truncate elytra; the under surface is darker brown, in one specimen nearly black, with the inflexed margins, sides and tip of abdomen, and feet paler ferruginous; it is less elongate than the next species and the pale color of the sides of the ventral segments is not arranged in spots but is diffused. On account of the more sudden truncation of the tips of the elytra I would refer G. limbatus ‡ Aubé to this, rather than to the preceding species.
- 11. G. maculiventris. Abundant at Lake Superior; one specimen from Montana; more elongate than usual, and easily recognized by the dark brown color of the under surface, with well marked pale triangular spots each side on the ventral segments.
- 12. G. affinis  $Aub\ell$ , Hydroc. 669. New York to Lake Superior; I have also two specimens from Middle California. Our largest species, easily distinguished by the upper surface of both sexes, (not alone of the  $\mathcal{O}$  as mentioned by Mr. Aubé), being covered with very fine lines, producing under a high lens an aciculate appearance. I received from Dr. Harris one specimen as No. 819 var. G. limbatus Say., teste Say, but its much larger size, as well as the dark bronzed color of the greater part of the under surface, completely separate it from that species.
- 13. G. parcus Say, Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., iv, 448; ed. Lec. ii, 562;  $Aub\ell$ , Hydroc. 701. Two specimens from Texas agree with the descriptions of this species; they differ from the other small species having the under surface black bronzed, by the more coarse punctures of the elytral rows, the outer ones of which become, by the approximation of the punctures, slightly impressed.
- 14. G. p'i cipes Aubé, Hydroc., 694; Mannh. Bull. Mosc. 1843, 223; ibid., 1853, ii, 164. Alaska and Oregon. I have three specimens collected in Labrador, one of which does not seem to differ from the types from Alaska kindly sent me by Baron Chaudoir and Count Mnizech; in one of the speci-1868.

mens the inflexed margins are slightly tinged with dark reddish brown, as mentioned in the remarks of Manuerheim under the second reference. Two specimens  $(\nearrow Q)$  from Labrador, are much smaller, only 5·25 mm. long, but do not seem to differ in any other respect; var. b, of the last reference, is probably a distinct species, but I have seen no specimen to correspond with it.

- a. A race of this species is represented by four specimens from Lake Superior, which resemble in appearance the typical G. picipes, but differ only by the apical crescentic oval curve of the elytral being composed of larger punctures. This differs from the others of the same group (except permitidus) by the more elongate form, more highly polished surface, and more brilliantly bronzed suture, margin and punctures; G. pernitidus is more highly polished, but has the elytral rows composed of less approximate punctures; G. bore alis is larger and stouter than the two species in question, though otherwise resembling them very closely.
- 15. G. opacus Sahlberg, Ins. Fenn., 47; Schiödte, Naturhist. Bidrag. Grönland, p. 54; G. æneus Anbé, Hydroc. 690, (fide Redtenbacher). Mr. Drewsen, of Copenhagen, has kindly sent me three specimens of this species, with a very complete series of the other Coleoptera of Greenland. G. æneus Kirby, Fauna. Bor. Am. iv, 80, must according to the size given (2 4-5th lin.) be a much larger species, which is unknown to me, unless it be G. borealis.
- 16. G. bore a lis  $Aub\ell$ , Hydroc. 692. New York to Lake Superior; the distinguishing characters of this have been sufficiently pointed out in the remarks upon other species.
- 17. G. pernitidus. The type of this species is a single  $\mathcal Q$  from Georgia; with it I have associated two other females sent me by Dr. Harris, as No. 242, analis? Say; one of the specimens agrees perfectly with the type, while in the other the punctures of the rows of the elytra are much less approximate, the inner rows less strongly marked, and the last ventral segment nearly black, instead of ferruginous, as in the type; it is probably a distinct species, and is perhaps a small specimen of G. Sayi Aubé, 698, which is otherwise unknown to me.
- Dr. Zimmermann determined this as G. borealis, but the size given in the description of Mr. Aubé (7 mm.) represents a larger speices, and I have accordingly referred it to the preceding.
- 18. G. lugens Zimm. MS. New England and Lake Superior; easily known by the larger and stouter form, similar to G. borealis, but not at all bronzed above.
- 19. G. an alis Say, Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., ii, 108; ed. Lec. ii, 520; ibid. iv, 448, ed. Lec. ii, 562; Aubé, Hydroc. 697. Louisiana to Lake Superior, easily distinguished by the upper surface uniformly bronzed; the under surface black bronzed, with the last ventral segment and feet ferruginous; the form is narrower than in the other species of this group, except G. opacus, which is, however, less oval and more narrowed behind.
- 20. G. pectoralis. Lake Superior and Hudson Bay Territory, (Fort Liard).
- 21. G. gibber Zimm., MS. I have seen but the single specimen of this peculiar species found in North Carolina by Dr. Zimmermann, from whose MS. I have translated the description; this unique specimen was kindly given to me by Dr. Samuel Lewis.

# Bibliography and remarks.

22. G. minutus Fabr., Syst. El. i, 276; Kirby, Fauna Bor. Am. iv, 81;  $Aub\ell$ , Hydroc. 683. Lake Superior, abundant. I have omitted much of the European synonymy of this species, as not applicable to our fauna; it is, however, necessary to observe that the fine carina of the scutellum which distinguishes this and the next, so far as I know, from all others of the genus

[Dec.

is not mentioned by the authors above cited, nor by Redtenbacher; but attention is called to it in the description of Thomson, Skandiv. Coleoptera, ii, 117

23. G. rocking hamensis Zimm., MS. Dr. Zimmermann mentions in his MS. that he found this species in schools of several thousands, in ponds at Rockingham, North Carolina. I have translated the description from his notes.

# Species not identified.

- G. impressicollis Kirby, Fauna Bor. Am. iv, 79. Mr. Adam White, B. M. Cat. 45, refers this to G. borealis Aubé, but the great size, unless an error of print, (4 lines, = 8.3 mm.) renders such reference very improbable.
  - G. Sayi Aubé Hydroc. 698. See remarks under No. 17.

G. fuscipes Motsch. Bull. Mosc. 1859, ii, 173. California; perhaps G. consobrinus Lec.\*

### GYRETES Brullé.

 G. sinuatus, elongate oval, very convex, dark bronzed, very shining; sides of prothorax and elytra densely punctured and pubescent, punctures reaching the suture; tip of elytra broadly and obliquely truncate, ontline of the truncation very slightly but distinctly sinuate, outer angle distinct, slightly prominent, inflexed margins ferruginous; body beneath and legs ferruginous, breast and base of abdomen darker. Long. 6 mm. Lec. Ann. Lyc. Nat. Hist., New York, v. 210.

Abundant in the Colorado River, near Fort Yuma, California.

2. G. compressus, still more clongate, and more convex than the preceding, and more narrowed in front than behind, dark bronzed, shining; sides of prothorax and elytra densely punctured and pubescent, punctures not quite reaching the suture; tip broadly and obliquely truncate and very feebly sinuate, outer angle obtuse, distinct, slightly prominent, inflexed margins black; body beneath dark brownish red, feet and tip of abdomen paler. Long. 6.75 mm. Lec., New Spec., North Am. Col., (Smith's Inst.) 23.

One specimen collected at Quincy, Illinois, by Mr. Willcox.

### Notes on the Species of AGONODERUS, BRADYCELLUS and STENOLOPHUS inhabiting America north of Mexico.

# BY JOHN L. LE CONTE, M. D.

The final demolition of the genus Acupalpus Dej. seems to have been accomplished by Baron Chaudoir, in his recent notes upon North American Carabidæ,† by the reference of most of the species contained in my third division of Stenolophus; to Agonoderus. In fact, his suggestion is so perfectly natural, that it is strange that the resemblance in form and sculpture, and in the proportion of the joints of the hind tarsi, with the absence of sexual characters in the front tarsi, did not long since cause these species to be placed in the proper position to which he has assigned them.

In reviewing the specimens of my collection with the aid of the remarks of my learned friend, I have found such resemblances in form between the species

G. limbatus, 43, 59. G. fraternus, 23, 29. G. dichrous, 53 69. G. picipes?(race), 53 39. G. confinis, 123 79. G. lugens, 183 49. I have observed at Lake Superior, however, that the species are generally not found

<sup>\*</sup> Mr. Uhler has sent me a portion of a large school of Gyrinus, collected in Charles River, near Cambridge, Mass., which shows that in some cases at least the species do not live apart. An examination of all the individuals captured has given me the following results :-

intermixed.

<sup>†</sup> Revue et Mag. de Zoologie, 1868. ‡ Vide List of Coleoptera, North Am., p. 13.

of the three genera above named, that a brief synopsis of the distinguishing characters of those which I have investigated seems to me to be useful for the

proper naming of the specimens contained in local cabinets.

I may also add that the determinations of Baron Chaudoir, who is the fortunate possessor of the Dejeanian types, must be taken as conclusive, regarding the species of that author; the original descriptions were unfortunately defective in some respects, and my recognition of his species was therefore erroneous.

In all the species mentioned in this synopsis, except Bradycellus dichrous, vulpeculus and autum nalis, the marginal line limiting the bead of the prothorax is obliterated for a greater or less extent at the middle of the base, but in those three species it is entire, as in the true Harpali, with which, perhaps, they should more properly be associated.

# AGONODERUS Dej.

In the species of this genus the emargination of the mentum is less semicircular in outline than in *Stenolophus*, but equally destitute of any vestige of a tooth; the sides of the emargination are more oblique and the bottom therefore narrower, like a broadly rounded angle; the body is rather stouter and more convex, the joints of the antennæ thicker, the hind tibiæ and tarsi less slender, the joints 1—4 of the latter diminishing in length less rapidly, the front tibiæ stouter and more strongly spinose near the tip, and finally the front tarsi are alike in form in both sexes and in the more slender species thinly clothed with a few papillæ.

Our species, all but one of which, as far as known, are represented in my collection, diminish gradually in size, and may be grouped as follows, the dor-

sal puncture being wanting only in A. in fuscatus:

A. Body stouter and more convex: prothorax transverse, quadrate-oval.

a. Hind angles of prothorax very much rounded.

b. Prothorax nearly quadrate; hind angles obtuse, slightly rounded; sides less rounded.

B. Body more elongate, less convex; prothorax scarcely wider than long; subtrapezoidal, being more or less distinctly narrowed behind; elytra with one dorsal puncture.

a. Larger species; color pale; elytra with a wide black stripe, divided by the suture; disc of prothorax frequently with a large black spot; head always

black.

5.5-6 mm. Hind angles of prothorax rounded; scutellar stria long.

4. comma.

Dec.

b. Smaller species.

\* Head black; scutellar stria distinct.

- 3.5-4 mm. Prothorax pale; hind angles much rounded; basal impressions with a few coarse punctures; elytra with a broad, dusky stripe or cloud, divided by the sutural interval; body dusky beneath ....... 7. partiarius.
- 3-3.25 mm. Very similar to partiarius, but smaller, with the basal impressions less marked, and still more sparsely punctured; elytra dusky, with the suture and margins pale; prothorax pale above and beneath; trunk always and abdomen usually dusky.... 8. pauperculus.
- 3-4 mm. Equal in size to partiarius, but narrower, with the sides of the prothorax not rounded behind, but even feebly subsinuate; the hind angles are, however, rounded, the disc marked with a large, quadrate, blackish spot; elytra blackish, with the suture and margin testaceous; scutellar stria longer
- \*\* Head pale, of the same color as the prothorax; body testaceous or ferruginous beneath, not blackish; scutellar stria short or wanting.
- 2.5-3 mm. Prothorax with the hind angles much rounded; basal impressions faint, marked with a few large punctures; elytra with the scutellar stria punctiform; disc sometimes with a faint dusky cloud...... 10. testaceus.
- 2.75 mm. Of the same size and form as the preceding, with the scutellar stria distinct though short, not punctiform.................. 11. micros.

#### Bibliography and remarks.

1. A. lineola Dej., Sp. Gen., iv, 51; Carabus lineola Fabr., Ent. Syst., i, 155; Syst. El., i, 197; Oliv., 35, 78, pl. 7, f. 75; Feronia lineola Say, Tr. Am. Phil. Soc., ii, 37; ed. Lec., ii, 464; Carabus furcatus Fabr., Ent. Syst., i, 164; Syst. El., i, 206, (var. thorace immac.)

Carabus comma Fubr. cannot be referred to this specis, as is erroneously stated in the Melsheimer Catalogue and thence copied into my List, since it is

described as having the head black.

- 2. A. infuscatus Dej., Sp. Gen., iv. 54; suturalis Lec., Ann. Lyc. New York, iv, 373.
- 4. A. c o m m a. Carabus comma Fabr., Ent. Syst., 1, 165; Syst. El., i, 207; Feronia pallipes Say, Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., ii, 38; ed. Lec., ii, 465; A. pallipes Dej, Sp. Gen., iv, 53; A. dorsalis Lec., Ann. Lyc. N. York, iv, 373.\*

\*The MS. descriptions and remarks of Dr. Zimmermann upon this and the next species are so important that I have translated them:

"A.comma. Abundant in the Northern States; 234-314 lines long.

"Altogether similar to A. pallipes in form and color, and usually confounded with it; differs in the marking of the clytra, upon each of which there is a black stripe, so that the suture remains yellow; this stripe extends from the first to the fifth stria, and is commonly abbreviated in front, sometimes, however, attaining the base, but never the suture. The dorsal spot of the prothorax is sometimes wanting; the hind angles are somewhat more obtuse, and the scutellar stria of the clytra longer than in the next species.

"A. pallipes. Abundant in the Southern States; 2-3 lines long.
"Body elongated, not very convex, testaceous; mouth, palpi, base of antennæ, feet and anus reddish-yellow; under surface and head black; a large black or brown spot on the middle of the prothorax, and a broad black stripe on the elytra, which extends from the suture to the fourth stria, pointed in front and reaching the scutellum. Head with deep

suture to the fourth stria, pointed in front and reaching the scutellum. Head with deep frontal impressions and moderately large eyes; prothorax narrowed behind; hind margin and shallow basal impressions thickly punctured; hind angles rather obtuse than rounded; elytra with deep, smooth striae, short scutellar stria and a distinct posterior dorsal puncture upon the second stria.

"Hemarks.—It is obviously this species and not the preceding which Fabricius described from the Hunterian collection. This is apparent, not only in the words 'Colcoptera nigra limbo pallido,' but also by the description and figure given by Olivier under the same name, with the additional remark that the insect was found in Carolina. A. pullipes Dej, is another species which is found in the Northern States, and described by Fabricius under the name Car. comma in the following words: 'Elytra grisea, macula linear ingra versus suturam." The specimen of Carabas pullipes in the Fabrician cabinet is a Cymindis variegula Dej, according to Schaum, Stettin Ent. Zeitung, 1847, 47.

1868.7

- 5. A. pallipes Lec., Ann. Lyc. N. York, iv, 373; Carabus pallipes Fabr., Ent. Syst., i, 159; Syst. El., i, 200; Oliv., 35, 121, pl. 9, f. 99; A. Lecontei Chaud., Rev. and Mag. Zool., 1868.
  - 6. A. rugicollis Lec., Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci., Phil., 1859, 83.
- 7. A. partiarius Chaud., Rev. and Mag. Zool., 1868; Trechus part Say, Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., ii, 90; ed. Lec., ii, 504. Dr. Zimmermann believed that he recognized in this species Carabus celer Oliv., 35, 114, pl. 14, f. 168, to which the locality "Paris" was incorrectly given; he supposed that the specimen was found in Carolina by Bosc., from whose collection it was described.
- 8. A pauperculus *Chaud.*, Rev. and Mag. Zool., 1868; *Acupalpus paup.* Dej., Sp. Gen., iv, 463, *Ac. consimilis* Dej., ibid., iv, 465.
- 9. A. in distinctus Chaud., Rev. and Mag. Zool., 1868; Acupalpus ind. Dej., Sp. Gen., v, 846. Dr. Zimmermann determined this species as Ac. humilis Dej., ibid., iv, 462, which is referred by Chaudoir to Stenolophus; with about twelve specimens before me, I can perceive no greater sexual differences than those observed in other small species of this genus; a specimen determined by Zimmermann as Ac. difficilis Dej., Sp. Gen., iv, 435, does not differ, except in being of a uniform pale brown color and scarcely perceptibly more elongated. Should this synonymy be correct the species must be called A. humilis, the specific name under which it was first published.
- 10. A. testaceus *Chaud.*, Rev. and Mag. Zool., 1868; *Acupalpus test.* Dej., Sp. Gen., iv, 460.
- 11. A. mieros Lec., Ann. Lyc. N. York, iv, 412. My description mentions the only distinguishing character between this and the preceding, which is, that the scutellar stria, though short, is quite obvious.

# STENOLOPHUS Dej.

In this genus the mentum is semicircularly emarginate, without median tooth; the front and middle tarsi of the male are dilated, and furnished beneath with two rows of squamiform papille. The form of the dilated joints enables the species to be divided into natural groups. Until the male is known, it is somewhat difficult to decide whether some of the smaller species should be referred to this genus or to Ajonoderus; but in doubtful cases, in the absence of specimens with dilated front tarsi, I have referred to Stenolophus all those in which the first and second joints of the hind tarsi are much longer than the third and fourth; in other words, those in which the hind tarsi are more slender, and the joints diminish in length more rapidly than in Agonoderus.

Our species may be grouped as follows:

A. Body rather stout, prothorax but little narrower than the clytra; front and middle tarsi of male broadly dilated; fourth joint very deeply bilobed; scutellar stria long.

a. Sides of prothorax broadly flattened, searcely reflexed.

c. Prothorax narrowly margined, margin not reflexed.

 $7\text{--}7^{\circ}5$  mm. Black, shining, elytra piceous or testaceous, slightly iridescent, base of antennæ and feet more or less testaceous or brown; prothorax feebly

Dec.

3.5—4.5 mm. Smaller, piceous shining, sides of elytra and disc of prothorax frequently ferruginous, base of antennæ and feet ferruginous; prothorax feebly narrowed behind, hind angles very much rounded, not at all apparent; basal impressions small, rounded, feebly impressed, impunctured,

6. conjunctus.

B

Body more slender, prothorax evidently narrower than the elytra, front tarsi of male moderately dilated, 4th joint deeply bilobed, middle tarsi of male not dilated; elytra with long scutellar stria, more or less iridescent; base of autennæ and feet pale; hind angles of prothorax obtuse rounded.

a. Elytra more finely striate, middle tarsi of male with two rows of squamiform papillæ. (Pacific species.)

\* Striæ deeper towards the tip.

6 mm. Blackish, with the margins paler; prothorax wider than long, scarcely narrowed behind, basal impressions broad, very feebly punctured.

8. anceps

\*\* Striæ not deeper towards the tip.

- - b. Elytra more deeply striate, striæ deeper towards the tip, middle tarsi of male without rows of squamiform papillæ.
- 8.5 mm. Larger, blackish, with the margins paler; prothorax wider than long, with the basal impressions broad, finely punctured...... 11. flavipes.
- 5.5-5.75 mm. Smaller, blackish, narrow margins paler, prothorax scarcely wider than long, basal impressions broad, sparsely but less finely punctured.

12. och ropezus.

C

Small species of elongate form; front tarsi of of moderately dilated, fourth joint deeply emarginate, middle tarsi feebly dilated, with two rows of squamiform papillæ; elytra with long scutellar stria, base of antennæ and feet pale; hind angles of prothorax obtuse or subrectangular, less rounded than in B.

a. Elytra with but one dorsal puncture, as usual, on the second stria; hind angles of prothorax obtuse, somewhat rounded; frontal suture more distinct than usual.

3 mm. Head narrower than the prothorax, and almost as long; color scarcely brown, elytra darker, slightly iridescent, prothorax trapezoidal, but little broader than long, narrowed behind, rounded on the sides only before the middle; basal impressions broad, feebly punctured; eyes not prominent.

14. hydropicus.

2.5-3 mm. Head more distinctly narrower than the prothorax, with larger and more prominent eyes, otherwise quite similar to hydropicus, but more elongate and less convex; color variable, but the head is always dark and the elytra iridescent...... 15. carus.

b Elytra with several dorsal punctures; hind angles of prothorax rectan-

gular, not rounded.

- 4 mm. Elongate, more depressed, head blackish, prothorax pale, with a large quadrate dusky spot; anterior transverse impression deeply marked, basal impressions broad, rugosely punctured; elytra pale, with a broad dorsal vitta divided by the suture and abbreviated at each end; dorsal punctures 3. Georgia, one specimen ...... 16. flavilim bus, n. sp.
- 3 5 mm. Smaller and less depressed; head blackish, prothorax testaceous, basal impressions deeper, feebly punctured, elytra dusky, with the suture, base and margin testaceous; dorsal punctures 3.................... 17. longulus.
- 3-3.25 mm. Still smaller, prothorax as long as wide, with the sides still more subsinuate behind, and the hind angles more prominent; basal impressions deep, punctured; color brown or blackish, paler at the margins; dorsal punctures 4...... 18. rectangulus.

Body more elongate and linear than in any of the preceding species: head as wide and nearly as long as the prothorax; front tarsi of of moderately dilated, 4th joint bilobed, middle tarsi slightly dilated; prothorax narrowed behind, with flattened rectangular angles; elytra with long scntellar stria; palpi longer and more pointed than in the other groups of PHILODES Lec.

a. Elytra each with three distinct rows of dorsal punctures.

4.25 mm. Testaceous, head and part of elytra dusky; basal impressions of prothorax large, deep, not punctured; body depressed; eyes small.

19. alternans.

b. Elytra with the rows of dorsal punctures obsolete, only the posterior

puncture of the second stria obvious.

4.25 mm. Dark brown, prothorax paler, with the basal impressions less deep, but also not punctured; body less depressed, eyes larger and more prominent...... 20. tener.

# Bibliography and Remarks.

1. S. carbonarius Brullé, Lec. Ann. Lyc. N. York, iv, 409; Harpalus carb. Dej., Sp. Gen. iv, 398.

2. S. spretus Dej., Sp. Gen. v, 845.

3. S. limbalis Lec., Rep. Pac. R. R. Surv., xi, 2, Ins. 28; S. indistinctus

Motsch. Bull. Mosc., 1859, 2, 134.

4. S. fuliginosus Dej., Sp. Gen., iv. 423; Lec. Ann. Lyc. N. York, iv, 410; S. rersicolor Kirby, Faun. Bor. Am., iv, 46; S. fuscipennis Lec., Ann. Lyc., N. York, iv, 410.

5. S. plebejus Dej., Sp. Gen., iv, 424; var. immat. S. fuscatus Dej., ibid.

426.

6. S. conjunctus Lec., Ann. Lyc., N. York, iv, 410; Trechus conj. Say, Trans. Am. Phil Soc., ii, 90, cd. Lec. ii, 504; Acupalpus misellus Dej., Sp. Gen. iv, 467; Ac rotundicollis Hald., Proc. Acad. Nat. Sc., Phil , i, 302; Ac. lugubris, Hald., ibid., i, 302. Found from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

7. S. rotun datus Lec., New. Sp. Col., (Smiths. Inst.), 17.

8. S. anceps Lec., Pac. R. R. Expl., xi, 2. 28; S. rotundicollis Motsch. Bull. Mosc. 1859, ii, 135.

9. S. cincticollis Lec., Proc. Acad. Nat. Sc., Phil., 1858, 60.

10. S. unicolor Dej., Sp. Gen., iv. 411; Mannh. Bull. Mosc., 1843, 214. 11. S. flavipes Lec.. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sc., 1858, 60. 12. S. ochropezus Dej., Sp. Gen., iv, 424; Feronia ochr. Say., Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., ii, 54; S. convexicollis Lec., Ann. Lyc., N. York, iv, 404.

13. S. dissimilis Dej., Sp. Gen., iv, 424.

14. S. hydropicus Lec., New Spec. Col. (Smiths. Inst.), 17.

15. S. carus Lec., ibid., 18.

17. S. longulus Lcc., List Col. N. Am., 13; Acupalpus long. Dej., Sp. Gen., iv, 459.

18. Acupalpus rectangulus Chaud., Rev. and Mag. Zool., 1868.

19. S. alternans Lec., Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., x, 386; Badister testaceus Lec. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sc., Phil., ii, 252; Aepus test. Lec. Ann. Lyc., N. York, iv, 413, Philodes alt. Lec., Class. Col. N. Am., 1, 33.

20. S. tener Lec., Pac. R. R. Expl., xi, 2, Ins. 29; Philodes tener Lec.,

Class. Col. N. Am., i, 33.

#### BRADYCELLUS Er.

The elytra are obliquely but feebly sinuate at tip, and never subtruncate

as in the species of Stenolophus.

This genus contains both large and very small species, and, like Stenolophus, may be divided into groups according to the dilatation of the male tarsi; it may be distinguished from the other two genera by the mentum being armed with a large acute tooth, though in some of the smaller species it is sometimes difficult to perceive this character without the aid of a compound microscope; and even then the tooth is sometimes rendered less apparent, when the ligula is extended, by the basal portion of that organ; I believe, however, that I have by careful examination satisfied myself of the existence of the mentum-tooth in all of the species which I now refer to the genus.

Some of the smaller species of division B closely resemble in appearance Agonoderus, but may be usually known by the more slender antennæ and hind tarsi, and by the much shorter scutellar stria, which is sometimes in fact entirely wanting; a reference to the mentum, to verify the proper character belonging to the genus, should be always made in doubtful cases.

Baron Chaudoir regards the 1st division as constituting a distinct genus, Tachycellus Moravitz, but in view of the sexual differences observed in Stenolophus, I am scarcely prepared to adopt his opinion; I prefer therefore, for the present, to group the species as follows:

- A. Front tarsi of male moderately dilated, middle tarsi less dilated, with two rows of squamiform papillæ beneath; elytra with a long scutellar stria.
  - a. Basal bead of prothorax well defined for its whole extent.

10-11 mm. Ferruginous, elytra black, iridescent, deeply striate; prothorax scarcely narrowed behind, sides broadly rounded and widely depressed, hind angles obtuse, somewhat rounded; base finely punctured ... 1. dichrous.

9-10 mm. Color as in the preceding; prothorax narrowed behind, sides rounded in front, oblique behind; hind angles scarcely rounded; base finely punctured; basal impressions more strongly marked......2. vulpeculus.

Black; prothorax narrowed behind with small basal impressions, hind angles obtuse, not rounded; antennæ and feet ferruginous.

3. autumnalis.

b. Basal line of prothorax interrupted or nearly obliterated at the middle.

5-6 mm. Blackish; bead of prothorax pale; elytra piceous or dark testaccous; body more slender; prothorax distinctly narrowed behind; hind angles obtuse rounded; basal impressions well marked, sparsely punctured; legs ferruginous, thighs and tips of tibiæ sometimes darker; 1st joint of antennæ pale...... 4. badiipennis. 7 mm. Black; prothorax and elytra testaceous, the former with a large quadrate black spot, the latter with a dusky cloud divided by the suture; body slender; prothorax distinctly narrowed behind; hind angles subrectangular, slightly prominent, not rounded; basal impressions broad, punctured; antennæ with joints 1—3 testaceous, legs testaceous.

5. atrimedius.

4.5 mm. Smaller, slender, ferruginous, upper surface pale, with the head and disc of elytra somewhat darker; prothorax distinctly narrowed behind; hind angles subrectangular, slightly prominent, not rounded; basal impressions broad punctured; antennæ with the joints 1—3 or 4 paler.

6. nebulosus.

5.5-6.5 mm. Black, shining, not iridescent; prothorax with the hind angles rectangular; basal impressions linear, strongly marked, smooth, or scarcely punctured; anterior transverse impression distinct, strongly angulated; upper part of tibiæ and 1st joint of antennæ dark testaceous.

7. nigrinus.

B.

Species of small size with the scutellar stria very short, or altogether wanting; front tarsi of male moderately dilated, middle tarsi not dilated nor furnished with squamiform papillæ.

a. Striæ of elytra perfect.

\* Head finely and sparsely punctured behind.

5 mm. Black or piceous shining; prothorax wider than long, slightly narrowed behind, much rounded on the sides; hind angles rounded; basal impressions well marked, feebly punctulate; clytra with the humeri and sometimes the sides paler brown; base of antennæ brown... 9. a xillaris.

4.5—5 mm. Blackish, with the first joint of antennæ, feet and elytra more or less testaceous; prothorax at tip and base sparse punctured, formed as in the preceding, but less rounded at the sides and hind angles; basal impressions well marked; elytra (when pale marked with a dusky dorsal cloud, when dark, with the suture and sides paler,) thinly clothed with short pubescence near the sides and tip; intervals usually sparsely and distinctly punctured at the sides, base and tip; (a. larger and broader, testaceous, trunk dusky; elytra scarcely punctulate, B. nitens Lec.)............ 10. cognatus.

\* \* Head not punctulate; basal impressious of prothorax feeble.

† Basal impressions of prothorax smooth.

†† Basal impressions of prothorax punctulate; scutellar stria represened by a puncture at the base of the 2d stria. Body elongate.

4-4.5 mm. Usually testaceous, sometimes piceous, with pale margins; base of antennæ and feet yellow; prothorax a little wider than long, narrowed behind; sides subsinuate very near the hind angles, which are obtuse

Dec

3.75 mm. Smaller, pale testaceous, metasternum and small elytral cloud dusky; prothorax nearly as wide as long, narrowed behind; sides obliquely subsinuate behind the middle; hind angles rectangular, not at all rounded; basal impressions broad, sparsely and finely punctured............ 15. rivalis.

3-3.25 mm. Same form and color as the last, from which it differs only by the sides of the prothorax being distinctly subsinuate behind the middle and the hind angles nearly rectangular, not rounded, and somewhat prominent; the basal impressions are larger and more punctured; eyes large and prominent; antennæ brown, first two joints and feet testaceous.

18. californicus.

3.25 mm. Same form as the two preceding, but differing by the prothorax, the sides of which are obliquely rounded behind the middle, and the hind angles obtuse and rounded; basal impressions less deep, sparsely punctured: feet testaceous; antennæ dark piceous; first two joints testaceous.

19. neglectus.

b. Stria of elytra effaced, except the sutural one, which is deep; body rather stout and convex; prothorax not narrowed behind; sides subsinuate behind the middle; hind angles rectangular; basal impressions very feeble.

C.

This division contains but a single species of very elongate linear form, in which the eyes are much smaller and less prominent than in any other known to me; the prothorax much longer than wide, somewhat narrowed behind, broadly sinuate on the sides, which have the lateral bead much more strongly marked than in the other species; the basal impressions are long, narrow, deep and punctured; the hind angles rectangular; the elytra at the base are wider than the prothorax, very long and parallel, obliquely sinuate and subtruncate at tip; the strie are deep, the scutellar is represented by a large puncture, and the second stria has a dorsal puncture behind the middle. The tibiæ are more spinous than in the other species, and the whole appearance of the insect is that of a small *Pterostichus*. The front tarsi of the male are feebly dilated, the middle tarsi without papillæ.

1868.7

#### Bibliography and Remarks.

1. B. dichrous Lec., Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., x, 385; Harpalus dichrous

Dej., Sp. Gen., iv, 258; H. iricolor Say, Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., iv, 432.
2. B. vulpeculus Lec., Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., x, 385; Harpalus vulp. Say, Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., ii, 30, ed. Lec., ii, 458; ibid. iv, 432, ed. Lec., ii,

3. B. autumnalis Lec., Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., x, 385; Feronia autumn. Say, Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., ii, 48, ed. Lec., ii, 473; Geobænus autumn. Lec., Ann. Lyc., N. York, iv, 403.

4. B. badiipennis Lec., ibid., x, 385; Stenolophus bad. Hald., Proc. Acad. Nat. Sc., Phil., i, 302; Geobænus ruficrus Lec., Ann. Lyc., N. York, iv, 404; Geobænus lugubris Lec., ibid., iv, 405.

5. B. atrimedius Lec., ibid., x, 385; Feronia atr. Say, Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., ii, 39, ed. Lec., ii, 466; Trechus similis Kirby, Faun. Bor. Am., iv, 48.

6. B. nebulosus Lec., ibid., x, 385; Acupalpus suturalis | Lec., Ann. Lyc.,

N. York, iv, 411.

7. B. nigrinus Motsch., Käfer Russl., 22; Harpalus nigr. Dej., Sp. Gen., iv, 399; Mannh. Bull. Mosc., 1843, 213, ibid., 1852, 298; Geobænus quadricollis Lec., Ann. Lyc., New York, iv, 405.

8. B. tibialis Lec., List of Col. N. Am, 12; Trechus tibialis Kirby, Fauna

Bor. Am., iv, 46; Geobienus tib. Lec., Ann. Lyc., N. York, iv, 405.
9. B. axillaris Lec., List of Col. N. Am. 12; Acupalpus ax. Mannh., Bull. Mosc., 1853, 124. I received a specimen of this species from Count Mnisech, under the name Ac. conflagratus Mann., ibid., 126.

10. B. cognatus Schiodte, Danm. El., i, 158; ej. Naturhist. Bidrag. Grönland, 54; Acupalpus cogn. Dej., Sp. Gen., iv, 440; Ac. longiusculus Mannh., Bull. Mosc., 1853, 125; and B. nitens Lec., Proc. Acad. Nat. Sc., Phil., 1858, 60. 11. B. cordicollis Geobænus cord. Lec., Ann. Lyc., N. York, iv, 406.

This species has been accidentally omitted in my list of N. Am. Coleoptera.

12. B. congener Lec., Melsh. Cat. Descr. Col., 25; Geobænus cong. Lec., Ann. Lyc., N. York, iv, 407; B. nubifer Lec., Pr. Ac., 1858, 60, is a pale variety from Arizona, having the trunk and a small dorsal elytral cloud dusky. B. ventralis Lec., ibid., is a specimen with more numerous punctures at the base of the prothorax.

13. B. rupestris Lec., Mels. Cat. Descr. Col., 25; Trechus rupestr. Say, Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., ii, 91, ed Lec., ii, 505; Geobænus rup. Lec., Ann. Lyc., N. York, iv, 406; Acupalpus elongatulus Dej., Sp. Gen., iv, 457; Trechus flavipes Kirby, Fauna Bor. Am., iv, 47; Stenolophus cinetus Say, Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., iv, 434, ed. Lec., ii, 547.

14. B. parallelus Chaud., Rev. et Mag. Zool., 1868; ? Acupalpus debilipes

Say, Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., iv, 425, ed. Lec., ii, 548.

15. B. rivalis Lec., Proc. Acad. Nat. Sc., Phil., 1858, 60.

17. B. tantillus Chaud., Rev. and Mag. Zool., 1868; Acupalpus tant. Dej., Sp. Gen., iv, 465.

18. B. californicus, Stenolophus cal. Lec., Pac. R. R. Expl., xi, 2, Ins., 29. 19. B. neglectus Geobænus negl. Lec., Ann. Lyc., N. York, iv, 407; Stendophus negl. Lec., Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., x, 385.

20. B. nitidus Mannh., Bull. Mosc., 1843, 214; Acupalpus nit. Dej.; Sp.

Gen., iv, 474.

21. B. lin e aris Lec., New Spec. Col. (Smiths. Inst.), 16.

Acapalpus sym metricus Motsch., Bull. Mosc., 1859, 2, 134. I have not identified this species, but suspect it to be a Western race of B. rupestris.

Trechus im munis Kirby, Fanna Bor. Am., found in lat. 54°, I have not identified; it is perhaps Stenolophus carus Lec., but the description is scarcely sufficient to warrant the placing of the latter in synonymy.

Geobænus arenarius Lec., Ann. Lyc. Nat. Hist., New York, iv, 403, referred by me (Trans. Am. Phil. Soc., x, 385) to Bradycellus, is proved by the discovery of the or to belong to Amara, division Liocnemis.

[Dec.





The following reports were read and referred to the Publication Committee:

# REPORT OF THE CURATORS.

Another year has passed with its usual addition of treasures to the Museum of the Academy, which has now become, from its exceedingly crowded condition, rather a rich store house of materials for the use of naturalists, than a couvenient place of exhibition and study. A new and previously unforseen incident has occurred during the year which greatly contributes to the necessity of our seeking other quarters. A huge store, recently erected in the rear of our building, so much diminishes the light from that direction, as greatly

to interfere with the view of objects in the museum.

The trustees of the building fund of the Academy continue their efforts to procure means to provide proper accommodations for the purposes of the institution, not only suitable to its present condition, but having in view its future increase, but their means are not equal to what are desirable. Having obtained subscriptions from citizens of upwards of \$100,000, they have selected and purchased an ample piece of ground, in many respects well selected and located, at the south-west corner of 19th and Race Sts., opposite one of the finest public squares of the city. But the lot has cost upwards of \$60.000, and the estimates of an appropriate building approach \$300,000, which we see but little prospect of obtaining.

Many of the subscribers to the building fund and other citizens object to the location chosen, and consider that a position on Broad Street would be in many respects more desirable, and especially as it would there be more in the way of travel of those most interested in the institution. Admitting this view to be correct, a greater difficulty in the way of accommodating the Academy in this position, is the much greater value of the ground than in the locality

already chosen.

Most of the members of the Academy, and numerous citizens hope and look for aid from our Legislature and City Councils, in the suggested appropriation of one of the Penn Squares for the uses of the institution. Taking the view that the Academy is virtually a public institution, of which its members are the trustees, and considering the importance it is to the intellectual interests of the public, it appears to us no mor than a matter of justice that the city should be enabled to appropriate for the use of the Academy, what is now really a useless common. It is to be hoped that the efforts now being made by the Trustees of the Building Fund of the Academy, to obtain an act of the Legislature to permit our City Councils to appropriate one of the Penn Squares to our uses may prove successful. With such assistance, we could no doubt readily obtain the additional means to erect a suitable building for the Academy, one which, with its stores of intellectual treasures open free to the public, would become one of the most attractive features of Philadelphia.

The Museum collection is in good condition. Our thanks are due to Messrs. Isaac Burke and E. Dieffenbaugh, who have poisoned the entire American Herbarium, and are now engaged in doing the same with the General Herbarium. This is a most important work, ensuring the plants against the depredations of insects.

Among the most important and attractive additions made to the Museum during the year is the restored skeleton of the great extinct reptile Hadrosaurus, now occupying the fore part of the lower hall. The restoration is due to the accomplished natural history artist B. Waterhouse Hawkins, of London, and when we add that all the labor and expense attending the restoration was a voluntary contribution of the gentleman, we cannot too much express our gratitude to him.

The fine mounted specimen of the great extinct Elk, of Ireland, which has

1868.1

so long been a conspicuous object in the Museum, and which had been on deposit with the Academy, has now become its property, having been presented, together with other specimens of the same animal, by our fellow mem-

ber, Mr. Joseph A. Wright.

In the month of December some thieves gained access to the Academy, and broke open several of the mineral cases, from which they abstracted a number of specimens, principally gold and precious gems. Fortunately most of the specimens have been recovered, and one of the thieves was apprehended and is now in prison.

During the year, notwithstanding the Academy was closed twelve of the

usual visiting days, there were 65,769 visitors to the Museum.

The following is a synopsis of the donations made in the different departments of the Museum during the year.

Mammals.—Twenty-one species, besides two small collections, were presented by E. D. Cope, W. M. Gabb, H. Yarnal, I. I. Hayes and W. Raborg.

Birds.—Two small collections of birds and of nests and eggs, together with sixteen additional specimens, were presented by E. J. Lewis, E. D. Cope, W. S. Wood, J. D. Sergeant and C. S. Westcott.

Reptiles.—Prof. E. D. Cope presented a collection of 1465 specimens of 118 species from Pennsylvania, Virginia and Brazil; 40 species from Equador; four collections from Brazil, New Granada, Central America and elsewhere; and in addition, 33 species from Central America, the Rocky Mountains and elsewhere. Dr. George H. Horn presented a collection of 48 specimens of 16 species from Arizona and California; Dr. G. Lincecum, 104 specimens of 14 species of Texas; W. M. Gabb, 10 species from Lower California and Nevada; Ed. Day, a collection in 5 jars from Equador; and the Smithsonian Institution 20 species from Guayaquil, besides 8 species of Amblystoma. Others were presented by Dr. J. L. LeConte, Jos. A. Clay, C. B. Adams, C. Guillou, Dr. Randall and J. C. Brevoort.

Fishes.—Prof. Cope presented two collections in 30 jars from Kansas and New Granada, besides 23 species from the Potomac, the Wabash, New Jersey, and elsewhere. F. Sumichrast presented a collection of 86 specimens of six species from Mexico; Dr. Geo. Davidson, 15 species from Alaska; and Thomas Davidson, a collection from the West Indies.

Mollusks.—Many donations of mollusca have been made through the Conchological Department, for an account of which refer to the report of its Conservator.

In addition the Academy has received a large collection of unionidæ and other shells of the late Major LeConte, from Dr. John L. LeConte. Specimens were also received from J. R. Willis, W. M. Gabb, Dr. Genth and the Smithsonian Institution.

Articulates.—A collection of upwards of 600 species of exotic coleoptera, belonging to the late Dr. Zimmerman, was presented by Drs. John L. LeConte, Samuel Lewis, G. H. Horn, F. W. Lewis and Messrs. I. Lea, S. S. Haldeman and E. Draper. Dr. H. C. Wood presented 19 species of phalangidæ; J. R. Willis a small collection of crustacea, from Nova Scotia; and 14 species of myriapods, crustaceans, etc., were presented by W. M. Gabb, Geo. Davidson, J. L. LeConte, Edw. D. Cope, J. Lambert, H. Allen, and D. G. Brinton.

Radiates.—Nine echinoderms were presented by W. M. Gabb, Geo. Davidson and J. Adams.

Fossils.—Especially in the department of paleontology has the Museum of the Academy increased during the year. Besides the important addition mentioned in the introductory portion of the report, the following have been received.

A collection of about 3000 specimens of 500 species of fossils from the

[Dec.

triassic, cretaceous, and tertiary formations of California, Nevada and Oregon, deposited by Wm. M. Gabb. Many of the species are types described by Mr. Gabb.

A part of the Poirrier collection of remains of mammals, birds, and fishes from the miocene, pliocene and post-pliocene formations of the valley of the Loire, France, purchased at a cost of \$700, and presented by Messrs. Samuel and John Welsh, Isaac Lea, W. S. Vaux, and John Rice.

The greater part of the skeleton of an enormous extinct saurian, described by Prof. Cope, under the name of Elasmosaurus platyurus, from near Fort

Wallace, Kansas, presented by Dr. Theop. H. Turner.

Two collections consisting of upwards of 1000 specimens of about 40 species of teeth of sharks and other fishes, and many specimens of 16 species of cetaceans, from the miocene formation of Charles Co., Maryland, presented by Prof. Edward D. Cope.

A collection of remains of Lælaps and other extinct reptiles from the marls

of New Jersey, presented by Prof. Cope.

A collection of tertiary and cretaceous plants from Colorado, New Mexico, and Kansas, described by Lesquereux, presented by Dr. John L. Leconte.

L. P. Wheelock presented 58 fossils of the corniferous limestone of Ohio; Col. James Greer, 33 fossils from Ohio; and Rev. E. B. Eddy 17 fossils from

Iowa.

Small collections from Ohio, Virginia, Pennsylvania, Maryland and Nova Scotia and elsewhere, were presented by E. D. Cope, Dr. O. A. Judson, W. M. Gabb, John R. Willis, F. A. Randall, and Dr. J. T. Rothrock. Sixty additional specimens were presented by E. D. Cope, W. M. Gabb, Dr. F. A. Hassler, J. Leidy, E. R. Beadle, Dr. F. V. Hayden, Dr. J. L. LeConte, C. W. Matthews, Gen. John Gibbon, R. H. Lamborn, Dr. N. R. Bradner, John Walton, W. Köhler, G. W. Hall, H. R. Parker and C. W. Peale.

Minerals.—Small collections were received from John R. Willis and C. Guillou, and 40 specimens were presented by Dr. F. A. Hassler, T. D. Rand, W. S. Vaux, E. Draper, T. Guilford Smith, F. Lavergne, B. S. Lymau, E. R. Beadle, S. Tyson, Dr. J. Corse, Mr. Struthers, M. Phillips, T. F. Moss, F. V. Hayden, P. A. Snell, G. J. Ulex, B. A. Hoopes, Mr. Goldsmith and J. H. Claghorn.

Botany.—A collection of California plants were presented by Dr. W. P. Gibbons; 53 plants of New Jersey and Pennsylvania were presented by J. Burke and E. Diffenbaugh; and Dr. George Engelmann, of St. Louis, presented a copy of his Herbarium of the North American Junci.

Comparative Anatomy.—Dr. George Davidson presented skeletons of a male and female Otter, from Alaska. Dr. James L. Corse, presented a collection consisting of jars of embryo mammals, specimens for the microscope, entozoa, 7 human skulls, casts of 4, and the skeleton of an eagle. 23 skeletons, skulls and other specimens were presented by W. Bartram Snyder, I. I. Hayes, Joseph Jeanes, W. S. Vaux, Edward Cope, Wm. M. Gabb, O. N. Bryan, Prof. Von Siebold, of Munich, Edw. Davis, Dr Genth, I. Lea, and E. J. Lewis.

Miscellaneous. - Specimens were presented by Joseph Henry Craven, Rev. A. Grout, J. R. Willis, Wm. M. Gabb, J. B. Ellis, E. Borda, G. H. Horn, Dr. J. A. McConnel, P. Crosby, S. Powell, Rev. W. E. Hunt, and the United States Sanitary Commission.

Respectfully submitted by

JOSEPH LEIDY,

Chairman of the Curators.

# LIBRARIAN'S REPORT.

The Librarian respectfully reports that the number of additions to the Library from January to December, 1868, inclusive, amounts to 1323.

Of these there were volumes, 257; pamphlets, 1055; maps, &c., 11: Total, 1323. 33 were folios; 323 quartos; 952 octavos; 4 duodecimos, and 11 maps. 1868.]

These were derived from the following sources:

Editors, 159; Authors, 111; Societies, 636; Library Fund, 246; Wilson Fund, 105; Minister Public Works, France, 9; Messrs. Townsend & Adams, 8; Publishers, 8; Geol. Survey of Sweden, 4; Geol. Survey of India, 5; Geol. Survey of United Kingdom, 3; Treasury Department, 7; Navy Department, 1; B. Westermann & Co. 1; Wm. M. Gabb, 3; Jos. Jeanes, 1; Surgeon General, 1; Smithsonian Inst., 2; Dr. F. A. Hassler, 2; J. D. Sergeant, 4; Land Office, 1; S. S. Haldeman, 1; Wm. Warren, 1.

And were divided as follows:

Journals, 971; Geology, 80; General Natural History, 56; Entomology, 39; Botany, 28; Conchology, 24; Anatomy, 20; Physical Science, 17; Ornithology, 17; Voyages and Travels, 15; Bibliography, 9; Ichthyology, 9; Mammalogy, 6; Herpetology, 6; History, 8; Helminthology, 3, Mineralogy, 3; Chemistry, 1: Medicine, 1.

In addition to the above, eleven volumes and 113 pamphlets were presented through the Conchological section, making the entire increase 268 volumes and 1179 pamphlets, maps, charts, &c.

The total number of volumes now in the library is 21,964.

During the year 79 volumes have been bound, and 60 additional volumes are now in the hands of the binder.

For expenses of binding, amounts paid for books, salaries, &c., reference is made to the report of the Treasurer of the Academy.

To the list of missing books must be added the first volume of Hewitson's Exotic Butterflies, Bois-Duval and LeConte's Lepidoptera of North America, and Darwin's Journal of Researches in the Beagle, edition of 1845. Although search and inquiry have been made for these works, no information regarding their whereabouts has as yet been obtained. The loss of the first named is particularly unfortunate, as it breaks the suite of a valuable illustrated work, each volume of which is worth about \$25.00 in gold.

The Conchological department is so comparatively complete in itself that it is proposed as an experiment to number the works contained therein, with a view to extending the arrangement to the general library, if, after sufficient experience, it be found to be as beneficial as is anticipated. There is little doubt that the numbering of the books consecutively on the shelves and in the catalogues will greatly facilitate reference, while it will, it is hoped, tend

to prevent misplacements and losses.

Owing to the very small amount of funds annually at the disposal of the Library Committee, but more especially during the past year, the number of books purchased for the use of the working members of the Academy has been entirely inadequate to their wants. The botanical and geological libraries are particularly deficient in the more important works recently published. These are mentioned especially, not because they stand alone in their imperfect condition, but because being most constantly referred to, they should receive the more immediate attention.

Three hundred dollars are annually received from the Wilson legacy, but, far from supplying the wants of the library, this amount is not sufficient to pay for the continuations of the works subscribed for by Dr. Wilson himself, and it has been necessary for the last two years to make up the deficiency from another source. Nor will the sum of \$1000.00, lately appropriated by the Academy, suffice to remedy the evil but for a very short time. This will be readily believed when it is known that the publication price of one work alone, which is required immediately, is \$320.00 in gold.

The Library Fund, by means of which many valuable works have been obtained, was exhausted during the past year, so that in the immediate future, at

all events, no such source of supply will be at hand.

Under these circumstances the propriety of selling certain books in our possession, which have no direct connection with the Natural Sciences, has

Dec.

been suggested. Some years since a large and valuable collection of French Historical Documents, given to the Academy by Wm. Maclure, was thus dis-

posed of greatly to the advantage of the library.

The opinion is now entertained by some of the members of the Academy, that a similar disposition with similarly good results might be made of the collection of works on Antiquities and the Fine Arts now in our possession. This collection embraces some rare and valuable works which are practically worthless to the Academy. If sold to an institution or individual interested in the subjects treated by them, their usefulness would be greatly increased, while means would be provided for obtaining those works which are of the utmost importance to all those engaged in the study of the natural sciences.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

EDW. J. NOLAN, Librarian.

# REPORT OF THE RECORDING SECRETARY.

The Recording Secretary would beg leave to report,-

That during the year ending November 30th, 1868, there have been elected sixty-five members and twenty-one correspondents.

The death of the following members and correspondents have been announced.

Nine members, namely: Edw. B. Grubb, Tobias Wagner, Gen. Geo. A. McCall, Mr. Thomas Earp, Mr. C. F. Hagedorn, Mr. Isaac Barton, Mr. Matthew Newkirk. Mr. Jacob Gilliams.

Four Correspondents, namely: Rev. Mr. E. Johnson, Marcel de Serres, Sir David Brewster, Mr. Clot Bey.

The number of papers contributed and ordered to be printed in the Proceedings and Journal during the year has been forty-nine, as follows:

In the Proceedings thirty-six, namely:

		,	
E. D. Cope	12	Isaac Lea	8
		Thomas Meehan	
Jacob Ennis	1	T. D Rand	1
		W. B. Butcher, M.D	
		Alphonso Wood	
		Joseph Leidy	
Thaddeus Norris		000012000	-1

In the Journal three, namely: Isaac Lea, 1; Joseph Leidy, 1; E. D. Cope, 1.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

S. B. HOWELL, Rec. Sec'y.

# REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON HERPTOLOGY AND ICHTHYOLOGY.

The Committee on Herpetology and Ichthyology respectfully reports:

That there has been added to that part of the Museum under its care the

following collections of Reptiles in Alcohol.

Duplicates of the collections made for the Smithsonian Institution in Vera Cruz, Mexico, by Francis Sumichrast, which are very extensive; the same of collections made for the same in high Guatemala, by Henry Hague; same of collections made in Yucatan, Belize and Tabasco, by Schott, Parsons and Berendt; with other duplicates of collections from Central America. Dupli-

1868.7

cates of collections made in Venezuela, and at Guayaquil, by Messrs. Destruges and Reeve. Duplicates also from the Smithsonian Institution from collections made in San Domingo, by W. Younglove; in Navassa, by W. Raisin; and in Porto Rico, by Geo. Latimer; from San Francisco, Cal., and from Vancouver's Island, made by A. W. Hewson. Also similar series from Arizona, collected by Elliott Coues, M.D., and from Camp Grant in the same Territory made by Dr. Canfield.

In the same manner the Committee has received duplicates of the collections of the Essex Institute, from Madagascar, Zanzibar and Western

Africa.

There have been procured by exchange the large collections made by the Orton Expedition to Equador and the Upper Amazon; also collections from the Cape of Good Hope, the Seychelle Islands, and from Surinam by exchange

with the Historical Society of Long Island.

By presentation the Committee has obtained a fine collection from Beyrut, Syria, which also embraced mammals and other objects; similar collections from Bahia, Brazil; one from Central America, and two from unusual localities in New Grenada. Collections also from California and Lower California, and from Owen's Valley on the boundaries of Nevada. Also smaller collec-

tions from Australia, Africa, Persia and other places in Asia.

Of fishes there have been also numerons additions made to the charge of the Committee. They have not received much in this department by the duplicates of other museums, but have been chiefly dependent on presentation. In this way we have acquired large series of species from the Island of St. Kitts, West Indies, from St. Croix, West Indies, and from the Coasts of Alaska. Also from the rivers of South Western Virginia; from the Alleghany River above Pittsburg; from the branches of the Missouri River near Leavenworth, Kas., and from the Miami River, Ohio. All these are collections of considerable extent.

Smaller collections have been procured from Surinam, Central America, and

Mexico; also from Beyrut, Syria, and from Newport, Rhode Island.

The above collections, embracing a great number of specimens, were sorted, bottled, labelled, and classified in the Museum by the Museum Assistant, thus saving a great deal of time to the Committee, and enabling them to pursue

scientific investigations on such and other material.

The Committee also congratulates itself on the benefits accrning to the committee's department, through the employment by the Curators of a French preparateur. Exclusive of numerous preparations in the department of birds and mammals, the committee have now a series of skeletons of forty species of Reptiles, and eighty of Fishes, obtained at rates far lower than by any other means known to the Committee. At the same time the Museum Assistant has received instruction in preparing skeletons and skins, thus supplying a want which the Committees department and several other departments have experienced for several years past.

Which is respectfully submitted by

EDWARD D. COPE, Chairman. ROBERT BRIDGES.

# REPORTS OF THE CONCHOLOGICAL SECTION.

#### RECORDER'S REPORT.

During the year ending Dec. 3, 1868, there have been elected two members and four correspondents.

The death of one correspondent, Rev. E. Johnson, of Waioli, S. I., was an-

nounced Nov. 5, 1868.

Thirty-five papers have been accepted for publication in the Journal, by the following authors:

Dec.

Prof. O. A. L. Mörch, Geo. W. Tryon, Jr., Wm. M. Gabb, 7 Dr. James Lewis, 4 Wm. Harper Pease, 3 T. A. Conrad, 2 2 Dr. J. G. Cooper, S. R. Roberts, Prof. S. S. Haldeman, 1 Thomas Bland, 1 Dr. P. P. Carpenter, 1

The following amendment to the By-Laws was adopted, adding to Art. X of Chap. XII the words "or of the Academy;" so as to read: "The actual date of publication of any issue of the 'Journal' shall be determined by the published record of its presentation at a meeting of the Section or of the Academy." Respectfully submitted,

S. R. ROBERTS, Recorder.

List of Members elected during 1868 .- Mrs. Lucy W. Say, Dr. F. A. Hassler. Correspondents.—G. B. Sowerby (elected in 1867), London; Rev. E. Johnson, Waioli, S. I. (deceased); Col. E. Jewett, Utica, N. Y.; Dr. Ferd. Stoliczka, Calcutta; Ralph Tate, London.

#### REPORT OF THE SECRETARY.

To the Conchological Section of the Academy of Natural Sciences, Philadelphia;

The Secretary would respectfully report that letters have been received as follows, since the last annual meeting, viz.:

Dec. 31, 1867.—Alpheus Hyatt, Salem, Mass., in acknowledgement of election as correspondent.

Feb. 4th, 1868.—Dr. O. A. L. Mörch, Copenhagen, acknowledgement of elec-Feb. 4th, 1868.—Jabez Hogg, London, with publications forwarded.

April 20th, 1868.—Robt, Dinwiddie, New York. Letter of thanks. May 10th.-G. Nevill, Calcutta. Offering an exchange of specimens.

May 15th .- Prof. S. L. Abbott, Boston. Letter of thanks.

May 26th .- Prof. Jos. Henry, Smithsonian. Letter of acknowledgement. June 13th .- Prof. S. F. Baird, S. I. Letter of thanks.

July 17th.—Dr. O. A. L. Mörch, Copenhagen. Letter of thanks. Oct. 10th .- Dr. Ferd. Krauss, Stuttgardt. Letter of thanks.

Letters have been written as follows, viz.:

April 3d.—To Edmund Draper, Thomas Sparks, and G. W. Fahnestock, of Philadelphia, tendering the thanks of the Section for subscriptions towards the purchase of specimens.

To Geo. Davidson, Germantown, for a fine suite of shells from Alaska. August 17th.—To Jabez Hogg, London, requesting an exchange of publications.

To G. Nevill, Calcutta, accepting proposals for an exchange.

Nov. 2d .- To Dr. E. Von Martens, Berlin.

To M. F. de Malgive, Bruxelles.

To Capt. J. Mitchell, Madras. To M. Tasle, Pere, Varennes, France.

To Baron de Castello de Paiva, Lisbou.

To M. L. de Folin, Havre. To M. Jules Chiron, Paris.

To Dr. Leopold Von Schenck, St. Petersburg, desiring an exchange of publications.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

E. R. BEADLE, Sec'y.

Dec. 3d, 1868.

1868.7

#### CONSERVATOR'S REPORT.

The Conservator of the Conchological Section respectfully reports that the following donations to the Cabinet have been received during the year:

Six hundred and sixty species of shells, principally from the collection of the late Hugh Cuming and for the greater part new to the museum, were presented, as follows: 267 species by Jos. Jeanes, 86 by Geo. W. Tryon, Jr., 46 by Thos. Sparks, 55 by Edm. Draper, 30 by C. F. Parker, 88 by Rev. E. R. Beadle, 45 by Isaac Lea, and by Wm. S. Vaux 42 species and a valuable specimen of Cyprica umbilicata.

- From Dr. Jas. Lewis, seven species of fresh-water shells from the vicinity of Mohawk, N. Y.; also specimens of *Melantho decisa*, Say; *M. rufu*, Hald., and *M. integra*, Say.
- S. R. ROBERTS. A suite of specimens of Anodonta fluviatilis, Soland., from Gray's Ferry, Philadelphia. Deformed specimens of Anodonta implicata, from Thorp's Dam, Philadelphia.
- WM. M. GABB. About 3200 species, numerous specimens of marine, fluviatile and terrestrial shells.
- Geo. W. Tryon, Jr. Fifteen species of Pupa and Vertigo, and two specimens of Bulimus Jaurassii,

JOHN CASSIN. Six species from Natal.

- J. R. Willis. Two specimens of Pecten islandicus from Nova Scotia.
- E. R. Beadle. Fifty-five species of marine, fluviatile and terrestrial shells.
- E. Hall. Fifteen species.
- W. H. Pease. Four hundred and ninety-six species of Australasian shells, principally marine.
- Spiridione Brusina. One hundred and ninety-nine species from the Adriatic Sea.
- EDW. D. COPE. Six species of land shells from Western Virginia.
- WM. G. BINNEY. Helix Cooperi, a unique specimen of an undescribed Helicina, and jaw of Cylindrella trinitaria.
- GEO. DAVIDSON. Sixty-six species, numerous specimens of Alaskan shells.
- ISAAC LEA. Unio ligamentinus, Lam.; U. Tappanianus, eight species of Unio from North Carolina and Georgia; Eurycelon crassa, Hald., Amnicola Downiei and three species of California fresh-water shells.
- M. McDonald. Many specimens of Helix bucculenta from Lexington, Va.
- H. CROSSE. Eighty species, principally marine shells, from New Caledonia and the Adriatic Sea, and terrestrial shells from Dalmatia.
- J. G. COOPER, M.D. Numerous specimens of California fluviatile and terrestrial shells.
- Prof. O. A. L. Mörch. Seven species of fresh-water and land shells from Greenland.
- F. V. HAYDEN, M.D. Nineteen species from Nebraska.
- Geo. H. Horn, M.D. Pisidium insigne, Gabb, Pupa Arizonensis, P. hordacea, Helix Horni.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION. Unio pliciferus, Lea, U. umbrosus, Lea.

- F. A. GENTH. Unio merus, Lea, U. Uhareensis, Lea, and Clausilia Braunii, Charp.
- F. F. CAVADA. Nine species of shells from Cuba.
- JOHN GREGORY. One species of Cypræa and one of Cassidaria.
- Jos. Leidy. Four species from Lake Superior, and two species of Limniadæ from Wyoming Territory; *Planorbis trivolvis* and *Amnicola crassa*.

[Dec

J. A. McConnell. Pearls from Unios from Little Miami River, Warren Co., O. John Ford. Animal of Pyrula canaliculata.

R. E C. Stearns. Very fine specimens of forty species of west-coast shells. Dr. John L. LeConte. One hundred and thirty-four species of Unionidæ, being the collection of the late Major John LeConte.

J. VAN A. CARTER. Four species from Dakota and Wyoming Territory.

T. N. Dale. Specimens of Anomia epphipium.

In presenting this list of the year's donations to the Conchological cabinet, amounting in the aggregate to about 6000 species, your special attention is called to the fine collection of upwards of 3000 species of marine, fluviatile and terrestrial shells presented by Mr. Wm. M. Gabb. This collection is particularly rich in west-coast species, and supplies a very large number of desiderata to our museum The number of rare and interesting species in our possession has also been greatly augmented by the addition of the shells purchased by subscription from G. B. Sowerby, the greater part of which belonged to the collection of the late Hugh Cuming; by nearly 500 species of Australasian shells received from Mr. Wm. Harper Pease, of Honolulu; by the unique collection of Alaskan shells presented by Gco. Davidson, and by many rare and valuable species of Unionidæ contained in the LeConte collection.

Shells have been sent during the year in exchange to Dr A. Brot, of Geneva, A. P. Terver, of Lyons, and W. Harper Pease, of Honolulu. For farther information regarding our foreign relations reference is made to the reports of

the Corresponding Secretary and the Publication Committee.

Catalogues of all the families from Pholadidæ to Tellinidæ, inclusive, having been completed and published during the year, it is the intention of the Section to commence immediately the systematic arrangement of the Conchological collection. A number of members having volunteered to assist, the shells will now be cleaned, labelled and arranged as rapidly as circumstances will permit.

The Conservator has in his possession a photographic album containing sixty-one portraits of members of the Section and of distinguished Conchologists throughout the world. It is hoped that no opportunity will be neglected of soliciting contributions to this interesting collection from our correspond-

ents.

In conclusion, the Conservator would congratulate the members of the Section that, from the successful operations of the past year, they have so much reason to draw encouragement for the future.

Respectfully submitted by

EDW. J. NOLAN, Conservator.

#### LIBRARIAN'S REPORT.

The Librarian respectfully reports that there have been presented during the past year to the library of the Conchological Section, 11 volumes and 113 pamphlets. Of these 58 were received from authors, 31 from editors, 15 from Societies, 7 from the Publication Committee, 4 from Geo. W. Tryon, Jr., 4 from John Cassin, 4 from H. Crosse and 1 from Wm. M. Gabb.

In addition, twenty-seven pamphlets and continuations of Conchological works have been received by the Academy.

In consideration of the comparative completeness of the Conchological Library, the Librarian proposes, with the sanction of the Library Committee, to number the works in this department at as early a date as possible. It is hoped that this plan will facilitate the work of those wishing to refer to the books, while it lessens the chances of volumes being lost or misplaced.

EDWARD J. NOLAN, Librarian.

The election of Officers for the ensuing year was held in accordance with the By-Laws, with the following result:

President..... Isaac Hays, M. D.

Corresponding Secretary..... Edw. D. Cope.

Recording Secretary...... S. B. Howell, M. D.

Librarian..... Edw. J. Nolan, M. D.

Treasurer...... Wm. C. Henszey.

Curators ...... Jos. Leidy, M. D.

Wm. S. Vaux, John Cassin, Edw. D. Cope,

Auditors...... Jos. Jeanes,

Wm. S. Vaux, Aubrey H. Smith.

Publication Committee...... Jos. Leidy, M. D.,

Robt. Bridges, M. D., John Cassin,

Wm. S. Vaux, Edw. J. Nolan, M. D.

The following gentlemen were elected members:

Albert Peale, Franklin Platt, Jr., Edw. A. Spooner, M. D.

The following were elected correspondents:

Geo. Neville, of Calcutta, E. I., and Rev. Dr. Jos. F. Berg, of Rutger's College, N. J.

## ELECTIONS FOR 1868.

The following persons were elected Members:

Jan. 28.-Edward Goldsmith, Joseph F. Sinnott, Rufus Bucknell.

Feb. 25.—C. Newlin Peirce, D.D.S., Stephen Morris, Thos. T. Tasker, Jr., Stephen P. M. Morris, Henry G. Morris, Jas. E. Caldwell.

March 31 .- Richard Peltz.

April 28.—H. C. Chapman, M.D., Charles Wilson Peale, Benj. Bullock, Thomas Webster, Dr. E. Dyer.

May 26.—Edward Lewis, Jas. Freeman, M.D., Wm. Freeman, M.D., S. Fisher Corlies, T. W. Starr, Edwin Rhoades, M.D., T. H. Andrews, M.D., Herbert Morris, M.D., Jas. S. Gilliams, Charles Bullock, Edward L. Huitt, Joseph Zentmayer, August F. Müller, F. F. Maury, M.D., Horace Williams, M.D., W. L. McFadden, Wm. H. Walmsley, Robert W. Hargadine, M.D., T. L. Buckingham.

June 30.—Gilbert Combs, L. S. Bolles, M.D., J. F. Hollt, M.D., Isaac Comly, M.D., Francis P. Steel, Dr. Wm. Thomson, Rodger Sherman, John E. Carter, Wharton Barter.

July 28.—George Roberts, M.D., Levi Taylor.

Aug. 25.—B. Waterhouse Hawkins, Uselma C. Smith.

Sep. 29. - D. G. Brinton, M.D.

Oct. 27.—Philip S. Wales, M.D.

Nov. 24.—W. Mitchell McAllister, Emil Fischer, M.D. Isaac C. Price, Joseph G. Richardson, M.D., Wm. M. Darlington.

Dec. 29.—Albert Peale, Edwin A. Spooner, M.D., Franklin Platt, Jr.

The following were elected Correspondents:

March 31.—Major Geo. Clendon, Jr., Glenns Falls, N. Y.; Dr. Fred. Stoliczka, Calcutta; R. H. Stretch, San Francisco, Cal.

April 28.—Dr. Theophilus H. Turner, U.S.A.; Augustus Fendler, Allentown, Md.

May 26.—A. R. Roesler, Washington, D. C.; Hon. J. S. Wilson, Washington, D.C.; John Tomes, F.R.S., London.

June 30.—Dr. John F. Boynton, New York City, N. Y.; Prof. James Orton, Rochester, N. Y.

July 28.—Wm. T. Bingham, Boston, Mass; Alponse Milne Edwards, Paris, France; Rev. Sam. Haughton, Dublin, Ireland; W. Kitchen Parker, F.R.S., London; T. Spencer Cobbott, M. D.; London.

Aug. 25.—Ralph Tate, Lon. Eng.; Prof. Oliver Wendell Holmes, Boston.

Oct. 27.—A. A. Breneman, Lancaster Co., Penn.; Dr. L. E. Latimer, N. Y.; Dr. H. Evan Rijgersma, St. Mortins, W. I.

Nov. 24.—Prof. H. James Clark, Centre Co., Pa.

 $\it Dec.$  29.—Geo. Neville, Calcutta, E. I.; Rev. Dr. Jos. F. Berg, Rutgers College, N. J.

## CORRESPONDENCE OF THE ACADEMY,

For 1868.

January.-La Société Hollandaise des Sciences, announcing that they have forwarded the Archives Neerlandaise, t. i, 3, 4, 5.

K. K. Zoologisch-botanische Gesellschaft, Wein, acknowledging receipt of Proceedings.

Geological Museum, Calcutta, with their publications for the Library.

Nassauischen Vereins für Naturkunde, Weisbaden, acknowledging receipt of Proceedings and sending publications in return.

Der Naturforschende Verein zu Riga, acknowledging receipt of Proceedings and with publications sent in return.

Geo. W. Davidson, Edinburg. Scotland.

Harrison Allen, resignation of office, Corresponding Secretary.

Real Observatoire de Madrid, with donations for Library.

February.—American Entomological Society;

Der Naturwissenschaftliche Verein Lüneburg;

Naturforschenden Gesellschaft, Berlin, severally acknowledging receipt of Proceedings.

Université Catholique de Louvaine, acknowledging receipt of publications of the Academy, and sending the publications of the University in return.

Die Naturhistoriche Verein, Hanover, with publications. Geo. Davidson, U. S. Coast Survey.

Gesellschaft der Wissenschaften zu Göttingen, with publications.

Thomas A. Scott, Phila.

B. Dyer, S. Abington, Mass.

D. E. Macpherson, conveying information of the death of Sir David Brewster, Feb. 10, 1868.

From Neuwied, conveying information of the death of Prinzen Maximillian zu Wied.

March.-Geological Museum, of Calcutta, India;

Museum at Bergen, Norway;

Essex Institute and Die naturforschende Gesellschaft, severally acknowledging receipt of Proceedings.

Universitatis Carolinæ Lundensis Rector.

Prof. Joseph Henry, Smithsonian Institution.

Chicago Academy of Natural Sciences, with transactions.

Canadian Sec. of State, with Report of the Progress of Canadian Geological Survey, from 1863 to 1866.

K. K. Zool. botan., Gessellschaft, with donations to the Library.

Edward L. Berthoud, Golden City, Colorado, acknowledging receipt of diploma.

April.—Rector de la Universidad de Chilé.

L. S. Ward, Treas, Foreign Missions, New York.

H. H. Jessup, Montrose, Pa.

R. Odinet, Agent of Havre, Boston and Philadelphia Steamship Company.

E. B. Cary, Ann Arbor, Mich.

G. Schwartz, Vienna, acknowledging election as correspondent.

H. B. Wetzell, Phila.

Samuel Jeanes, resignation of membership.

Naturkunde Gesellschaft in Württemburg, acknowledging receipt of Proceedings.

Naturwissenschaftliche Verein zu Bremen;

Académie Royale de Belgique ;

Akademie der Wissenschaften, severally sending publications.

May .- Prof. Joseph Henry.

J. S. Wilson, Geological Museum, Gen. Land Office.

J. F. Williams, Sec. Minnesota Hist. Society.

Boston Society of Nat. History, acknowledging receipt of Proceedings and Journal and accompanied by publications in return.

Zoolog. Museum in Vienna, asking that deficiencies in Academy publications

may be supplied.

M. Sumichrast Orizaba. Jas. M. Fisher, Pittsburg, Pa. S. A. Briggs, Chicago, Ill. William Pepper, M. D., Phila. Jas. Orton, Rochester, N. Y.

June.—John Henry Gurney, Devonshire, acknowledging election as Corresponding member.

A. Ten Brock, Librarian of the University of Michigan;

Warren & Co., Liverpool Steamship Office;

Antonio de Lecerda, Bahia;

Alexander Schyanoff, Kiew;

Lyceum of Natural Hist. of New York, each acknowledging receipt of Proceedings.

Naturforschende Gesellschaft in Dantzig, acknowledging receipts of Proceedings, and presenting publications in return.

La Fondation Teyler à Harlem, presenting publication.

July .- Wharton Barker, acknowledging election.

Essex Institute, acknowledging receipt of Proceedings.

Prof. Joseph Henry, Smithsonian Inst

A. R. Roessler, Washington, Gen. Land Office.

G. W. Coan, Oroomiah, Persia.

Franz Baumgartner, announcing the death of Andreas Freiherrn von Baumgartner.

Real Observatoire de Madrid, with donation for Library.

August.—Royal Geog. Soc. London, sending 37th vol. of Journal.

D. G. Brinton, acknowledging election.

Académie Royale de Belgique, acknowledging receipt of Proceedings.

Nat. Hist. Society of Northumberland, announcing the sending of Nat. Hist. Transactions, and asking for papers in return.

Hungarian Academy of Science, acknowledging receipt of Proceedings and presenting books to the Library.

British Museum ;

Geological Society of London, each acknowledging receipt of Proceedings and Journal.

Linnean Society acknowledging receipts of Jour. and Proceed.

Prof. Joseph Henry.

Edward C. H. Day, Scarsdale, N. Y.

James Orton, Rochester, N. Y.

Dr. G. Radly, Tiflis.

T. H. Turner, Fort Wallace, Kansas.

Alexander Clot Bey, announcing the death of Monsieur Antoine Barthélemy Clot Bey.

September.—Leeds Philosophical and Literary Society;

Naturforschende Verein in Brünn ;

Natural Hist. Society of Northumberland, each acknowledging receipt of Proceedings.

American Pharmaceutical Association, acknowledging receipt of invitation to visit Museum of the Academy.

W. W. Keen, M. D., Phila.

J. A. Allen, Springfield, Mass. James Orton, Rochester, N. Y.

October .- Smithsonian Institution, acknowledging receipt of Proceedings.

Essex Institute, acknowledging receipt of Proceedings.

E. C. Bolles, asking for copies of Journal.

Jas. Orton.

Mahlon Carver.

John S. Hart, of Trenton Normal School, asking privilege of using the Museum

Prof. C. Root, of Hamilton College, acknowledging election.

November .- Jas. D. Dana.

A. R. Roessler, Gen. Land Office.

Thomas Barnett, with casts for the Museum.

Augustus Fendler, acknowledging election.

John Akhurst.

December .- Die Gesellschaft der Wissenschaften, acknowledging receipt of

Proceedings and presenting publications.

Schweizerische Gesellschaft and Naturforschende Gesellschaft, each acknowledging receipt of Proceedings and presenting publications in return. Die Senckenbergische Naturforschende Gesellschaft, presenting publications.

Wm. T. Brigham, Boston.

Prof. O. W. Holmes, Boston.

Whole number of letters received 98.

## DONATIONS TO THE MUSEUM.

## 1868.

(For donations to Conchological cabinet, see Report of Conservator of Conchological Section.)

Adams, C. B. May 5th. Celestus impressus, Jamaica.

Adams, J. July 7th. Coral.

Allen, Dr. H. July 7th. Astacus from Ockoganey River.
Beadle, Rev. E R. Nov. 3d. Gigantic crystal of Felspar from Newcastle Co.,
Del.; eight specimens of Numulitic limestone from Northern Syria; block of permian limestone from Junction City.

Borda, E. March 10th. Specimen of fruit. Bourquin, F. July 7th. Dryopterus, Polypodium. Bradner, Dr. N. Roe. Dec. 1st. Large specimen of Shell Rock from the reefs of Florida.

Brevoort, J. C. Nov. 3d. Loxopholis rugiceps, Cope, from New Grenada. Brinton, Dr. D. G. Nov. 3d. Queen Termite from Cape Palmas, Africa.

Bryan, O. N. May 5th. Skulls of two species of Lepidosteus.
Burk, I. and E. Diffenbach. Jan. 21st. A collection of 53 plants of Pennsylvania and New Jersey.

Claghorn, Jas. H. Nov. 3d. Stalactite from Cave of Addelsburg, Austria.

Clay, Jos. A. Jan. 21st. A serpent from Peru. Cope, E. D. Jan. 7th. One reptile from Brazil, 45 specimens, 9 species of fishes from Conestoga River; 164 specimens, 15 species from Roanoke River; 151 specimens, 34 species from James River, Va.; 644 specimens, 26 species from Kanawha River, Va.; 460 specimens, 33 species from Holston River. Jan. 14th. A collection of upwards of 1000 specimens, 40 species of teeth of sharks and other fishes from the miocene of Charles Co., Md. Jan. 21st. Five species of fishes from Potomac River, 10 species from Wabash River, and 9 species of reptiles from Rocky Mountains. Feb. 4th. Seven species of skins of fishes, many specimens from Brown's Mills, N. J.; small collection of subcarboniferous fossils from west side of Saltville, and from Walker's Mt., Smith Co., Va.; small collection of

coal plants and specimens of coal from carboniferous formation of Richmond, Va.; skins of Arvicola pinetorum, A. Pennsylvanica, Scalops Canadensis, Jaculus Hudsonius and Blarina Carolinensis, from Charles Co., Md. March 3d. Eighteen species of Reptiles, one Crustacean, one Insect, from Central America. March 10th. Large serpent from Vera Paz, C. A., and a small collection of mammals and birds in alcohol from Giles Co., Va. May 5th. Specimens of Neotoma Floridana, Austinville, Wythe Co., Va.; Heterodon from Saltville, Va.; Celestus striatus, Jamaica; and a snake from Central America. May 19th. Nineteen jars of fishes, from Kansas; skull of Globiocephalus melas, from New Jersey. June 2d. A collection of fossil Unionidæ, from the green sand of New Jersey; numerous remains of Lelaps aquilungus, from the green sand of Barnsboro', Gloucester Co., N. J.; femur of Hadrosaurus Foulkii, from the same locality. June 23d. Megaptera pusilla, Cope, from the miocene, Charles Co., Md.; Ixacanthus velox, Cope, from same locality. July 7th. Skeleton of Aspidonectes spinifer, from Alleghany River, Pa.; a Skate from Syria. July 21st. Five mammal skins; a red squirrel; Jacare punctatula; twenty-two jars of reptiles, fishes, &c., from Magdalena River, New Grenada. Sept. 1st. A collection of mammals and reptiles in ten jars, from Bahia, Brazil; six bird skins from St. Bartholomew, W. l. Sept. 15th. Fourteen jars of reptiles, containing fourteen species from various localities. Nov. 3d. Collection of remains of sixteen species of extinct Cetacea from the miocene of Charles Co., Md.; mounted skeleton of Palumedea cornuta; a collection of forty species of reptiles of the Orton Expedition to Equador; a collection of reptiles from Brazil and Central America. Nov. 10th. Crocodilus Americanus from Cuba. (See Welsh.)
Corse, Dr. J. M. Dec. 1st. Four skulls and casts of faces of noted murderers;

numerous jars of embryo sheep of various ages, parasitic animals, fine injections for microscopic observation, and various specimens in comparative anatomy; skull of a Flat-head Indian; two skulls from an ludian mound near Rock Island, III.; skeleton of an Eagle; specimens of copper

Craven, Joseph H. July 7th. Beautiful specimen of Euplectella.

Crosby, Peirce. Aug. 4th. Specimen of Fruit from Para, Brazil.
Davidson, Geo. Jan. 7th. Five specimens of the male and female skeleton of the Sea Otter, from Alaska. March 3d. Fifteen specimens of Fishes, 3 Echinoderms and 2 Crustacea from Alaska.

Davidson, Thos. and George. Aug. 4th. Large and valuable collection of Fishes from Santa Cruz, West Indies.

Davis, Edw. July 21st. Pair of antlers.
Day, Edw. Sept. 1st. A collection of Reptiles in five jars, from Equador.

Dieffenbaugh, E. See Burk.

Draper, E. Jan. 14th. Fine specimen of Pyrites with Blende from Mexico, and specimens of Quartz with Chalybite.

Eldy, Rev. E. B. May 5th. A collection of fossils, consisting of a large coral and 16 brachiopods.

Ellis, J. B. March 3d. Specimen of Tuckahoe, from Newfield, N. J.

Engelmann, G. April 21st. Herbarium Juncorum Boreali Americanoru

Normale ed. G. Engelmann. St. Louis, 1868.

Gabb, Wm. M. Jan. 7th. Forty-five specimens, thirteen species of Reptiles from California. Jan. 14th. Skin of Taxidea Berlanderi, from Central Nevada; four species of Serpents from Lower California; two specimens of a Myriapod and nest of a Mygale from California. Jan. 21st. from Pigeon Springs, a small Rodent from Western Nevada, and a Crotaphytus from same locality; skull of a hare; skins of four species of snakes from Lower California. Feb. 4th. Two specimens of Onychoteuthis fusiformis, Gabb, from Society Islands; five species of Echinoderms from California; two species of Crustaceans from St. Barbara, Cal.; Ilyalonema Sieboldii from Japan. May 5th. Eutænia vagrans from Nevada. Oct. 13th An Agouti from Panama. Oct. 20th. Two specimens of fossil fishes from Hillsborough, N. B. Nov. 3d. Collection of Graptolites, nine species, from Hudson River group, two miles below Albany, N. Y. Nov. 10th. A small collection of remains of fishes from the cretaceous formation of California. Dec. 1st. A large collection of fossils, consisting of about 500 species and 3000 specimens, belonging to the triassic, cretaceous and tertiary formations of California, Nevada and Oregon, deposited.

Genth, Dr. F. A. Aug. 4th. Specimens of Clausilia Braunii, Charpentier, from Weinheim, Hesse Darmstadt; ear-bone of Whale from Gulf of Cali-

Gibbon, Gen. John, through Dr. Wilcox. Aug. 12th. Baculite from near Fort Sanders, Dakota.

Gibbons, Dr. W. P, through Dr. Bridges. Jan. 7th. A collection of one hundred and seventeen California plants.

Goldsmith, E. Oct. 20th. Bole from South Amboy.

Greer, Col. Jas., through Dr. Ruschenberger. Dec. 1st. Five Devonian fossils from Columbus, Ohio; 26 Lower Silurian fossils from Dayton, Ohio; fragment of wood from Drift from Dayton, Ohio; fossil Coral from near same

Grout, Rev. A. Jan. 21st. Ten species of Invertebrates and one Vertebrate,

from Tulu Land, S. Africa.

Guillou, C. July 7th. A small miscellaneous collection of Minerals. July 14th. Fine Testudo geometrica, from Madagascar.

Hall, Geo. W. March 3d. Mastodon tooth from Illinois.

Hassler, Dr. F. A. Dec. 22d. Celestine from Sicily; one Coal, two Hematites from Bibb Co., Ala.; Hematite from Missouri; Mica from Philadelphia, and nine specimens of Coal Fossils from Rhode Island and Mauch Chunk, Pa. Hayden, Dr. F. V. April 21st. Lignite from Colorado, a number of Ostrea

subtrigonalis, and an Inoceramus from Colorado.

Hayes, Dr. I. 1. July 7th. Two skulls of Walrus and two of Esquimanx Dogs.

Hoopes, B. A. Oct. 13th. Fine large crystallized Calcite from Cumberland, England.

Horn, Dr. Geo. H. Jan. 7th. Three species of Reptiles from Arizona. Feb. . 4th. Fresh-water Sponge, near Susanville, Honey Lake Valley, Cal.; tin ore from Temescal, Cal. April 21st. Pisidium from Fort Tejon, Cal.

Hornet's nest. Jan. 7th.

Hunt, Rev. W. E. Nov. 3d. Fragment of Ancient Pottery and Human Bones, with the greater portion of a Scull from Coshocton, Ohio.

Jeanes, Jos. July 7th. Skeleton of Jackal, from Syria.

Judson, Dr O. A. Jan. 21st. A small collection of Fossils from Pike Co., Pa., and the fossil rib of a Cetacean from Virginia.

Kokler, Wm. Dec. 1st. Four Fossils from Hannover, Germany.

Lambert, J. June 23d. A large Spider from Montgomery Co., Pa. Lamborn, R. H. Nov. 3d. Two obscure Fossils from Huronian Slate, St. Louis R., Min.

Lavergne, Felix. Oct. 13th. Three specimens of native Sulphur from Nevis, W. I.

Lea, I.  $D^{\circ c}$ . 1st. Scull of the Mississippi Snapper. (See Welsh.) LeConte, Dr. J. L. Jan. 14th. A Serpent, Spider, Cicada, two Myriapods, and a Lizard from Fort Craig, N. M. April 21st. A collection of Fossil Tertiary and Cretaceous Plants, (recently described by Mr. Lesquereux) from Colorado, New Mexico and Kansas, an Inoceramus from Colorado. May 19th. A collection of upwards of 6000 species of exotic Coleoptera belonging to the late Dr. Zimmerman. Presented by Dr. J. L. LeConte, Dr. E J. Lewis, Dr. Geo. H. Horn, Dr. F. W. Lewis, Isaac Lea, S. S. Haldeman and E. Draper.

Leidy, Dr. Jos. June 2d. Stigmariæ and other coal plants, six species. Lewis. Dr. E. J. Jun. 7th. Portion of the Jaw of a Fish. March 17th. Nyctale Acadica, 2 Cardinalis Virginianus, Sialia Wilsonii, Picus Pubescens, from Harford Co., Md. Oct. 13th. Large collection of Nests and Eggs of Birds, from Harford Co., Md.

Lincecum, Dr. G. Jan. 7th. One hundred and four specimens, fourteen species of Reptiles from Texas.

Nov. 3d. Asphaltum from Trinidad and Matanzas, Cuba; Lyman, B. S. crystals of Smoky Quartz, from Mt. St. Gothard, Sd.

Matthews, C. W. May 5th. Sigillaria from Lawrence Co., Ala.

Mechan, Thos. Jan. 7th. Two fossil remains of Fishes, Amphidectes Gladiolus, Cope, and Polygryphus prehensilis, Cope; from Sandusky, Ohio.

Moss, Theo. F. March 24th. Crystallized Titanium, from Scotland.

Parker, H. R. April 14th. A large Devonian Fossil from Oil Creek, Venango Co., Pa.

Peale, Charles W. June 23d. Calamite from Shamokin, Cumberland Co. Pennock, Homer. July 7th. Five fortification Agates, deposited.

Philips, Moro. June 2d. Three specimens of Ossite from Sombrera, W. I., and a specimen of the same from Ashley River, S. C.

Powell, Saml. Sept 1st. A miscellaneous collection of Marine Animals, consisting of Fishes, Mollusks, Echinoderms, Crustaceans, &c., from Newport, R. I.

Raborg, Wm. Nov. 3d. Chrysothrix Sciureus, from Amazon River.

Rand, Theo. D. March 3d. Stilbite from Flat Rock Tunnel. March 10th. Graphic Granite and Muscovite with Magnetic Iron.

Randall, F. A. Sept. 1st. Two jars of Reptiles from Warren Co., Pa. Oct. 20th. A small collection of Palæozoic Fossils.

Rice, John. See Welsh.

Rothrock, Dr. J. T. March 17th. A small collection, chiefly of Devonian Fossils, from Mifflin, Alleghany and Centre Co's, Pa.

Salt Works, Washington Co., Va. Feb. 4th. Tusk, molar tooth and epiphysis of humerus of Mastodon and ramus of lower jaw of a Bison.

Sergeant, J. D. Oct. 13th. Nest of the Baltimore Oriole, made exclusively of wool and horse-hair, from Western Pennsylvania.

Siebold, Prof. Von. May 19th. Teeth of seven species of Cyprinidæ, with many varieties of specimens.

Skin of an Eel, which weighed 91 lbs., and was caught in Hunter's Lake, Sullivan Co., Pa.

Smith, T. Guilford. March 24th. Five specimens of Gold Ores from Colorado.

Smithsonian Inst. May 5th. Eight species of Amblystoma. Anodonta Yonkanensis, Lea. June 2d. Twenty species of Reptiles from Guayaquil, Quito and Upper Amazon.

Snell, P. A. March 10th. Mass of calcareous Tufa from Utica, Ill.

Snyder, W. B. May 19th. Indian Skeleton, &c., from a mound at Bellevue, Nebraska.

Struthers, Wm. Oct. 13th. Conglomerate from the red sandstone of Portland, Con.

Sumichrist, F. Jan. 7th. Eighty-six specimens, nine species of Fishes from Mexico.

Turner, Dr. Theo. H. Dec. 15th. A collection of fossil remains of a huge Saurian, comprising the greater part of the skeleton, described by Prof. Cope under the name of Elasmosaurus, from about 15 miles of Fort Wallace, Kansas.

Two fossil Fishes from Solenhofen Slate.

Tyson, Saml. Oct. 20th. Three specimens of Wavellite from Chester Co. l'lex, Geo. J. May 19th. Specimen of Struvite from Hamburg.

United States Sanitary Commission. Dec. 15th. A set of instruments consisting of an Andrometer, Spirometer, Dynamometer, Facial-Angle Instrument and Callipers, for Anthropological measurements.

Vaux, Wm. S. March 3d. Fine specimen of Phlogopite, Rossie, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y. March 24th. Skull of Chelone Mydas. July 7th. Skeleton of Fox from Syria. Oct. 6th. Very fine specimen of Tetrahedrite, coated with Pyrites from Liskeard, Cornwall. (See Welsh.)

Walton, Jos. May 5th. Two tertiary fossil Shells from Aquia Creek, Va Acantharchus promotis from New Jersey. Sept. 1st. A Silurian Fossil from the Catskill Mts.

Welsh, Saml. and John. Dec. 22d. A portion of the Poirrier Collection of Remains of Mammals Birds and Fishes from the Miocene, Pliocene and Post-Pliocene formations of the Valley of the Loire, France. Purchased at a cost of \$700.00, and presented by Messrs. Samuel and John Welsh, Isaac Lea, Wm. S. Vaux, Wm. P. Wilstach and John Rice. Obtained through Prof. E. D. Cope.

Westcott, Chas. S. Dec. 1st. Mounted specimen of a Goshawk, Astur palumbarius, from Monroe Co., Pa.

Wheelock, L. P. Feb. 4th. A collection of 58 specimens of fossils, consisting of remains of Fishes, Mollusks and Corals, from the corniferous limestone

near Sandusky, Ohio.

Willis, J. R. Jan. 14th. A collection of Coal Fossils, Minerals, Shells and Crustaceans from Nova Scotia. Jan. 21st. Eight species of Fishes from Nova Scotia; six Invertebrates from same locality.
Wilstach, W. P. See Welsh.
Wood, Dr. H. C. May 5th. A collection of 19 bottles (containing numerous

specimens) of as many species of Phalangidæ.

Wood, Wm. S. Oct. 13th. Young of Cyanura cristata, Picus pubescens and

Melospiza melodia, from New Jersey.
Wright, Jas. A. March 17th. A complete articulated skeleton of the Irish
Elk, (Cervus Hibernicus) together with the skull and fore part of the other bones of another skeleton.

Yarnal, H. June 23. Deer from near Kane, McKean Co., Pa.

## DONATIONS TO THE LIBRARY.

## 1868.

## JOURNALS AND PERIODICALS.

### NORWAY.

Christiana. Det Kongelige Norske Fredericks Universitets, Aarsberetning for Aaret 1866-1867. From the University. Forhandlingar i Videnskabs-Selskabet i Christiania. Aars 1865 and 1866,

1866—1867. From the Society. Throndhjem. Det K. Norske Videnskabers-Selskabs Skrifter det 19de Aarhundrede. 5te Bands, 1ste Heft, 1865. Also from 2 Band, 1ste Heft, to 4de Band, 1ste Heft, 1824-1846. From the Society.

### DENMARK.

Kjobenhavn. Oversigt over det Kongelije Danske Videnskabernes Selskabs. 1866, No. 7; 1867, Nos. 4 and 5. From the Society.

Mémoires de la Société Royale des Antiquaires du Nord, 1850-1860, 1861.

1866. From the Society.

Tillaeg til Aarbger for Nordisk Oldkyndighed og Historie, aargang 1866-1867. From the same.

Det Kongelige Danske Videnskabernes Selskabs Skrifter, Sjette Bind, and Femte Rackke, Syvende Bind, 1867. From the Society.

### RUSSIA.

Dorpat. Sitzungsberichte der Naturforschenden Gesellschaft zu Dorpat in den

Jahren 1853—1863. From the Society. Archiv für die Naturkunde Liv-Ehst und Kurlands. Herausgegeben von der Dorpater Naturforscher Gesellschaft. Erste Serie. 3er Band, 3e and 4e Lief.; 4er Band, 1e Lief., zweite Serie. Biologische Naturkunde, 6er Band, le ünd 2e Lief., 7er Band, 1e Lief., 1862-1867. From the Society.

Moscou. Bulletin de la Société Impériale des Naturalistes de Moscou, 1867,

Nos. I-IV. From the Society.

Correspondenzblatt des Naturforscher Vereins zu Riga, 16er Jahrg, 1867. From the Society.

St. Petersburg. Bulletin de l'Academie Imperiale des Sciences de St. Petersburg. Nos. 2-5, 1868. From the Society.

Memoircs de l'Académie Impériale des Sciences des St. Petersburg. VIIe Serie, Tome XI. Nos. 9-18, 1868. From the Society.

### HOLLAND.

Jaarboek van de Koninklijke Akademie van Wetenschappen Amsterdam. 1866. From the Society.

Verslagen en Mededeelingen der K. Academie van Wetenschappen. Afdeeling Letterkunde. Tiende Deel, 1866. From the Society.

Processen-Verbaal van der Gewone Vergaderingen der Koninklijke Akademie van Wetenschappen. 1866-7. From the Academy.
Rapport fait a l'Academie Royale des Sciences des Pays-Bas, section Phy-

sique. 1868. From the Academy.

Harlem. Archives du Musée Teyler. Vol. 1, Fasc 1, 2 and 3me, 1868. From

the Museum. Archives Neerlandaises des Sciences Exactes et Naturelles; published by the Dutch Society of Sciences. Vol. 2, Parts 3, 4 and 5. La Haye, 1867. From the Society.

### GERMANY.

Altenburg. Mittheilungen aus dem Osterlande; published by the Gewerbe Vereine, Naturforschenden Gesellschaft and the Bienen wirthschaftlichen Vereine of Altenburg. Vol. XVIII, Parts 1 and 2, 1867. From the Societies.

Mittheilungen aus dem Osterlande, gemeinschaftlich herausgegeben von Künst und Handwerks-Vereine, von der Naturforschenden Gesellschaft und vom Landwirthschaftlichen Vereine zu Altenburg. Vols. 1-13.

1837-1857. From the Society.

Augsburg. Neunzehnter Bericht des Naturhistorischen Vereins in Augsburg, 1867. From the Society.

Archiv für Naturgeschichte. Herausgegeben von Dr. F. H. Troschel. 32er Jahrg, 6es Heft, to 34er Jahrg, 1es Heft. From the Editor.

Zeitschrift für die Gesammten Naturwissenschaften. Herausgegeben von dem Naturw. Vereine für Sachsen und Thuringen in Halle. 29er, 30er und 31er Banden. From the Society.

Zeitschrift der Deutschen geologischen Gesellschaft. XIX Band, 2 Heft,

to XX Band, 2 Heft. From the Society. Physikalische Abhandlungen der K. Akademie der Wissenschaften zu Berlin aus dem Jahre 1866. Mathematische Abhandlungen aus dem Jahre 1866—1867, From the Society.

Monatsbericht der K. P. Akademie der Wissenschaften zu Berlin. Aug. 1867, to Juli, 1868. From the Society.

Sitzungs-Berichte der Gesellschaft Naturforschender Freunde zu Berlin im

Jahre 1866-1867. From the Society.

Wochenschrift des Vereines zur Beförderung des Gartenbaues in den Königl. Preussischen Staaten für Gartuerei und Pflanzenkunde. Nos. 26-52, 1867; Nos. 1-28, 1868. From the Society.

Berliner Entomologische Zeitschrift. Herausgegeben von dem Entomologischen Vereine in Berlin. 11er Jahrg, 1867, 3es and 4es Vierteljahr-

sheft, und 12er Jahrg, 1es und 2es Vierteljahrsheft. From the Society. Verhandlungen des Naturhistorischen Vereines der preussischen Rheinlande und Westphalens. 24er Jahrg, 1ste und 2te Haffte, 1867. From the Society.

Braunschweig. Archiv für Anthropologie. 2er Band, 3es Heft; 3er Band, 1es and 2es Heft. From the Library Fund.

Bremen. Abhandlungen heransgegeben vom Naturwissenshaftlichen Vereine zu Bremen. 1 Bd., III Heft, 1868. From the Society.

Brunn. Verhandlungen des Naturforschenden Vereines in Brunn. Vol. 5,

1866, 1867. From the Society. Budan. A Magyar Tudom. Akademia Eökonyvei. 1835—1862. 8 Vols., 4to.

From the Royal Hungarian Academy of Science.

Cassel. Journal für Ornithologie. Herausgegeben von Dr. Jean Cabanis. Heft V and VI, XV Jahrg., and Heft I-III, 16 Jahrg., 1867. From the Wilson Fund.

Malakozoologische Blätter. Herausgegeben von Dr. Louis Pfeiffer. 15 Band, 1-5 Bog, and pp. 145 to 224. From the Wilson Fund.

Danzig. Schriften der Naturforschenden Gesellschaft in Danzig, 1868. From

the Society. Darmstadt. Notizblatt des Vereines für Erdkunde und Verwandte Wissen-

schaften zu Darmstadt. III Folge, V Heft, 1866. From the Society. Dresden. Sitzungs-Berichte der Naturwissenschaftlichen Gesellschaft Isis in Dresden. Jahrgang 1867, Nos. 4 to 12; 1868, Nos. 1-6. From the So-

Verhandlungen der Kaiserlichen Leopoldino-Carolinischen deutschen Akademie der Naturforscher. 33er Band, 1867. From the Society.

Frankfurt-am-main. Der Zoologische Garten. VIII Jahrg. 1867, No. 7, to 1868, No. 6. From the Editor.

Abhandlungen, herausgegeben von der Senckenbergeschen Naturforschenden Gesellschaft. 6 Bandes, 3 and 4 Heft. 1866-67. From the Society.

Jahresbericht über die Verwaltung des Medicinalwesens. Herausgegeben von dem Aerztlichen Verein. VIII Jahrg., 1864-1867. From the Society.

Freiburg, I. B. Berichte über die Verhandlungen der Naturforschenden Gesellschaft zu Freiburg I B. Band IV, Heft V, 1867. From the Society.

Görlitz. Abhandlungen der Naturhistorischen Gesellschaft zu Görlitz. 13er Band, 1868. From the Society.

Gotha. Mittheilungen aus Justus Perthes Geographischer Anstalt. XI, 1867, to 1X, 1868. Ergangsungsheft, Nos. 22 and 23. From the Library Fund.

Göttingen. Nachrichten von der K. Gesellschaft der Wissenschaften und der Georg-Augusts-Universität aus dem Jahre 1867. From the Society. Hannover. Funfzehnter, Sechszehnter und Siebenzehnter Jahresbericht der

Naturhistorischen Gesellschaft zu Hannover, 1867. From the Society. Entomologisches Archiv. Herausgegeben von Dr. Theo. Thon. Erster

Band, Erstes bis 4es Heft. 2er Band, 1es Heft. 1827-1829. From the Library Fund.

Zoologisches Magazin. Herausgegeben von Dr. C. R. W. Wiedeman. Band I and Band 2, Stück 1. Kiel, 1817, and Altona, 1823. From the Library Fund.

Schriften der K. Physicalish-Okonomischen Gesellschaft zu Königsberg. 6er Jahrgang, 1865, 1 and 2 Abth., 7er Abth., 1866, 1 and

2 Abth. From the Society.

Zeitschrift für Wissenschaftliche Zoologie, herausgegeben von Carl T v. Siebold und Albert Kölliker. 18er Band, les Heft to 3es Heft, 1868. Namen Register über Band, I-XV, 1868.

Archiv für Anatomie, Physiologie und Wissenschaftliche Medecin. Herausgegeben von Drs. Reichert und Bois Reymond. 1867, Heft 5, to 1868, Heft 3. From the Library Fund.

Jenaische Zeitschrift für Medecin und Naturwissenschaft herausgegeben von der Medicinisch-naturwissenschaftlichen Gesellschaft zu Jena. 3er

Band, 4es Heft, 1867. From the Society.

Berichte über die Verhandlungen der k. s. Gesellschaft der Wissenschaftten zu Leipzig; Mathematisch-Physische Classe, 1866, Nos. IV and V, 1867, Nos. 1 and II, 1867. From the Society. Des VIII Bandes der Abhandlungen der Math.-Phys.-Classe der k. s.

Gesell. der Wissen. Nos. IV and V. Leipzig, 1867. From the Society.

Sechsundzwanzigster Bericht über das Museum Francisco-Carolinum. 1866. From the Museum.

Acta Universitatis Lundensis, 1865. Four parts, 1865-66. From the University.

Mannheimer. Dreiunddreissigster Jahresbericht des Mannheimer Vereins für Naturkunde, 1867. From the Society. Annalen der Königlichen Sternwarte bei München. Vols. XV and

XVI, 1867. From the Society.

Abhandlungen der Mathematisch Physikalischen Classe der K. B. Akademie der Wissenschaften. Zehnten Bandes, 1 ste Abth. Historischen Classe. 9en Bandes, 3e Abth. 1866. From the Society.

Sitzungsberichte der K. B. Akademie der Wissenschaften zu München. 1866, II, Heft II, to 1867, II, Heft II. München 1866-67. From the

Society.

Neubrandenburg. Archiv des Vereins der Freunde der Naturgeschichte in Meklenburg. 21 Jahrg., 1868. From the Society.

Offenbach, A. M. Achter Band des Offenbacher Vereins für Naturkunde über seine Thätigkeit vom 31 Mai 1866, bis 12 Mai, 1867. From the Society. A. Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia Jegyzokonyvei. 1863-4-5. From

the Royal Hungarian Academy of Science.

Magyar Akademiai Ertesito. 1859-1865. From the Royal Hungarian

Academy of Science.

Mathematikai es Termeszettudomanyi Koslemenyek vonatkozolag v hazai viskonyokra I, II, III, Kotet, 1861-5. From the Royal Hungarian Academy of Science.

M. Tudom. Akademiai Almanach 1864-5-6. From the Royal Hun-

garian Academy of Science.

Sitzungsberichte der K. B. Gesellschaft der Wissenschaften in Prag 1867. Jan.—Dec. From the Society. Abhandlungen der K. B. Gesellschaft der Wissenschaften vom Jahre

1867, 6ste Folge 1er Band, 1868. From the Society. Regensburg. Correspondenz-Blatt des Zool.-Mineralogischen Vereins in Regensburg. 21st year. Verzeichniss der Sammlungen des Zool. Mineral. Vereins in Regensburg, 1867. Both from the Society.

Flora oder allgemeine botanische Zeitung. Published by the Royal Bavarian Botanical Society of Regensburg. New Series, vol. 25, 1867. From

the Society.

Entomologische Zeitung. Herausgegeben von dem Entomologischen

Vereine zu Stettin. 28er Jahrg., 1867. From the Society. Stuttgart. Neues Jahrbuch für Mineralogie, Geologie und Palæontologie. Jahrg., 1867, 6es Heft, to 1858, 5es Heft. From the Editors.

Jahreshefte des Vereins für vaterlandische Naturkunde in Wurttemberg.

23er Jahrg., 1867. From the Society.

Wurttembergische Naturwissenschaftliche Jahresheft; 24er Jahrg., 1es und 2es Heft, 1868. From the Editors.

n. Sitzungsberichte der K. Akademie der Wissenschaften. Mathematisch-Naturwissenschaftliche Classe, 54er Band, V Heft, 1 and 2 Abth, to 56er Band, 5 Heft, 2c Abth. From the Society. Denkschriften der K. Akademie der Wissenschaften, Mathematisch

Naturwissenschaftliche Classe, 26er und 27er Banden, 1867. From the Society.

Jahrbuch der K. K. Geologischen Reichsanstalt, Jahrg. 1867. 17 Band. Nos. 2-4; 1868, Nos. 1-2. From the Society.

Verhandlungen der K. K. Zoologisch botanischen Gesellschaft in Wien.

Jahrg. 1867. XVII Band. From the Society.

Verhandlungen der K. K. Geologischen Reichsanstalt. 1867, Nos. 10-13; 1868, No. I. From the Society. Wiesbaden. Jahrbücher des Nassauischen Vereins für Naturkunde. 19es und

20cs Heft, 1864-1866. From the Society.

Wurzburg. Verhandlungen der Physicalisch-Medicinischen Gesellschaft in Wurzburg. Neue Folge, 1 Band, 1 Heft, 1868. From the Society.

Naturwissenschaftliche Zeitschrift, Herausgegeben von der Physikalisch-Medicinischen Gesellschaft. 6er Band, IV Heft, 1866-67. From the Society.

### SWITZERLAND.

Basel. Verhandlungen der Naturforschenden Gesellschaft in Basel. 4er Theil,

4es Heft, 1867. From the Society. Mittheilungen der Naturforschenden Gesellschaft in Bern aus dem Jahren., 1856-1867. 1856-1858. From the Society.

Geneva. Actes de la Société Helvétique des Sciences Naturelles, 1841-43-46-52-53-61. From the Society.

Bulletin de la Société Ornithologique Suisse. Tome 1, 2e Partie, and Tome 2, 1re Partie, 1866. From the Society.

Bibliotheque Universelle et Revue Suisse. Archives des Sciences Physiques et Naturelles. Nouvelle Période. Tome 30me, No. 119, to Tome 33, No. 130, 1867. From the Editors.

Lausanne. Bulletin de la Société Vaudoise des Sciences Naturelles. Vol. IX, Nos. 51 and 58, 1868. From the Society.

Neuchatel. Bulletin de la Société des Sciences Naturelles de Neuchatel. VII,

part 3, 1867. From the Society. St. Gallen. Bericht über die Thätigkeit der St. Gallischen, Naturwissenschaftlichen Gesellschaft während des Vereinsjahres, 1866-67. 1867. From the Society.

Zürich. Verhandlungun der Schweizerischen Naturforschen. Gesellschaft bei ihrer Versammlung zu Zürich, 1841-42. 1846-51; 1854, 1856—1858, 1861—1864, 1867. From the Society.

### BELGIUM.

Bruxelles. Annales Meteorologiques de l'Observatoire Royale de Bruxelles, Par A. Quetelet. 1re Annee, 1867. From the Observatory.

Annuaire de l'Academie Royale des Sciences, des Lettres, et des Beaux-Arts de Belgique, 1868. 34 me Année. From the Academy.

Bulletins de l'Academie Royale des Sciences, des Lettres et des Beaux-Arts de Belgique. 36me Annee, 2me Ser., T. XXIV, 1867. From the Academy.

Memoires Couronnés et Autres Memoires publiés par l'Academie Royale des Sciences, &c., de Belgiques. Collection in 8vo. Tomes 19 and 20.

Quarto, Tome 33, 1868. From the Society.

Louvain. Annuaire de l'Université Catholique de Louvain, 1868. 32e Année.

From the Society.

Mons. Memoires et Publications de la Société des Sciences des Arts et des Lettres du Hainaut. Mons 1868, III Serie, Tome 2eme. From the Society.

### FRANCE.

Augers. Memoires de la Société Impériale d'Agriculture, Sciences et Arts d' Angers. New Series, 1867. Parts 3 and 4. From the Society.

Memoires de la Société Academique de Maine et Loire, 19me and 20me Vols., 1866. From the Society.

Bordeaux. Memoires de la Société des Sciences Physiques et Naturelles de Bordeaux. Tome V, Paris 1867, 2e et 3e Cahier et Extraits des Procés-Verbaux. From the Society.

Memoires de l'Académie Impériale des Sciences, Arts et Belles Lettres

de Caen, 1868. From the Society.

Memoires de l'Academie Imperiale des Sciences, Belles-Lettres et Arts

de Lyon. Classe des Sciences. Tome 16me. From the Society. Orleans. Memoires de la Société d'Agriculture, Sciences, Belles-Lettres et Arts d'Orleans. Second Série. Tome XI, No. 2, to 1868, Part I. From the Society.

Bulletin Mensuel de la Société Impériale Zoologique d'Acclimatation.

2me Série, Tome IV, No. 12, to Tome V, No. 10. From the Society. Revue et Magasin de Zoologie pure et appliquée Par M. F. E. Guerin-Méneville. 1867, No. 12, to 1868, No. 7 and Nos. 9-11. From the Editor.

Annales des Mines. 6me Série, Tome XI, 2e Livr, XIII, and 3re Livr.

From the Minister of Public Works, France.

Memoires de la Société Nationale et Central d'Agriculture. Annees 1848 to 1865. Twenty-five volumes, 8vo. From the Society.

Bulletin des Seances de la Sociéte Impériale et Centrale d'Agriculture de France. Eleven volumes, 8vo 1856-1868. From the Society. Journal de Conchyliologie. 3e Serie, Tome VIII, Nos. 1-3, 1868. From

the Editors.

Nouvelles Archives du Museum d'Histoire Naturelle de Paris. 2me Fasc,

Tome 4 me, 1868. From the Library Fund.

Actes de l'Académie Impériale des Sciences, Belles-Lettres et Arts de Bordeaux. 3e Serie, 29e Année, 1867, 2me-4me Trimestre, 1867. From the Society.

Journal de l'Anatomie et de la Phys. de l'Homme et des Animaux, publié par M. Chas. Robin. Nos. 1 to 5, 1868. From the Wilson Fund.

Memoires de l'Academie Impériale des Sciences, Belles-Lettres et Arts de Lyons, Classe des Lettres. Tome 13me, 1866-68. From the Society. Annales de la Société Linneenne de Lyon. Année, 1867. Tome 15me,

1868. From the Society. Annales de la Société Entomologique de France. Tome 7me, 1-4

Trimestre, 1868. From the Society. Annales des Sciences Naturelles. 5me Serie, Botanique. From Tome VII, No. 3, to Tome VIII, No. 6. Zoologie, Tome VIII, Nos. 1-6. From the Library Fund.

### ITALY.

Bologna. Rendiconto delle sessioni dell' Accademia delle Scienze dell Istituto di Bologna, Anno Accademico 1865-1867. From the Society.

Memorie dell' Accademia delle Scienze dell Instituto di Bologna. Serie II. Tome V, Fasc. 3 and 4. Tome VI, Nos. 1-4, 1866-67. From the Society.

Atti dell' Accademia Gioenia di Scienze Naturali in Catania. Terza, Tomo 1. 1867. From the Society.

Societa Reale di Napoli Rendiconto dell' Accademia delle Scienze. Fisiche e Mathematiche. Anno IV, Fasc. 4, to Anno VI, Fasc. 5. From the Society.

Atti dell' Accademia delle Scienze, Fisiche e Mathematiche. Vol. II, 1865. From the Society.

Palermo. Giornale di Scienze Naturali ed Economiche 1867. Vol. III, Parts 1-4. 1867. From the Royal Technical Institute, Palermo.

Torino. Memorie delle Reale Accademia delle Scienze di Torino. onda, Tomo XXIII. 1866. From the Society.

Atti della R. Accademia delle Scienze di Torino. Vol. Il, Disp. 4-7. 1867. From the Society.

### PORTUGAL.

Lisboa. Journal de Sciencias, Mathematicas, Physicas e Naturaes, publicado sob as auspicios da Academia Real das Sciencias de Lisboa. Nums. I and II. 1866-67. From the Society.

Madrid. Anuario del Real Observatorio de Madrid. Anno VIII, 1868. From the Observatory.

### GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

Dublin. The Journal of the Royal Dublin Society. No. 36. 1867. Society.

Edinburgh. Proceedings of the Royal Society of Edinburgh. Session 1866-67.

Vol. VI, No. 71. From the Society.

Transactions of the same. Vol. XXIV, Part 3, for the Session 1866-67. From the Society.

Transactions of the Botanical Society. Vol. IX, Part 1, 1867. From the Society.

Proceedings of the Royal Physical Society. Sessions 1862-1865. From the Society.

Glasgow. Transactions of the Geological Society of Glasgow. Vol. II, Part

3, 1867. From the Society. Proceedings of the Philosophical Society of Glasgow. Vol. VI, Nos. 1, 2 and 3. 1865-1867. From the Society.

Philosophical and Literary Society. The Annual Report for 1867-68.

From the Society.

Report of the Geological and Polytechnic Society of the West Riding of Yorkshire. 1867, 1868. From the Society.

London. Proceedings of the Royal Society. Vol. XVI, Nos. 95 to 99. From the Society.

Journal of the same. Vol. II, Part 5. 1868. From the Society.

Transactions of the same. Vol. 157, Part 2. 1867. From the Society. Royal Horticultural Society's Proceedings. Vol. I, New Series, Nos. 9-11. From the Society.

Quarterly Journal of Microscopical Science. New Series. Nos. 29 to 31.

From the Library Fund.

The Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society of Great Britain and Ireland. New Series. Vol. III, Part 1. 1867. From the Society. The Journal of Anatomy and Physiology. Second Series, Nos, 1 and 2.

From the Library Fund.

Journal of the Society of Arts and the Institutions in Union. Vol. XV. 1866-67. From the Society.

The Journal of the Chemical Society. Oct., 1867, to Sept., 1868. From the Society.

The Student and Intellectual Observer. Nos. I to XI. From the Library Fund.

Proceedings of the Scientific Meetings of the Zoological Society of London for the year 1867. Parts II and III. 1868, Part I. From the Society. Transactions of the same. Vol. VI, Parts 4-7. From the Society.

Proceedings of the Royal Institution of Great Britain. Vol. IV. Part 3.

and Vol. V, Parts 1 to 4. From the Society.

The Journal of the Linnean Society. Botany, Vol. IX, No. 40, Vol. X, Nos. 41—47. Zoology, Vol. X, Nos. 36 to 42. 1867-68. From the Society.

The Transactions of the Linnean Society of London. Vol. XXVI, Part the First. 1868. From the Society.

The Journal of the Royal Geographical Society. Vol. 37. 1867. From the Society.

Proceedings of the same. Vol. X1, No. 3, to Vol. XII, No. 4. From the

Society.

The Annals and Magazine of Natural History. Vol. XX, No. 117, Third Series, to Vol. II, No. 11, Fourth Series. 1867. From the Library Fund.

The London, Edinburgh and Dublin Philosophical Magazine and Journal of Science. Vol. 34, No. 229, to Vol. 36, No. 244. From the Library Fund.

Notes and Queries. Aug., 1867, to Oct., 1868. From the Editor. Trübner's American and Oriental Literary Record. Nos. 31, 32, 34, 37 and 39. Jan., 1868. From the Publishers.

The Athenaum Journal. Nos. 2093 to 2110, and 2119 to 2131. 1867-68.

From the Library Fund.

Journal of the Statistical Society of London. Vol. XXXI, Parts 2 and 3. From the Society.

The Popular Science Review. Edited by Henry Lawson, M.D. Nos. 26-29. From the Library Fund.

The Ibis, a Quarterly Journal of Ornithology. New Series, Nos. 12 to 15. Edited by Alfred Newton, M.A. From the Library Fund.

Publications of the Palæontological Society. Vols. XIX-XXI. 1868. From the Wilson Fund.

The Journal of Travel and Natural History. Vol. I, Nos. 1-4, 1868. From the Library Fund.

The Quarterly Journal of the Geological Society. Vol. XXIII, Parts 4 and

5; Vol. XXIV, Parts 1—3. Nov. 1, 1867. From the Society.

New Castle upon Tyne. Transactions of the Tyneside Naturalists Field Club.

Vol. I, Pts. 1—3, 5; Vol. II, Pt. 4; Vol. III, Pts. 1—4; Vol. IV, Pts. 1

—4; Vol. V, Pt. 1; Vol. VI, Pt. 2. 1848—1864. From the Society. Natural History Transactions of Northumberland and Durham. Vols. I

and II. From the Natural History Society, Northumberland.

### UNITED STATES.

Boston. Bulletin of the Public Library of the City of Boston. No. 7, 1868. From the Trustees.

Proceedings of the Boston Society of Natural History. From Vol. XI, p. 209, to Vol. XII, p. 80. From the Society.

Memoirs read before the same. Vol. I, Pt. 3, 1868. From the Society. Condition and Doings of the same. May, 1868. From the Society.
Annual of the same. 1868-69. I. From the Society.
Buffalo. Thirty-second Annual Report of the Executive Committee of the

Young Men's Association of Buffalo. 1868. From the Association.

Cambridge. Proceedings of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences. Vol. VII, pp. 185-344. From the Society.

Memoirs of the same. New Series. Vol. IX, Pt. 1. 1867. From the So-

First Annual Report of the Trustees of the Peabody Museum of American

Archæology and Ethnology. 1868. From the Trustees. Chicago. The Pharmacist. Vol. I, Nos. 1 and 2. 1868. From the Editor.

Transactions of the Chicago Academy of Sciences. Vol. I, Part 1. 1867. From the Society.

New Haven. The American Journal of Science and Arts. Second Series. Nos. 133 to 128. From the Editors.

New York. Annals of the Lyceum of Natural History. Vol. VIII, Nos. 15, 16, 17, 1867. From the Lyceum.

New York Medical Journal. Feb., 1868. Vol. VI, No.5, to Vol. VIII, No. 3. From the Editors.

The Chemical News and Journal of Physical Science. Vol. II, No. 1, to Vol. III, No. 2, and Vol. III, Nos. 5 and 6. Jan., 1868. From Messrs. Townsend and Adams.

American Journal of Mining. Vol. V, Nos. 7 to 26. 1868. From the Editor.

The American Athenaum. April 11th and 25th, and May 2d. From the Publisher.

The Galaxy: an Illustrated Magazine. Vol. V, No. 5. May, 1868. From the Publishers.

Philadelphia. Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences. 1867, No. 4, to 1868, No. 3. From the Publication Committee.

The American Journal of Medical Sciences. Edited by Isaac Hays, M.D.

Nos. 110, 111 and 112. New Series. From the Editor. The Dental Cosmos. New Series. Vol. X, Nos. 1 to 12. From the Editor.

Transactions of the Odontographic Society of Pennsylvania. Vol. 1, 1864. From the Society.

The Medical News and Library, 1868. From the Editors.

The Gardener's Monthly, edited by Thos. Meehan. Vol. X, Nos. 1 to 12. From the Editor.

The American Journal of Conchology, 1867. Vol. 3, No. 3. to Vol. 4, No. 3. From the Publication Committee.

Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society. Vol. X, Nos. 78 and 79. From the Society.

American Journal of Pharmacy. Vol. 40, Nos. 1 to 6. Third Series. March 1868. From the Editor.

Proceedings of the American Pharmaceutical Association at the Fifteenth Annual Meeting, held at New York City, Sept., 1867. From the Association.

Transactions of the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania at its

19th Annual Session. Fifth Series, Part I, 1868. From the Society. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. Vol. I, Nos. 3 and 4; Vol. 2, No. 1. From the Society.

Forty-fifth Annual Report of the Mercantile Library Co., of Philada., January, 1868. From the Mercantile Library Co.

Lippincott's Magazine. Vol. 1, No. 1. Jan., 1868. From the Editor. Salem. The American Naturalist. From Vol. 1, No. XI, to Vol. 2, No. X. 1868. From the Library Fund.

Proceedings of the Essex Institute. Vol. 5, Nos. 5 to 7, 1867. From the Society.

San Francisco. Proceedings of the California Academy of Natural Sciences. Vol. III, Part V, 1867. From the Society.

Memoirs presented to the California Academy of Sciences. Vol. 1. Pt. 1. Catalogue of Pacific Coast Mosses. By Leo Lesquereux, 1868. From the Society.

St. Louis. The Transactions of the Academy of Science of St. Louis. Vol. 2, 1861-1868. From the Society.

Warrenton, N. C. Transactions of the 15th Annual Meeting of the Medical Society of the State of North Carolina, held at Warrenton, N. C., 20th May, 1868. From the Society.

Washington. Reports of the National Academy of Sciences, 1868. From the Academy.

Monthly Report of the Director of the Bureau of Statistics, Treasury Department. From Oct. 26, 1867 to Aug., 1868. From the Department. Worcester. Proceedings of the American Antiquarian Society, Oct. 21, 1867.

From the Society. Proceedings of the same, with reference to the death of Hon. Levi Lin-

### CANADA.

Montreal. The Canadian Naturalist and Geologist. New Series. Vol. III, Nos. 3 and 4. May, 1867. From the Editor. Second Annual Report of the Montreal Sanitary Association, 1868. From

the Association.

coln. From the Society.

Toronto. The Canadian Entomologist. Vol. I, Nos. 1 and 3, 1868. From the Editors.

The Canadian Journal of Industry, Science and Arts. New Series, No. 66, Dec. 1867. From the Editors.

### CUBA.

Habana. Repertorio Fisico Natural de la Isla de Cuba. Director Felipe Poey, Tomo II, Nos. 8 to 20. From the Editor.

### SOUTH AMERICA.

Santiago. Anales de la Universidad de Chile. Seven volumes, from 1860-1866. From the University of Chile.

Annuario Estadistico de la Republica de Chile, Entrega 2-7, 1861-65. From the University of Chili.

### ASIA.

Batavia. Natuurkundig Tijdeschrift voor Nederlandsch Indie, Uitgegeven door de Koninklijke Natuurkundige Vereeniging in Nederlandsch Indie.

Deel 29, Zesde Serie, Deel IV. Afl. 2—4, 1866. From the Society.

Bombay. The Journal of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society.

No. XXIV, Vol. VIII, 1865-66. From the Society.

Calcutta. Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India. Palæontologia Indica.

V, 1—4, VI, Parts I and II, 1867. From the Society.

Annual Report of the same. Eleventh year 1866-67. From the Survey.

Shanghai. Journal of the North China Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society. New Series. No. IV, Dec., 1867. From the Society.

### OTHER SCIENTIFIC WORKS.

Addenda to last Edition of Gray's Manual of Botany. From the Author. Agassiz, Mr. and Mrs. Louis. A journey in Brazil. 8vo. Boston, 1868. From the Wilson Fund.

Alder and Hancock. Notices of some new and rare British species of naked Mollusca. From Alabany Hancock through the Conchological Section. Additions to the British species of Nudibranchiate Mollusca. From the

Remarks on the genus Eolidina of M. de Quaterfages. From the same. Notice of a collection of Nudibranchiate Mollusca made in India by Walter Elliot. 4th Tract. From the same.

Descriptions of two new species of Nudibranchiate Mollusca. From the same.

Notice of some new species of British Nudibranchiata. From the same. Report on the British Nudibranchiate Mollusca. London, 1845, From the

Descriptions of a new Genus of Nudibranchiate Mollusca, with some new species of Eolis. From the same.

Descriptions of Pterochilus, a new genus of Nudibranchiate Mollusca and two new species of Doris. From the same.

Allen, Harrison. Outlines of Comparative Anatomy and Medical Zoology.
Philada., 1869. From the Author.

American Ethonology. A paper on a general society for the study of American Antiquities. From the Publishers.

Amunategui, M. L. Descubrimiento i Conquista de Chile, Santiago, 1862. From the University of Chili.

Annual Report of the Surgeon General U.S. A., 1868. From the Surgeon General.

Annual Mortnary Report of the Board of Health of the City of New Orleans, from the 1st of Jan. to the 31st of Dec., 1867. From the Board of Health.

Barnes. Map of Philadelphia. From the Library Fund.

Barrande, J. Cephalopodes Silurieus des Orthoceres. Prague, 1868. From the Author.

Barrio, Don Paulino de. Noticia obre el Terreno Carbonifero de Coronel J. Lota. Santiago, 1857. From the University of Chili.

Bell, A. M. Visible Speech; the science of Universal Alphabetics. 1 vol. and two pamphlets. From the Author.

Benecke, E. W. Geognostisch-Paläontologische Beiträge. Erster Band, III

Heft. München, 1868. From the Library Fund.

Benoit, L. Illustrazioni sistematico critica Iconografica de Testacei Estramarini della Sicilia ulteriore e delle Isole circostanti. Quaderno 1-4. Napoli, 1857. From the Author, through the Conchological Section.

Bentham, Geo. Handbook of the British Flora, 8vo. London, 1868. From the Library Fund.

Bergh, R. Anatomisk Undersogelse Sancara Quadrilateralis. Kjobenhaven,

1863. From the Author, through the Conchological Section.
Bigsby, J. J. Thesaurus Siluricus, the Flora and Fauna of the Silurian
Period. With addenda. London, 1868. From the Author Biographies des Membres de la Société Impériale et Centrale d'Agriculture de

France, 1848-1853. From the Society.

Bischoff, Dr. Th. L. W. Ueber die Brauchbarkeit der in Verschiedenen Europaischen Staaten Veroffentlichten Resultate des Recrutirungs Geschäftes; Munchen, 1867. From the Royal Bavarian Academy.

Blanford, Wm. T. On Opisthostoma, Blanford. From the Author, through

the Conchological Section.

Bland, Thos. Notes on certain Terrestrial Mollusca, with description, of new species. From the Author, through the Conchological Section.
Bodley, R. L. In Memoriam. Isaac Barton, Philada., 1868. From the

Authoress.

Boheman, H. Monographia Cassididarum. 4 vols., 8mo. Holmiæ, 1850-62. From the Library Fund.

Boot, F. Illustrations of the Genus Carex. Part Fourth. London, 1867.

From the Library Fund.

Bourguignat, M. F. R. Mollusques nouveaux, litigieux ou peu connus. 5me et 8me Fasc. Paris, 1865. From Geo. W. Tryon, Jr., through the Conchological Section.

Bowling, W. K., M.D. Historical Address to the Graduating Class of 1868, in the Medical Department of the University of Nashville. 2d edition. Nashville, 1868. From the Author.

Briseuo, Don R. Estadistica Bibliografica de la Literatura Chilena. Santiago

1862. From the University of Chili.

Bronn, H. G., Dr. Continued by Dr. Gerstacker. Klassen und Ordnungen des Thier Reich's; Vol. 5, Parts 5 and 6, Leipzig and Heidelberg, 1868. From the Wilson Fund.

Brot, Dr. A. Etudes sur les Coquilles de la Famille des Nayades qui habitent le Bassin du Léman. Bale et Geneva, 1867. From the Author, through the Conchological Section.

Materiaux pour servir a l'Etude de la Famille des Melaniens additions et Corrections au Catalogue Systematique des especes qui composent la Famille des Melaniens. Geneve, 1868. From the Author. Brown, Robt. Miscellaneous Botanical Writings. Ray Society, London, 1867.

From the Wilson Fund.

Brush, Geo. J. On Sussexite. From the Author.

Brusina, S. Prinesci Malakologiji Hrvatskoi. From the Author, through the Conchological Section.

Burat, M. A. Traité du gisement et d'exploitation des Mineraux Utiles 1re. and 2re Partie. Paris, 1858-59. From the Wilson Fund.

Capello, F. de B. Descripcao de Algumas especies Novas ou pouco conhecidas de Crustaceos e Arachnidions de Portugal e possessoes Portuguezas do Ultramar. Lisboa, 1866. From the Author.

Descripcao de Tres Especies Novas de Crustaceos da Africa Occidental.

Lisboa, 1864. From the Author.

Carte, Alex., M.D. On the Anatomy of Balænoptera rostrata. From the Author.

Catalogue of the Unios, Alasmodontas and Anodontas of the Ohio River and its northern tributaries, adopted by the Western Academy of Natural Sciences of Cincinnatti. From the Academy, through the Conchological Section.

Gill, T. Systematic Arrangement of the Mollusks of the Family Viviparidæ and others, inhabiting the United States. From the Author, through

the Conchological Section.

Catalogue of the published Maps, Sections, Memoirs and other publications of the Geological Survey of the United Kingdom up to Oct., 1867. London, 1867. From the Survey.

Catalogue of Books added to the Library of Congress from Dec. 1, 1866, to Dec. 1, 1867. Washington, 1868. From the Librarian of Congress. Catalogue of Works in the Library of the American Entomological Society.

Philadelphia, 1868. From the Society.

Catalogue of Scientific Papers, 1800 to 1863. Completed and published by the Royal Society of London, Vol. I. London, 1867. From the Society.

Catalogue of Meteorites in the Museum of the Geological Survey of India. Calcutta, 1867. From the Survey.

Censo jeneral de la Republica de Chili levantado el 19de Abriel de 1865. Santiago de Chile, 1866. From the University of Chili.

Chalmas, Munier. Description d'un Nouveau Genre du Kemmeridge-Clay.

From the Author. Chapman, Jas. Travels in the Interior of South Africa, comprising fifteen years' Hunting and Trading. 2 Vols., 8vo. London, 1868. From the Library Fund.

Chevrier, F. Essai Monographique sur les Nysson du Bassin du Léman (Insectes Hymenoptères). 1867. From the Author.

Chile bajo el Imperio de la Constitucion de 1828. Santiago de Chile, 1861. From the University of Chili.

Circular No. 1. War Department, Surgeon-General's Office. Report on Epidemic Cholera and Yellow Fever in the U.S. Army during 1867. Washington, 1868. From the Surgeon General.

Clavis Poetica Antiquæ Linguæ septentrionalis quam e lexico poetico. Sveinbjornis Egilssonii collegit et in ordinem redegit Benedictus Gröndal (Egilsson). Edidit Societas Regia Antiquariorum Septemtrionalium. Hafniæ, 1864. From the Northern Society of Antiquaries.

Concha i Toro, M. Chile durante los Anos de 1824-1828. Santiago, 1862.

From the University of Chili.

Contributions to the Ichthyological Fauna of Japan. 2 Vols. From Mr. Wm. M. Gabb.

Cook, G. Report of the State Geologist, Prof. Geo. Cook, for the year 1867. Trenton, N. J., 1869. From the Author.

Cox, J. C. A Monograph of Australian Land Shells. Sydney, 1868. From

the Author, through the Conchological Section.

Crosse, H. Un Mollusque bien Maltraité, ou comment M. Victor Hugo comprend l'organization du Poulpe. From the Author, through the Conchological Section.

Descriptions de Coquilles nouvelles. From the same.

Dahlborn, G. A. Hort Underrattelse om Skandinaviska Insekters. Lund, 1857. From the Library Fund.

D'Arrest, H. L. Siderum Nebulosorum Observationes Havnienses. Havniæ, 1867. From the Royal Danish Society of Science.

Das Staatsbudget und das Bedurfniss für Kunst und Wissenschaft. Hannover, 1866. From the Natural History Society.

Faune Malacologique de la Vallée de Bareges. From the Author, Debeaux, O. through the Conchological Section.

Diagnose d'une espèce nouvelle d'Helix de l'Ile de Corse. From the Author, through the Conchological Section.

De Candolle, M. A. Lois de la Nomenclature Botanique. Paris, 1867. From the Library Fund.

Prodromus Systematis Naturalis regni vegetabilis. Pars 16, Fasc. 2. Paris, 1868. From the Wilson Fund.

De Laporte, F. L., et H. Gory. Histoire Naturelle et Iconographie des Insectes Coleopteres, publiée par Monographies séparées. 8vo. Text 4 Vols.,

Plates 2 Vols. Paris, 1837. From the Library Fund. Deshayes, G. P. Note sur le genre Trochotoma. From the Author, through the Conchological Section.

Des Moulins, M. Ch. De la Classification de certaine Opercules de Gastéro-

podes. Bordeaux, 1867. From the Author. Letter à Monsieur François Crépin. Bordeaux, 1868. From the Author. Des Principaux Fossiles recueillis par les members de la Société à Caze-neuve. Bordeaux, 1868. From the Author.

Descriptions et Figures des quelques Coquilles Fossiles du Terrain tertiaire

et de la craie. Bordeaux, 1868. From the Author.
Donati, Antonio D. Trattato de semplici, pietre, et Pesci Marini che Nascono nel lito de Venetia la maggior parte non conosciuti da Teofrasto, Dioscoride, Plinio, Galeno et altri Scrittori. In Venetia, 1631. From S. S. Haldeman.

Dozy et Molkenbaur. Bryologia Javanica. Fasc. 55-57. Lugduni Batavorum,

1867. From the Wilson Fund. Drouet, H. Mollusques terrestres et fluviatiles de la Cote d'Or. From the

Author, through the Conchological Section.

Du Bocage, J. V. B. Sur quelques Mammiferes rares et peu connus d'Afrique occidentalis, qui se trouvent au Museum de Lisbonne. From the Author.

Noticea acerca des caracteres e affinidades Naturaes de um Novo genera de Mammiferos Insectivoros da Africa occidental Bayonia Velox (Potamogale velox, Du Chaillu). Lisboa, 1865. From the Author. Apontamentos para a Icthyologia de Portugal Peixes Plagiostomos. Pre-

meira Parte. Lisboa, 1866. From the Author.

Instruccoes practicas sobre o modo de colligir, preparar e remetter productos zoologicos para O. Museo de Lisboa. Lisboa, 1862. From the

Dubois, C. F. H. Oiseaux de l'Europe, suite aux Planches Colories des Oiseaux de la Belgique. 226-233me Livrs. Bruxelles, 1867. From the Wilson Fund.

Dunker, Dr. W. Palæontographica. Beiträge zur Naturgeschichte der Vorwelt. 18er Band, le Lief. Cassel, 1868. From the Wilson Fund.

Ehrenberg, C. G. Ueber die seit 27 Jahren noch wohl erhaltenen organisations Preparate des mikroskopischen Lebens. 4to. Berlin, 1862, From the Author.

Edwards, Wm. H. The Butterflies of North America. Part 1st. Philadelphia, 1868. From the Author.

Engelmann, G. Revision of the North American species of the Genus Juneus. St. Louis. From the Author.

Erdmann, A. Exposé des Formations quaternaires de la Suède. Texte and Atlas. Stockholm, 1868. From the Author.

Erichson, W. F. Naturgeschicte der Insecten Deutschlands. Erste Abthei-Coleoptera. Erster Band, 2c Halfte, 1e Lief. Berlin, 1868. From the Wilson Fund.

Five photographs of Inscription rock and one of Mushroom rock. From Edw. Miller.

Fleury, A. L., Prof. Gold in an Amorphous and Chemically combined Con-

dition in Nature. Boston, 1868. From the Author.

Flint, A., M.D. The Physiology of Man. Alimentation; Digestion; Absorption; Lymph and Chyle. New York, 1867. From the Wilson Fund.

Forrest, Capt. T, A Voyage to New Guinea and the Moluccas. 4to. London, 1829. From M.J. D. Sergeant.

Fouque, M. Rapport sur les Tremblements de Terre de Cephalonie et de Metelin

en 1867. From the Anthor.

Premier Rapport sur une Mission Scientifique a l'Ile de Santorin. From

the Author.

Rapport sur les phenomenes Chimiques de l'Eruption de l'Etna en 1865. From the Author.

Fourteen Theses. From the University of Louvain.

Gassies, J. B. Malacologie terrestre et d'Eau douce de la region intra-littorale de l'Aquitaine. From the Author, through the Conchological Section.

Gastaldi, B., translated by C. H. Chambers. Lake Habitations and Pre-historic Remains in the Turbaries and Marl-beds of Northern and Central Italy. 8vo. London, 1865. From the Library Fund.

Geinitz, Dr. Hanns Bruno. Die Fossilen Fischschuppen aus dem Plänerkalke in Strehlen. From the Author.

Genth, F. A. Contributions to Mineralogy. From the Author. Geological Survey of California. Geology. Vol. I. 1865. From the Library

Palæontology. Vol. II. Section 1, Part 1. Tertiary Invertebrate Fossils. Mining Statistics, No. 1. Geographical Catalogue of the Mollusca. From Mr. Wm. M. Gabb.

Geologist of Iowa, First and Second Annual Report of the. Desmoines, Iowa. From the Author, Charles A. White, M.D.

Geological Survey of Canada. Report of Progress from 1863 to 1866. Ottawa, 1866. From the Director.

Geological Maps of Sweden, four. From the Geological Bureau, Sweden.

Gerstacker, Dr. A. Bericht über die Wissenschaftlichen Leistungen im Gebiete der Entomologie während der Jahre 1865 und 1866. 1ste Halfte. Berlin, 1868. From the Library Fund.

Gervais, Paul. Zoologie et Palæontologie générales. Nouvelles Recherches sur les Animaux Vertébrés dont on trouve les ossements enfouis dans le

sol, etc. First Series, livraisons 3-7. Paris. From the Library Fund. Gould, J. Birds of Great Britain; Parts XI and XII. Birds of Australia, Supplement; Part IV. Birds of Asia; Part XIX. From the Wilson Fund.

Graesse, J. G. T. Tresor de Livres rares et precieux. Supplement. 1re Partie.

Tome VIII, Livr. 11. Dresde, 1867. From the Wilson Fund.

Grassies, J. B. Malacologie terrestre et d'Eue Douce de la region intra littorale

de l'Aquitaine. Paris, 1867. From the Author. Grote, A. R., and C. T. Robinson. Notes on the North American Lepidoptera contained in the British Museum, and described by Francis Walker. From the Authors.

Descriptions of American Lepidoptera. No. 3. From the Author.

Guichenot, M. Catalogue des Scaridés de la Collection du Musée de Paris. From the Author. Notice sur une Nouvelle Espece de Poissons appartenant au Genre des

Rhombes du Museum de Paris. From the Author. Catalogue des Poissons de Madagascar de la Collection du Musée de Paris.

From the Author.

Guldberg et Waage. Etudes sur les affinites Chimiques. Christiania, 1867.

From the University of Christiania.
Gunther, C. L. G. The Record of Zoological Literature, 1866. Vol. III.
London, 1867. From the Library Fund.

Gunther, A. Catalogue of the Fishes in the British Museum. Vol. VII. London, 1868. From the Wilson Fund.

Gyula, Spiegler. Uj Modszer az adott szambol annak Termeszetes Logarithmusat, es viszont, Logarithmusi Tablak Nelkul Kiszamitani. A Magyar Akademia elebe terjesztette Spiegler Gyula. Pest, 1858.

Hancock, A. Notes on Brecinum undatum. From the Author, through the

Conchological Section.

Notes on the Excavating Sponges. From the same. On the Anatomy of Antiopa Spinolæ. From the same.

On certain points in the Anatomy and Physiology of the Dibranchiate Cephalopoda. From the same.

On the Anatomy of Doriopsis. From the same.

On the Organization of the Brachiopoda. From the same. Haines, W. A. Catalogue of the Terrestrial Shells in the Collection of Wm. A. Haines. From the Author, through the Conchological Section.

Hancock and Embleton. On the Anatomy of Eolis, a genus of Mollusks of the order Nudibranchiata. From Albany Hancock, through the Conchological Section.

On the Anatomy of Doris. From the same.

Hayes, Dr. I. 1. The Progress of Arctic Discovery. From the Author.

Heer, Dr. O. Flora fossilis Arctica. Zurich, 1868. From the Library Fund. Hentz, N. M. Edited by Samuel H. Scudder. Supplement to the descriptions of the Araneides of the United States. From the Editor.

Hewitson, Wm. C. Exotic Butterflies. Parts 65-67. From the Wilson Fund. Illustrations of Diurnal Lepidoptera. Part 3, Lycænidæ. London, 1867.

From the Wilson Fund.

Hidalgo, Dr. J. G. Catalogue des Mollusques Testaces Marins des Cotes de l'Espagne et des Isles Baleares. From the Author, through the Conchological Section. Historio Jeneral de la Republico de Chile. Santiago de Chili, 1866. From

the University of Chili. Hogg, J. The Lingual Membrane of Mollusca and its value in Classification. From the Author, through the Conchological Section.

Hoopes, J. The book of Evergreens. 8vo. New York. From the Author. Hornes, Dr. M. Die Fossilen Mollusken des Tertier Beckens, von Wien; Vol. 2. Nos. 7 and 8, Bivalves. Published by Imperial Geological Society

of Vienna. From the Society. Hyatt, Alph. Observations on Polyzoa, sub-order Phylactolæmata. From the

Author, through the Conchological Section.

Investigation of the Distance of the Sun. From Dr. Hassler.

Iconographie Generale des Ophidiens. Jan, Prof. et M. F. Sordelli. to 28me Livr. From the Wilson Fund.

Koch, Dr. L. Die Arachniden-Familie der Drassiden. 7er Heft. Nurnberg, 1867. From the Library Fund.

Krause, Dr. W. Die Anatomie des Kaninchens. Leipzig, 1868. From the Library Fund. Kubinyi Ferenz. A Teve és Ló Kubinyi Ferenez Pesten, 1859. From the

Huugarian Academy of Science.

Kuhn, M. Felices Africanæ Lipsiæ, 1868. From the Library Fund.

Larroque, Don L. Imforme sobre los Depositos de Guano de Mejellones. Santiago, 1863. From the University of Chili.

Layard, E. L. The Birds of South Africa, Cape Town, 1867. From the Library Fund.

Lea, Isaac. Descriptions of 12 new species of Unionidæ from S. America, &c. From the Anthor.

Le Clerc, C. H. Bibliotheca Americana. Paris, 1867. From Messrs. Westermann & Co.

Le Conte, J. L., M.D. Notes on the Geology of the Survey for the Extension of the Union Pacific Railway, from the Smoky Hill River, Kansas, to the Rio Grande. Philad., 1868. From the Author.

Lehmann, M. Description des Insectes recueillis, par M. Ménétries. St. Peters-

burg, 1848. From the Library Fund.

Lesley, J. P. Man's Origin and Destiny, sketched from the platform of the Sciences. Philada., 1868. From Joseph Jeanes.

Lindstöm. Om Gotlands Nutida Mollusker. From the Author, through the Conchological Section.

List of the Vertebrated Animals living in the Gardens of the Zoological Society of London. London, 1868. From the Society.

Mackenzie, G. S. Travels in the Island of Iceland during the Summer of the year 1810. 2nd ed. 4to. Edinburgh, 1812. From Mr. J. D. Sergeant. Malmgren, Dr. A. J. Annulata Polycheta Spitsbergiæ Groenlandiæ, Islan.

diæ, et Scandinavia hactenus cognita. Helsingforsiæ, 1867. From the Author.

Massalongo A. Studii sulla Flora Fossile e Geologia Stratigrafica del Seni-galliese. Imola, 1859. From the Library Fund.

Marcou, J. Une ascension dans les Montagnes Rocheuses. Paris, 1867. From the Author.

Distribution Geographique de L'Or et de l'Argent aux Etats Unis et dans les Canadas. Paris. From the Author.

Marsh, Prof. O. C. Observations on the Metamorphosis of Siredon into Amblystoma. From the Author.

Notice of a new species of Fossil Horse. From the Author.

On the origin of the so-called Lignilitis or Epsomites. From the Author. Martens, E. V. Die Preussiche Expedition nach Ost-Asien, Zoologische Abtheilung. Erster Band. 1ste Halfte, 2er Band. Berlin, 1865, 1867. From the Library Fund.

Martini und Chemnitz. Systematisches Conchylien Cabinet Fortgesetzt von H. Kuster. Vol. 1, Part 78. Nurnberg, 1868. From the Wilson Fund. Mayer, Joseph. Address to the members of the Historic Society of Lancashire

and Cheshire. Liverpool, 1868. From the Author.

Meigs, J. A., M. D. Correlation of the Physical and Vital Forces. An Inaugural Address. Philada., 1868. From the Author.

Mejer, O. L. Die Veranderungen in dem Bestande der hannoverischen Flora

seit, 1780, nachgewiesen. Hannover, 1867. From the Author. Melloni, M. Elettroscopio del. Napoli, 1854. From the Author. Melsheimer, F. E. Catalogue of the described Coleoptera of the United States. Revised by S. S. Haldeman and J. L. Le Conte. Washington, 1853. From the Library Fund.

Meteorologiske Jagttagelser paa Christiana Observatorium for 1866. Chris-

tiana, 1866, 1857. From the University of Christiania.

Milde, J. Felices Europæ et Atlantidis Asiæ Minoris et Sibiriæ. Lipsiæ, 1867. From the Wilson Fund.

Miquel, F. A. G. Annales Musei Botanici Lugduno Batavi. Tome 1, Fasc. 1X and X. Tome 2 and Tome 3, Fasc. 1—5. Amstelodami, 1867. From the Museum.

Milne-Edwards, M A. Recherches anatomiques et paleontologiques pour servir a l'histoire des Oiseaux Fossiles de la France. Livrs. 11-22. Paris, 1867. From the Library Fund.

Recherches anatomiques, zoologiques et paleontologiques sur la Famille des Chevrotians. Paris, 1864. From the Author.

De la Famille des Solanacées. Paris 1864. From the Author.

Le Baccalaureat èn Sciences Histoire Naturelle. Paris, 1864. From the Author.

De l'Existence de l'homme pendant la Periode Quaternaire dans la Grotte-Lourdes. Paris, 1862. From the Authors.

Observations sur l'Appareil respiratoire de quelques Oiseaux. From the Anthor.

Description de quelques Crustacés nouveaux apparténant a la Tribu des Maines. From the Author.

Sur la faune Ornithologique de l'epoque quaternaire. From the Author. Révision des Crustacés Macroures de la Famille des Atyoidées. From the Author.

Sur un cas de Transformation du Pedoncule oculaire en une Antenna observé chez une Langouste. From the Author.

Note sur un Crustacé décrit comme fossile et qui vit encore aujourd hui dans l'Ocean Indien. From the Author.

Histoire des Crustaces Podophthalmaires Fossiles. Paris, 1861. From the Author.

Etudes Zoologiques sue les Crustaces Recents de la Famille des Portuniens. Paris, 1861. From the Author.

De l'Influence de la proportion de phosphate de Chaux contenu dans les Aliments sur la Formation du Callous. Paris, 1856. From the Author. Etudes Chimiques et Physiologiques sur les Os. Paris, 1860. From the

Authors.

Observations sur l'Existence de divers Mollusques et Zoophytes a de tres grandes profondeurs dans la Mer Mediterranee. Paris, 1861. From the Author.

Lecons sur la Physiologie et Anatomie Comparee de l'Homme et des Animaux. Tome 9me, 1re Partie. Paris, 1868. From the Library Fund.

Rapport sur les Progrès recents des Sciences Zoologiques en France. Paris, 1867. From the Library Fund.

Mitchell, S. W. Experimental Contributions to the Toxicology of Rattlesnake Vcnom. New York, 1868. From the Author.

Molkenbaur. Bryologia Javanica, Fasc 53 and 54. From the Wilson Fund. Mörch, O. A. L. Faunula Molluscorum Insularum Færoensium. From the Author, through the Conchological Section.

Abrégé de l'histoire de la Classification modern des Mollusques, basee principalement sur l'armature Linguale. From the Author.

Morelet, A. Mollusques terrestres et fluviatiles par Arthur Morelet, 1868. From the Author.

Voyage du Friederich Welwitsch execute par ordre du Gouvernment Portugais dans les Royaumes d'Angola et de Benguella. Mollusques Terrestres et fluviatiles. Paris, 1868. From the Author.

The American Beaver and his works. Philadelphia, 1868. Morgan, L. H. From the Library Fund.

A Conjectural Solution of the Origin of the Classificatory System of Relationship. Cambridge, 1868. From the Author.

Mortillet, G. de. Materiaux pour L'histoire positive et philosophique de l'homme; 3rd year, No. 9, to 4th year, No. 9. Paris, 1868. From the Library Fund. Morse, Edw. S. Observations on the Terrestrial Pulmonifera of Maine. From

the Author, through the Conchological Section.

Description of new species of Pupadæ. From the same.

Synopsis of the Fluviatile and Terrestrial Mollusca of the State of Maine. From the same.

Mueller, Dr. C. Walpers. Annales Botanices Systematicæ. Tomi Septimi. Fasc I. Lipsiæ, 1868. From the Wilson Fund.

Munier-Chalmas. Description d'un nouveau genre du Kimmeridge-Clay. From H. Crosse, through the Conchological Section.

National Department of Education. Circular No. 13. Washington, 1868. From

the Department. Neilreich, Dr. Aug. Diagnosen der in Ungarn und Slavonien bisher beobachteten Gefässpflanzen welche in Koch's synopsis nicht enthalten

sind. Wien, 1867. From the Author. Newcomb, S. On the Secular Variations and Mutual Relations of the Orbits

of the Asteroids. Cambridge, 1860. From Dr. Hassler. Nichol, R. The Sugar Insect, Acarus sacchari, found in raw sugar. From the

Author.

Norges Officielle Statistik udgiven i Aarets 1866-67. Ten pamphlets. From the University of Christiania.

Norris, T. American Fish Culture, embracing all the details of artificial breeding and rearing of Trout, the culture of Salmon, Shad and other Fishes. Philadelphia, 1868. From the Author.

Notice sur les cartes geologiques de Victoria (Australie) et des Iles Brittanniques. Paris, 1868. From the Author.

Observaciones Meteorologicas efectuadas en el Real Observatorio de Madrid.

Madrid, 1868. From the Observatory.

Oratoria Sagrada. Tomo 1. Santiago, 1866. From the University of Chili. Paladilhe. Nouvelles Miscellanées Malacologiques. 1er Fasc. Paris, 1866. From the Author, through the Conchological Section.

Palæontologie Française, ou description des Animaux Invértebrés fossiles de la France. Terrain Crétacé, Livr. 24. Terrain Jurassique, Livrs. 13

and 14. From the Wilson Fund.

Parker, W. K. A Monograph on the Structure and Development of the shoulder Girdle and Sternum in the Vertebrata. London, 1868. Published by the Ray Society. From the Wilson Fund.

Second copy of the same. From the Royal Society. Paulucci, M. Description d'un Murex fossile du Terrain Tertiaire Subappenin de la Vallée de l'Elsa. From H. Crosse, through the Concholog'l Section. Payne, M. The Institutes of Medicine. 8th edition. New York, 1867. From

the Author.

Peabody Institute of the City of Baltimore. The Founder's Letters, &c. Baltimore, 1868. From the Institute.

Petenji S. Janos. Hatrahagyott Munkai Irta Kubinyi Ferinze. Pest, 1864.

From the Royal Hungarian Academy of Science.
Peters, W. C. H. Naturwissenschaftliche Reise nach Mossambique. Zoologie,

Petzholdt, Dr. A. Das Torflager von Awandus im Kirchspiele St. Simons in Ehstland. From the Author.

Pfeiffer, Dr. L. Novitates Conchologicæ. Land Conchylien. 27 to 32e Lief. Cassel, Venus, pp. 87—126. From the Wilson Fund.

Philpson, Dr. T. L. The Utilization of Minute Life. London, 1868. From the

Library Fund.

Pictet, F. J. Mélanges Palæontologiques. 4me Livr. Bale et Genève, 1868. From the Library Fund.

Portlock, J. E. Report of the Geology of the County of Londonderry and of parts of Tyrone and Fermanagh. Dublin, 1843. From the Survey of the United Kingdom.

Pratt, N. A. Ashley River Phosphates. Philadelphia, 1868. From the Author. Public Ledger Building, Philadelphia, with an account of the proceedings connected with its opening, June 20, 1867. Philadelphia, 1868. From Geo. W. Childs.

Quaterfages, M. Observation sur une brochure de M. Ed. Claparède, intitulee De la structure des Annélides. From the Author.

Rabenhorst, L. Flora Europæa Algarum Aguæ dulcis et submarinæ. Sectio III. Lipsiæ, 1868. From the Library Fund.

Rawson, Governor C. B. Report on the Bahamas Hurricane of Oct., 1866, with a description of the city of Nassau, N. P. From the Author.

Redfield, J. H. Chart of the Bahamas Hurricane of October, 1866. From the Author.

Reeve, L. Conchologia Iconica. Parts 266 to 273. From the Wilson Fund. Reichenbach, H. G. Xenia Orchidacea. 2er Band., 5es und 6es Heft. Leipzig, 1868. From the Wilson Fund,

Reichenbach, H. T. L. Monographia Pselaphorum dissertatio Entomologica. Lipsiæ. From the Library Fund.

Report of the Librarian of Congress for the year ending Dec. 1, 1867. From

the Author. Report of the Commissioner of the General Land Office for the year 1867. Washington, 1867. From the Land Office.

Report of the Secretary of the Navy, Dec., 1868. Washington. From the Navy Department.

Resumen de las observationes Meteorologicas. Madrid, 1867. From the Observatory.

Rico y Sinobas, Don Manuel. Libros del Saber de Astronomia del Rey D. Alfonso X. de Castilla. Vol. V, Part 1. Madrid, 1867. From the Royal Academy, Madrid.

Rosenhauer, W. G. Die Thiere Andalusiens. 8vo. Erlangen, 1856. From

the Library Fund.

Saussure, H. De. Reise der Osterreichischen Fregatte Novara um die erde in den Jahren 1857, 1858, 1859. Zoologischer theil, 2er Band. Hymenoptera. Wien, 1867. From the Royal Vienna Academy.

Necrologie de M. Louis Necker. From the Author.

Note Supplémentaire sur les Mammiferes du Mexique. From the Author. Schlegel, M. H. Recherches sur la Faune de Madagascar et de ses dependances. Mammiferes et Oiseaux. Livrs. 1, 2 et 3. Leyde, 1867. From the Library Fund.

Schmidt, A. System der Europäischen Clausilien und ihrer nächsten Verwandten. Cassel, 1868. From Geo. W. Tryon, Jr., through the Concho-

logical Section.

Schneider, Dr. P. Topographische Anatomie des Vorderhalses beim Kaninchen

und der Kehlkopf desselben. Berlin, 1868. From the Library Fund. Schrenck, Dr. L. Reisen und Forschungen in Amur Lande in den Jahren 1854-56. Vol. II, Part 3. Mollusca of the Amur and North Japan Seas. St. Petersburg, 1867. From the Wilson Fund.

Schultze, M. Untersuchungen über die Zuzammengesetzten Augen der Krebse und Insecten. Bonn, 1868. From the Library Fund.

Schumann, J. Die Diatomeen der hohen tatra. Wien, 1867. From the Library Fund.

Schyanoff, Alex. Essai sur la Metaphysique des Forces inherentes a l'essence de la Matière. 2me Ed. Kiew, 1868. From the Author.

Sclater P. L., and Osbert Salvin. Exotic Ornithology. Parts IV-VII, 1867 -68. From the Library Fund.

Scudder, S. H. Notes on the Stridulation of some New England Orthoptera. From the Author.

Entomological Notes. No. I. From the Author.

Supplement to a list of the Butterflies of New England. From the Author. Sheafer, P. W. Iron, Railroad, Canal and Coal Map of Pennsylvania. From the Author.

Silliman, B. On the existence of the Mastodon in the deep-lying gold placers of California. From the Author.

Smithsonian Contributions to Knowledge, Vol. XV. Washington, 1867. From the Smithsonian Institution.

Smithsonian Report for 1867. From the Smithsonian Institution.

Snellen, P. C. T. De Vlinders van Nederland Macrolepidoptera. Systematisch

beschreven, 1867. From the Library Fund.

Snowden, J. R. A Description of Ancient and Modern Coins in the Cabinet Collection at the Mint of the United States. Prepared and arranged under the direction of James Ross Snowden. Philadelphia, 1860. From the Author.

The Medallic Memorials of Washington in the Mint of the United States. Philadelphia, 1861. From the Author.

Souverbie and Montrouzier, Conchological Papers by, from Journal de Conchyliologie. From the Authors, through the Conchological Section.

Squier, E. G. Quelques remarques sur la Geographie et les Monuments du Perou. Paris, 1868. From the Author.

Stabile, J Description de quelques Coquilles Nouvelles ou peu Connues. From the Author, through the Conchological Section.

Statistical Tables, Treasury Department. No. 19. From the Department. Stearns, R. E. C. Conchological Memoranda. No. 3. From the Author, through the Conchological Section.

Steindachner, Dr. F. Allgemeine Bemerkungen über die Süsswasserfische Spaniens und Portugal und Revision der einzelnen Arten. From the Author. Szaba, J. Pest Buda Környekenek foldtani Leirasa. Peslen, 1858. From the

Hungarian Academy of Science.

Utasitas Meteorolygiai Eszleletekre. Pest, 1861. From the Sztoczek, Jozsef. Hungarian Academy of Science.

Tageblatt der 41 Versammlung Deutscher Naturforscher und Aerzte in Frank-

furt-a-m. Vom 18 bis 24. Sept. 1868. From the Society.

The Origin of the Material Universe. Boston, 1850. From Wm. Warren.

Tristram, H. B. The Land of Israel; a Journal of Travels in Palestine. London, 1866. From the Library Fund.

Troschel, F. H. Das Gebis der Schnecken. Zweitzer Bandes, 2e Lief. Berlin,

1868. From the Wilson Fund.

Tryon, Geo. W., Jr. Pholadacea, Part 1st. Solenidæ and Mactridæ, by T. A. Conrad. Catalogue and Synonymy of the Genera, Species and Varieties of recent Mollusca described prior to Jan. 1, 1867. Philadelphia, 1867. From the Publication Committee of the Conchological Section.

Monograph of Terrestrial Mollusca. Nos. 5 and 6. From the Publication Committee of the Conchological Section.

Ueber die sogenannte Leukothea in der Glyptothek Sr. Majestat Konig Ludwigs. Munchen, 1867. From the Royal Bavarian Academy.

Ueber einige altere Darstellungen der Deutschen Kaiserzeit. Munchen, 1867. From the Royal Bavarian Academy.

Valderrama, A. Bosquejo historico de la Poesia Chilena. Santiago, 1866. From the University of Chili.

Verreaux, E. Catalogue de la Collection Ornithologique de la Maison Verreaux. Paris, 1868. From the Anthor.

Von Cotta, B. Rocks classified and described: a treatise on Lithology. An English edition, by Philip H. Lawrence. 8vo. London, 1866. From the Library Fund.

Von Meyer, II. Palæontographica. Beiträge zur Naturgeschicte der Vorwelt. 15er Band, 6ste Lief; 17er Band, 1e Lief. Cassel, 1868. From the Wilson Fund. Von Tschudii, J. J. Reisen durch sud Amerika. 3er und 4er Band. Leipzig,

1867. From the Library Fund.

Wall, G. P., and J. S. Sawkins. Report on the Geology of Trinidad. London, 1860. From the same.

Wellsted, J. R. Travels to the City of the Caliphs. 2 Vols., 8vo. London,

1840. From Mr. J. D. Sergeant. Wienkauff, H. C. Die Conchylien des Mittelmeeres ihre geographische und geologische Verbreitung. Band I, Mollusca acephala; Band II, Mollusca eephala. From the Library Fund. Williamson, R. S. Professional papers of the Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army.

No. 15. On the Use of the Barometer on Surveys and Reconnaisances.

New York, 1868. From the Author.

Wilson, Geo. Memoirs of Edw. Forbes, F.R.S., by Geo. Wilson and Archibald Geikie. London, 1861. From the Library Fund.

Winnertz, J. Beitrag zu einer Monographie der Sciarinen. Wien, 1867. From the Library Fund.

Wolf's Zoological Sketches. Second Series, Parts 11 and 12. From the Wilson Fund.

Wood, Rev. J. G. Routledge's Illustrated Natural History of Man. Parts 2-18. London, 1868. From the Library Fund.

Worthen, A. H. Geological Survey of Illinois. Vol. III. Geology by A. II. Worthen; Palæontology by F. B. Meek and A. H. Worthen. Chicago, 1868. From A. H. Worthen.

Wyman, J. An Account of some of the Kjoekkenmoeddings, or Shell heaps,

in Maine and Massachusetts. From the Author. An Account of the Fresh-water Shell-heaps of the St. John's River, East Florida. Salem, Mass., 1868. From the Author. On Symmetry and Homology in Limbs. Boston, 1867. From the Author.

Observations on Crania. Boston, 1868. From the Author. Yersin. Recherches sur les Fonctions du Système Nerveux dans les Animaux Articulés. From the Author.

Ablepharus	284	Anolis97, 507,	312
Accipiter 82,		Anomalopus	284
Acer		Anophthalmus	86
Acontias	284	Antennaria	153
Acrantus	284	Anthus82,	149
Acris		Antrostomus	149
Actiturus		Anura	254
Actinocrinus		Aprasia	284
Acupalpus		Arctica	3
Adocus		Aquila	82
Aegialitis84,		Arca	94
Agelacrinites		Archæopteryx	269
Agalychnis246,		Archegosaurus	210
Agama	283	Arctomys	298
Agaphelus159, 193,		Ardea	150
Agelaius	84	Arvicola	2
Agonoderus		Ascoceras	287
Alca	373	Aspidonectes	298
,	51	Aspredo	286
Alces	298		
Alligator		Ateles	289
Allium	170	Atelopus	116
Alloprosallocrinus		Athene	149
Alytes	270	Atretium	309
Alsophis		Atthis	82
Amblyrhiza	313	Aublysodon	198
Amblystoma247, 276,		Auk	274
Ameiva99, 127, 275,	284	Aulastomum	229
Amia	294	Auriparus	83
Amiurus	274	Axis	247
Ammodytes	228		
Ammonites177,	287	Baculites	286
Ampelis	149	Balæna159,	233
Amphibamus	210	Balænoptera 159, 192,	222
Amphiglossus	284	Baphetes	221
Amphisbæna 101,	307	Baridius	361
Amphoracrinus	347	Barycrinus	338
Anchippodus	232	Basiliscus97,	282
Anchippus	231	Bathygnathus 199,	241
Anchitherium231,	248	Batocrinus	349
Anculosa	153	Batrachoseps	276
Ancyloceras	287	Batrachyla	291
Andrias.	298	Beluga	250
Andromeda	154	Bernicla	84
Andropithecus	286	Bidens	275
Anelytrops	284	Blastocerus	247
Anguis	284	Blepharactisis	284
Anisoterma	284	Boa	101
Anodonta94. 146.	150		270
1211000011100 1110,	100	Domonially	210

Borborocætes	250	Cetophis	184
Bos	298	Cerorhina	7
Brachydectes		Centrarchus	274
Brachylophus		Chalcis	284
Brachymeles	284	Chamæleo	316
Brachyrhamphus6,	60	Chamæsaura	284
Prochemas		Chelomeles	284
Brachypus		Chelydra96,	
Brachyteles		Chalva	289
Brachymerus	291	Chelys	200
Brachyurus	286	Chenalopex3,	284
Bradycellus	379	Chiamela	
Brevoortia		Chilabothrus	
Brimosaurus		Chilomeniscus	
Brodiæa		Chimerina	
Bronchocela	283	Chionactis	
Bubo	149	Chiroleptes	250
Bufo115, 138, 250	210	Chiromantis	272
Buteo	149	Chlorogalum	173
		Choudestes83,	149
Cæcilia118, 209,	254	Chonespondylus	178
Cætia		Chordeiles82,	
Calamospiza83,		Chrysomitris83,	
Calochortus	167	Cieigna	
Callidryas		Cimoliasaurus92,	
Callipepla	150	Cinclidium	
Callinnone	179	Cinnamonum	
Callala	951	Cinosternum	
Callula			
Calotes		Cirrochroa	
Calyptocephalus		Cistudo119,	
Cardinalis		Cladobates	285
Camassia		Claudius	
Cambala		Clethra	
Campsodactylus	284	Clidastes181,	
Campylorhynchus83,	149	Cnemidophorus	
Cinclidium	274	Coccocrinus	
Canis		Coceygus	149
Cardinalis	150	Coelosaurus	
Cariacus	247	Collyrio	149
Carpodaeus		Colobus	286
Cassina		Colophrys	130
Castor		Colostethus	
Cataractes3,	8	Colymbus 4,	12
Cathartes	82	Comatula	
Catillocrinus		Compsognathus	
Catostoma131,		Clintonia	
Celestus123, 273,		Coniophanes104,	
Centemodon	221	Conophis	
Centropyx 98, 119,	284	Conosaurops	
Centropy X 30, 113,	274	Conosaurus	
Centrotelma	140	Contia	
Centurus82,			
Cephalanthus		Contopus	
Ceraterpeton		Coranus	
Ceratoblepharum		Coreopsis	. 275
Ceratorhyncha28,		Corvus84,	
Ceratophrys		Cotyle	
Cercopithecus		Crioceras	
Cercosaura	284	Crocodilus96,	
Cervus247,	298	Crotalocrinus	325
Ceryle	149	Crotalus	298

Charles Instance	000 1	Embernagra	150
Crotaphytus	283		176
Cryptoblepharus	284	Emydes	
Cryptomeria	181	Emys119, 176,	
Cultripes249,	279	Empidonax	
Cupellæcrinus	325	Enneacanthus	
Cyanospiza	150	Enygrus	101
Cyathocrinites	336	Eosaurus	177
Cyathocrinus		Epidalea250,	
Cyclodus	284	Epigæa153, 183,	301
Cyclorhampus	250	Equus	
Cyclornampus			
Cyclorrhynchus	6	Erythrolamprus	
Cyclura		Erythronium	100
Cymbospondylus	178	Eremias	284
Cynocephalus	286	Eremophila	149
Cynorea	185	Eretmocrinus	351
Cyperus		Ereunetes	
Cyrtoceras		Eschrichtius	
Cystignathus115, 281,		Eucnemis	
Cystignamus, 201,	511		
75	0.45	Eumeces	001
Dama	247	Eupelor	
Delma	284	Euprepis	
Delphinapterus 186,	189	Eusophus	250
Delphinus197,	186	Euspiza	150
Dendrerpeton210, 212,	215	Euspondylus99,	119
Dendrobates	291	Eutænia	134
Dendræca83,		Evesia	284
		Livesia	201
Dendroica	149	Falco	82
Dermatemys	119	Felis175,	298
Desmognathus	276	Feylinia	284
Diodia	184	Ficus	148
Dircenna	89	Formicarius	285
Discoglossus	270		
Diploglossus284, 311, 98,		Formicivora	285
Diporophora	283	Forsythia	334
		Fratercula3, 6,	14
Diprotodon		Fritillaria	166
Dipsas		Fulica	84
Dineutus	365		
Dinichthys	215	Gaultheria	154
Dinodon197,	198	Geococcyx82,	149
Dinotherium	250	Geothlypis149,	274
Didelphys	285	Gerrhonotus	306
Didocus249,	279	Gerrhosaurus	
Dibamus	284	Globiocephalus	
Dichocrinus	343	Glyptostrobus182,275,	
Dichelostemma	173	Gomphobates	
Dicotyles	230	Gongylus	
Ditcyocephalus	221	Goniloba	87
Dolichosoma	215	Goniobasis	151
Doliosaurus	283	Goniodactylus	97
Dorycrinus	344	Goniasteroidocrinus	323
Draco	282	Gonyocephalus	283
Drepanodon	198	Geotriton	
Dromiens	103	Grus	150
Diomicus	105		
	004	Gronias	274
Ecpleopus	284	Guiraca84,	150
Elephas 251,	292	Gymuoblepharum	7
Elaps109, 288,	307	Gymnophthalmus	284
Elasmosaurus93,	313	Gymnura	285
Elotherium	177	Gyretes	365
	11.		

~ .		100	025
Gyrinus		Lælaps 198,	
Gyroceras	287	Laemanctus	283
		Lagomys	2
Hadrosaurus	199	Lagothrix	286
Halobates	277	Lanius	285
Hamites	287	Larix	181
Harpagus	429	Latonia	270
Harporhynchus83,	149	Lepidosteus	254
Heliconius	91	Lepidosiren	254
Helicops	308	Leptictis	
Helminthophaga	149	Lepidosoma	
Hemidactylus311,	320	Lepterpeton	
Hemimantis	281	Leptodira 109,	
Hemioplites	274	Leptognathus 107, 135,	
Hemicystites	357	Leptomantis	
Hemiergus	284	Leptopelis 281,	
Hemiphractus	114	Lepus	
Herpetocephalus		Letheobia	322
		Lerista	284
Herpetodryas		Lestodon	
Herpetosaura		Lichanura	100
Hesperoscordium	171	Limnocharis	137
Heteromeles			
Heteroglossa247,	272	Liocephalus 97,	000
Heteropus	284	Liolepis	283
Himantodes 109,		Liophis 102,	
Hinulia		Lithasia	153
Hiplocercus	283	Lithodytes	
Hirudo	229	Lilium	
	306	Lituites	
Hoplobatrachus		Liurus	
Hoplocetus		Lomvia 3, 7	
Homo	287	Lopezia	
Hydraspis	119	Lophiodon	
Hyla 111, 119, 281, 246,	270	Lophodytes	85
Hylambates 272, 271,	281	Lophophanes	149
Hylella 111, 246, 281,	294	Lophortyx	84
Hylerpetou	214	Lophura	282
Hylobates	286	Loxodon	251
Hylodes	291	Loxopholis	305
Hylonomus		Lunda 7,	25
Hylorana 139, 271, 272,	294	Luzula	156
Hyopotamus		Lycæna	87
Hyperistius 274,	281	Lygophis	132
Hyperolius 247,		Lystris	
Hypsibates	283		
Hypsibatus	119	Mabuia	100
Hypsiboas	119	Mabuya	
		Macrochelys	
Ichthyosaurus	177	Macacus	
Icteria	83	Majanthenum	
Icterus 84,	150	Mancus	
letops	316	Masticophis 105, 134,	
Iguana 97,		Mastodon 175,	
Iguanodon	199	Mechanitis	98
Iphisa	284	Megalonyx	
Ixalus 247,	271	Megalochilus	
Ixacanthus 159,	186	Megalosaurus 198,	
Juniperus	181	Megaptera 193,	
Lacerta	284	Meleagris	
Datella	201	mercagins	04

Melonites	359	Ortyx	150
Molospiza 83,	149	Osmerus	93
Menetia	284	Osteocephalus 246, 250,	
Menopoma	298	Osteopygis	147
Mephitis	298	Ovibos	298
Mergulus 3, 5, 10.	. 53	Ovubum	
Merychippus		Oxybelis	
Merychyus	274	Oxyrhopes'	107
Microlophus	97	Oxyrrhopus	288
		Oxymnopus	200
Miculia	284	D 1 11	250
Mimus	149	Palæchinus	
Mitchella	183	Palæophis 147,	234
Mixophyes	281	Palæotherium	232
Mocoa	284	Papilio	89
Molgophis 215,	220	Pariostegus	211
Moloch	283	Paroides	149
Molothrus 84,	150	Panaspis	317
Morethia	284	Panolopus	284
Mormon	5	Pelamis	
Mustela	315	Pelecanus	
		Pelion	
Mycetes			10
Myiarchus 149,	82	Pelecanoides	
Myiodioctes83,	149	Pelobates 249, 279,	
Myoictis	285	Pelomedusa	119
Nautilus	287	Peltaphryne 250, 270,	311
	181	Pentadactylus	320
Necturus 208, 247,		Pentalophodou	251
		Pentremites	356
Neotoma	86	Peropus	319
Nessia		Perosuchus	203
Notopholis		Peucaea	149
Nototrema	281	Phænopepla	83
Ninia	101	Phaleris	6
Nipterocrinus	341		-
Nyctherodius		Phimothyra	
· ·		Phraetops	
Odontostomum		Phragmoceras	286
Oedura		Phrynocephalus	283
Oestocephalus 215,	218	Phrynosoma	283
Oldenlandia		Phyllobates	137
Oligoporus		Phyllodactylus 96,	137
Olisthenes 107,		Physiguathus	283
Ombria	6	Picus	
Oncocephalus	-	Pinckneya	
Opheodes		Pinguinus	
Opheomorphus102, 289,	204		
Opheomorphus102, 289,	301	Pinus 182,	
Opheomorus	284	Pipa	
Opheosaurus	284	Pipra	429
Ophibolus	288	Pipilo 84,	150
Ophiderpeton	215	Pithecopsis112,	
Ophiognomon 100,	284	Platanus	148
Ophryoessa	283	Platemys	298
Oporornis =	274	Platyceras	330
Otaspis	312	Platycrinus	330
Oreodon		Platysaurus	284
Oreoscoptes		Plectrophanes	149
Orestias		Plesiosaurus	
Orca	200	Pletholax	
Ornithorhynchus		Pleurosternum	
Orthoceras	286	Pleurostrichus	284

Phocercus	288		276
Physalus	222	Salpinctes 83,	149
Podiceps	85	Sauresia	284
Podocuemis 282,		Saurophis	284
Pæcilopleurum		Sauropleura	215
Pohlia	117	Sayornis 82,	149
Polioptila	149	Scaphiopus	249
Polypodium		Scaphites	287
Poutogeneus	186	Scardafella	150
Populus	148	Searus	251
Posodonomya	177	Scelotes	284
Polyborus		Schizostoma	
Polychrus	282	Sciadopitys	182
Polypedates 147, 271, 272,	291	Sciurus	298
Polyptychodon	185	Scolecophagus	150
Poœctes	83	Scolecophis	289
Poospiza 83,	149	Sevtopis 246, 250,	270
Poteriocrinus	336	Semnopithecus	286
Proctotretus 120,	283	Sepomorphus	284
Procyon	298	Seps	284
Priscodelphinus 186,	187	Sepsina 284,	318
	174	Spatha	94
Prostemma	277	Sialia 82,	149
Prostherapis		Siaphus	284
Proteus		Sibbaldius 193,	222
Pseudis		Simia	
Pseudopus		Simouhynahua 7	3.4
Pseudotremia		Siphonops	118
Ptenopus	320	Smilacina	174
Ptychocerus		Sonora	289
Ptychodus		Sorex	298
Ptychoramphus 7,	52	Soridia	284
Pygopodes	10	Spea 249,	
Pygopus	284	Spelerpes 247,	313
Pyranga 83,		Spermacoce	184
Pyrgus 87,	90	Sphenocephalus	284
Pyrocephalus	82	Sphenops	284
Pyrrhuloxia 84,		Spheniscus	3
Pyrrhopyga	90	Sphyræna	93
Pyxicephalus		Spilotes	
1 yateepitatus	401	Spizella	83
Querquedula	84	Staurois 247,	
Quiscalus 150,		Stellio	283
		Sternothærus 119,	
Rana 117, 119,	246	Stegodon	
Ranula 117, 119,	246	Streptopus 174,	
Regulus	149	Sturnella 84,	150
	182	Subertia	
Rhabdosoma 102, 288,	307		
Rhabdosteus	186	Sylvia	146
Rhaeophorus 272, 247, 271,	291	Symphythota.	393
Rhadinæa 104,		Synthliboramphus 6,	55
Rhamphocænus		Synthitooramphus	0.
Rhinoceros		Tylonomphus	17
Rhodona		Tyloramphus	
Rhynchocyclus	429	Typhlops 119, 128, 101,	201
Ristella	284	Typhlosaurus	140
Rusa		Tyrannus	140
		Turdus 82, 149,	280
Sagmatorrhina 7, 31,	274	Turrilites	287

Tachymenis	104	Triqueta	94
Tachyphonus	360	Trochilus	82
Tantilla		Trochocerus	287
Taxodium 182, 275,	300	Troglodytes	285
Teius 99,		Troostocrinus	356
Teleuraspis	119	Tropidonotus 255,	319
Testudo 96, 119,		Trypheropsis 117, 271,	
Tetradactylus	284	Trypanostoma	
Thecacampsa	313		
Thecadactylus	97	Ungalia	128
Thamnophilus 285,	361	Unio 94, 143, 150,	160
Thrasops 106, 309,	322	Uria	
Thryothorus	149	Urocordylus	
Thylacoleo	285	Uromastix	283
Thyridopteryx	278	Ursus,	
Thuja	181	Utamauia 5, 11, 14,	
Thujopsis	181	, , ,	
Tiaris		Vastres	294
Tinnunculus	149	Velia	
Titanotherium	233	Vireo 83,	
Tomodon	202	V1160	1.10
Tomopterna	281	Wisteria	214
Toxoceras		** 15tC11d	011
Trachodon	199	Xanthocephalus 84,	150
Trachyboa101,	119	Xenodon133	
Trachycephalus 250, 245, 270,		Xiphosoma	
Tretioscincus		XIPHOSOMa	. 101
Tricelocrinus			2.08
Trilophodon		Yucca	167
Tringa	150		
Trigonocephalus	110	Zenaidura	
Tringites		Zenglodon	. 186
Triteleia		Zonotrichia 83	, 430

## GENERAL INDEX.

Allen, Harrison, Resignation as Corresponding Secretary, 85.
Amendment to By-Laws, 160.

Barton, Isaac, Announcement of death of, 142.

Brewster, Sir David, Announcement of death of. 91.

Butcher, H. B., List of Birds collected at Laredo, Texas, in 1866 and 1867, 148.

Committees for 1868, 85.

Cope, Edw. D., Observations on vertebrata from Lower California and Nevada, 2; Election as Corresponding Secretary, 85; Observations on the living inhabitants of caves in South-western Virginia, 85: Remarks on a new Enaliosaurian, Elasmosanrus platyurus, 92; An examination of the Reptilia and Batrachia obtained by the Orton Expedition to Equador and the Upper Amazon, with notes on other species, 96; On the characters of a new genus of Cheloniidæ, 147; On the vertebræ of a serpent from the green sand of New Jersey, 147; On the fresh-water origin of certain deposits in west New Jersey, 157; On extinct Cetacea from the Miocene bed of Maryland, 159; On new species of extinct Reptiles, 181; Second contribution to the history of the vertebrata of the Miocene Period of the United States, 184; On the Crocodilian genus Perosuchus, 203; Synopsis of the Extinct Batrachia of North America, 208; On Agaphelus, a genus of toothless Cetacea, 221; Sixth contribution to the Herpetology of Tropical America, 305; Remarks on extinct Reptiles, 313; Observations on Reptiles of the Old World, Art. II, 316; On some Cretaceous Reptilia, 233; On the Origin of Genera, 242.

Correspondence for 1868, 394.

Coues, Elliott, A Monograph of the Alcidæ, 2; List of Birds collected in Southern Arizona, by Dr. E. Palmer, with remarks, 81.

De Serres, Marcel, Announcement of death of, 87.

Donations to Library, 400. Donations to Museum, 396.

Earp, Thos., Announcement of death of, 93.

of, 93. Election of Officers for 1869, 392. Elections during 1868, 393.

Gabb, W. M., On Kitchen Middens near San Francisco, 182; On Fossils from the Amazon Valley, 183.

Genth, Dr., Remarks on Tin ore from Missouri, 142; On Cupriferous ores in Texas, 227.

Gilliams, Jac., Anouncement of death of, 86.

Grubb, Edw. B., Announcement of death of, 1.

Hagedorn, C. F., Announcement of death of, 93.

Hawkins, B. Waterhouse, Proposition to erect skeleton of Hadrosaurus, 204; Resolution of thanks to, 304.

Lawrence, Gco. N., Description of seven new species of American Birds from various localities, with a note on Zonotrichia melanotis, 359.

Lea, I., Description of nine new species of Unionidæ from Lake Nicaragna, Central America, 94; Description of sixteen new species of the genus Unio of the United States, 143; Notes on some singular forms of Chinese species of Unio, 145; Description of four new species of exotic Unionidæ, 150; Descriptions of seven new species of Unio from North Carolina, 160; Descriptions of two new species of Unionidæ from Equador, 161; Descriptions of Unionidæ from the Lower Cretaceous Formation of New Jersey, 162.

LeConte, J. L., Analytical table of the species of Baridius inhabiting the United States, 361; The Gyrinidæ of America, north of Mexico, 365; Notes on the species of Agonoderus, Bradycellus and Stenolophus, inhabiting America north of Mexico,

373.

Leidy, Jos., Remarks on Sombrero Guano, 156; Notice of some vertebrate remains from Harden Co , Texas, 174; Indications of an Elotherium in California, 177; Notice of some Reptilian Remains from Nevada, 177; Notice of some Vertebrate Remains from the West Indian Islands, 178; Notice of some remains of Horses, 195; Notice of some extinct Cetaceans, 196; Remarks on a jaw fragment of Megalosaurus, 197; Remarks on Conosaurus of Gibbes, 200; Extinct Mammalia of Dakota and Nebraska, including an account of some allied forms from other localities, together with a synopsis of the Mammalian Remains of North America, 205; Notice of American species of Ptychodus, 205; On the food of the Shad, 228; Notice of some American Leeches, 229; Notice of some remains of Extinct Pachyderms, 230; On supposed Coprolites from the Huronian slates of Minnesota, 302; On the iridescence of Opals, 303; On asterism in Mica. 313; On photograph of fossil bones from Topeka, Kansas, 315; Notice of some remains of extinct Insectivora, from Dakota, 315.

Lesquereux, Leo, On the fossil plants of the coal formation of the south-

west, 147.

Lyman, Benj. Smith, Remarks on a bent Marble Stone, 91.

McCall, Gen. Geo. A., Announcement of death of, 87.

Meehan, Thos., On the leaves of Coni-

feræ, 181; Mitchella repens, L, a diœcious plant, 183; Sexual Law in Acer dasycarpum Ehrb, 140; Variations in Epigæa repens, 153; Monœcism in Luzula campestris, 156; Variations in Taxodium and Pinus, 300; On seed-vessels of Wisteria sinensis, 314; On the seed vessels of Forsythia, 334.

Meek, F. B. and A. H. Worthen, Notes on some points in the structure and habits of the Palæozoic Crinoidea, 323; Remarks on some types of Carboniferous Crinoidea, with descriptions of New Genera and species of the same, and of one Echi-

noid, 335.

Newkirk, Matthew, Announcement of death of, 159.

Norris, Thaddeus, Remarks on the new species of Osmerus, 93.

Rand, Theo. D., On a new Mineral in Cryolite, 142.

Reakirt, Tryon, Description of some new species of Diurnal Lepidoptera. Series III, 87.

Report of Librarian, 385.

Report of Recording Secretary, 387.
Report of Committee on Herpetology and Ichthyology, 387.

Report of Recorder of Conchological Section, 388.

Report of Secretary of Conchological

Section, 389.
Report of Conservator of Conchologi-

cal Section, 390. Report of Librarian of Conchological Section, 391.

Report of Curators, 383.

Stevens, R. P., Remarks on the Geology and Mineralogy of Venezuela, 303.

Turner, Theophilus H., Resolution of thanks to, 314.

Wagner, Tobias, Announcement of death of, 87.

Wells, Wm. A., On the spores of Polypodium vulgare, 182.

Wood, A., A sketch of the Natural Order Liliaceæ, 165.

Wright, J. A., Vote of thanks to, 93.